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VOL. XXX VII NO. 183 BOMBAY: WEDNESDAY, AUGUST 3, 1949 PRICE 2 ANNAS

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Mob Fury In South Calcutta

REDS ATTACK TRAMS: 2 BUSES SET ABLAZE

Sequel To Arrest Of Youth

POLICE FIRE SIX ROUNDS

Situation Under Control

CALCUTTA, August 2 (P. T. I.)

A RIOTOUS crowd attacked trams and set fire to two State buses on Russa Road in South Calcutta this evening following the arrest of a young man who was allegedly distributing "prejudicial" bills near the Hazra Park where Communists were holding a meeting.

Upon his apprehension, a police posse was pelted with stones and brickbats by a section of the audience injuring two police officers and seven constables. The police then used tear gas and subsequently fired six rounds to disperse the crowd. No casualties were reported due to police firing.

A reinforced police party was patrolling the area where the situation was reported to be "under control."

A West Bengal Government Press Note on this evening's incident in South Calcutta states: "There was a Communist-sponsored meeting held at Hazra Park on Tuesday evening where besides, making violent speeches, inflammatory literature was freely distributed. A boy selling proscribed publication was arrested by the police. Soon after this the crowd broke up, set on fire some furniture used by a Police Reporter and started heavily brickbatting the police, as a result of which seven Constables and two officers were injured and had to be removed to the hospital.

"The police had to use teargas but as the crowd continued attacks on the police, six rounds had to be fired to disperse the crowd. No one was injured as a result of the firing. The crowd then assembled on the street. Tram and bus traffic was dislocated for some time, and damage was caused to two State buses. Necessary police precautions have been taken and by 8-30 p.m. it was reported to be quiet in the area."

Daring Bank Robbery

CALCUTTA, August 2, (PTI): Three armed Bengal youths raided the Howrah branch of a local bank this evening and decamped with Rs. 15,000 in cash by silencing the employees of the bank at the point of revolvers.

Coming in a taxi, the men fired at the sentry at the gate injuring him in the leg. They then rushed inside and after securing the money drove off. The police who immediately set out in pursuit of the raiders, traced an abandoned taxi, believed to have been used by the youths, in the suburbs and recovered the entire looted amount from a cash box lying in the taxi.

No arrest has yet been made.

Clash In Village

CALCUTTA, August 2, (PTI): Four persons were injured in a clash between a Communist-led crowd and other inhabitants of village Radhanagar in 24-Parganas early this week, according to a report received here today.

The crowd which was armed with

(Continued on page 7)

CLOSURE OF MILLS

Special Body Of Enquiry

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

THE Provincial Labour Advisory Board, when it met at the Council Hall, Bombay on August 2, 1949, took up for consideration the Unemployment Sub-Committee's report. It also decided, in pursuance of the recent Delhi conference, to appoint a special committee which would examine individual cases of actual or apprehended closures of textile mills and advise the Government on the general remedial measures appropriate to each case.

The special committee will consist of the Secretary of the Labour Department as chairman, three representatives each of the textile industry and labour, the Secretary, Industries Department and a representative of the Civil Supplies Department. It will start its work almost immediately.

Mr. Gulzarilal Nanda, Labour Minister of the Government of Bombay, who presided over the meeting, at the outset, referred to the proceedings of the recent Industries Conference at Delhi which had discussed the subject of closures of textile mills and stressed the importance of finding out a satisfactory solution to the problem.

The representatives of the Central and Provincial textile control agencies were also present at the meeting and explained the measures that were proposed to be adopted in dealing with the situation. After a general discussion, the Board decided to watch the implementation of the measures decided on by the Central and Provincial Governments before formulating its advice on the general remedial measures against closures of textile mills.

A MIRACLE

HYATTSVILLE, Maryland, August 2 (UPA).

TRUE SIVILS'S automobile stalled on the railroad tracks today.

He looked up to see a passenger train bearing down on him at 70 miles an hour. He tried to get out of the car. But he couldn't move. He was paralyzed with fear.

The train sliced off the automobile's front bumped, radiator hood and the front fenders.

Sivils was unhurt.

"NETAJI ALIVE"

CUTTACK, Aug. 2 (UPI): The emphatic assertion that Netaji Subhas Chandra Bose is alive was made by Pandit Sheelbhadra Yajee, addressing a press conference here to-day.

Pandit Yajee, replying a question regarding Netaji, said: "There is no doubt that Netaji is alive. We have sufficient proof. I cannot say anything more about him. As a revolutionary, I cannot say anything about his whereabouts or time-table."

LANGUAGE ISSUE IN PROVINCES

NEW DELHI, August 2, (PTI).

THE Congress Working Committee concluded its deliberations on the language problem in bi-lingual areas today when it met for more than two hours to discuss the issue further. A resolution on this will be released tomorrow.

It is understood that the Committee's decision on the language question is of a general nature covering all the provinces. The discussion which at the initial stage was restricted to certain particular areas, later widened to the whole of India as the problem of diverse language is common to all the provinces.

The Committee's resolution on the subject it is learnt, will set forth a general principle to be followed in the matter of teaching languages in educational institutions in different provinces.

A deputation from Andhra is expected to meet the Congress High Command during the middle of this month to press for the creation of a separate Andhra Province on a linguistic basis.

The Working Committee will meet again on Thursday. Five members including Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel, who is indisposed did not attend today's meeting.

Assembly Members' Concern

NEW DLHI, Aug. 2, (P.T.I.):: Over a hundred members of the Constituent Assembly have sent in an amendment to the Draft Constitution that Hindi in Nagari script should be the official language of the Union.

The amendment which seeks to substitute a new Article for Article 24 also wants that English language in Roman script should be an additional official language of the Union for a period of ten years from the commencement of the constitution. It further seeks to provide that a State might adopt any regional language or languages as language to be used for official purposes within the State.

EMERGENCY POWERS FOR PRESIDENT

NEW DELHI, August 2 (P. T. I.).

THE Constituent Assembly of India today approved emergency powers for the President of the Indian Union.

If the President is satisfied that a grave emergency exists whereby the security of India or any part of Indian territory is threatened by war or external aggression or internal disturbance, he may, by proclamation, make a declaration to that effect.

A proclamation of emergency may be made not only when there is an actual threat but when there is imminent danger of it.

Unless extended by Parliament, the proclamation would cease to operate after two months. The original period was six months but was subsequently reduced to two months. Six months, said Dr. B. R. Ambedkar, Chairman of the Drafting Committee, was considered too long a period.

Among those who supported the Article were Prof. Shibban Lal Saksena, Mr. Naziruddin Ahmed, Mr. Mahavir Tyagi and Mr. Jagat Narain Lal. Prof. K. T. Shah said that the Article incorporated the "worst features of centralised authority" and sought to empower the President to take action that would not be consistent with democracy or responsible Government.

Kazi Syed Karimuddin thought that the powers sought to be given to the President would render provincial autonomy into a "sham institution".

Mr. Brajeshwar Prasad felt that the Article did not go far enough.

Mr. T. Krishnamachari, replying on behalf of the Drafting Committee, said that while giving Government adequate powers to face an emergency, the Drafting Committee had provided enough safeguards to ensure that the popular will would prevail under all circumstances.

The House adopted three other Articles, all of them relating to centrally-administered areas.

(Details on page 4)

BATTLE IN SYDNEY

Policemen Clash With Dockers

SYDNEY, August 2, (UPA): Two hundred police clashed with 1,500 dock workers today in the heart of Sydney's shopping district in a 20-minute battle which surged around hysterical women shoppers.

No serious injuries were reported in the fight, one of the worst outbreaks in Australian history, but scores, including women shoppers, were knocked down, punched and beaten. Sixteen persons, including one woman, were arrested in the melee which at one time broke into 12 separate group gibh'ts along the busy King Street.

The disturbance followed a decision by 4,000 wharf workers to strike for one day because the shipping companies wanted to eliminate the "appearance money," apparently as a result of the losses incurred by the six-week-old nation-wide coal strike.

Bail Plea For Dandawate

GWALIOR, Aug. 2, (P.T.I.): The relations of Gangadhar Sakharam Dandawate today filed a bail application on his behalf before the Sessions Judge here.

Dandawate was arrested by the police yesterday in connection with the Gandhi murder case.

Soon A Central Appellate Industrial Tribunal

ORDINANCE TO BE ISSUED

NEW DELHI, August 2 (PTI).

THE Government of India are likely to issue shortly an ordinance providing for a Central Appellate Industrial Tribunal, it is learned. The Tribunal will be charged with the task of reviewing the awards and decisions of various provincial industrial courts.

It will also ensure uniformity in the method of adjudication and settlement of industrial disputes.

The views of the Provincial Governments, it is learnt, have also been obtained on the question of uniform Industrial Disputes Act. Hitherto, Provinces have been following their respective labour laws which differed from the Central Industrial Disputes Act on several material points.

The establishment of a Central Industrial Appellate Tribunal has been under consideration for some months and it is suggested that the proposed labour relations bill should contain a provision for it.

Announcement of this bill, which is intended to replace the Industrial Disputes Act of 1947 and Industrial Employment Orders of 1946, was made by the Labour Minister, Mr. Jagjivan Ram during the last budget session. Since the next session of the Parliament is not likely to be held soon, an ordinance is proposed to be issued covering certain provisions of the bill with particular reference to the Central Industrial Tribunal.

DOLLAR TALKS FOR RIVER VALLEY PROJECTS

Discussions on dollar loans for some of India's large river valley projects commenced in New Delhi on July 30 between representatives of the Ministry of Works, Mines and Power and Mr. A. D. Spotswood, a senior member of the International Bank (U.S.A.). This photo was taken during the discussions. Left to right: Mr. A. N. Khanna of the Ministry of W.M.P.; Mr. N. N. Iengar, Chairman, Central Electricity Commission; Mr. A. D. Spotswood and Mr. A. N. Khosla, Chairman, Central Water Power Irrigation and Navigation Commission (back to the camera).—PIB.

WHY POLISH THE RICE?

NEW DELHI, August 2 (PTI). A RESOLUTION passed by the Food Ministers said: The polishing of rice should be banned completely, not only for the reason that the rice output is increased thereby and would reduce foreign imports of this grain to that extent, but also on nutritional grounds.

It is recommended, therefore, that (1), the grain should be passed through the huller and the sheller so as to dehusk the paddy completely and yet to preserve the nutritive portion of the grain, but not to give any polish as such, and (2), to achieve this object, an expert should tour round rice producing and rice-eating areas to assist Provincial Governments in devising a standard specification with the object of attaining uniformity in all provinces.

Samper Meets Bajpai

NEW DELHI, August 2, (PTI): Mr. Hernando Samper, Chairman of the U. N. Commission, and Mr. Eric Colban, personal representative of the U. N. Secretary-General, met Sir Girja Shanker Bajpai, Secretary-General of the External Affairs Ministry, today.

It is understood the discussions were of a preliminary character for the implementation of the remaining provisions of the U.N. Commission, namely to bring about a truce and to tage steps for the holding of a plebiscite.

Nine Out Of Eleven

NAGPUR, Aug. 2, (P.T.I.): The Congress Party has captured nine out of eleven seats in the Municipal Elections at Warora (Chand District), according to information received by the Nagpur Provincial Congress Committee Office today. Two seats were lost by Congress nominees.

Stricter Control In Food Distribution

MINISTERS' DECISION

Shri Ram's Plea To Boost Output Of Subsidiaries

NEW DELHI, August 2 (U. P. I.).

THE plenary session of the Food Ministers' conference which concluded today adopted resolutions on food policy, reduction of rice consumption, austerity measures and improvement of the quality of rationed foodgrains.

The conference endorsed the Government of India's decision to stop all imports from overseas after 1951 and recommended that the Government of India and the Provinces and States should strive their utmost to make this decision effective.

The conference left to the Central Government to work out the details of enforcing austerity measures in the light of the opinions expressed by various Ministers at the conference.

The conference also recommended that control be exercised strictly at all stages, procurement, landing, despatch, godowns, wholesale depots and retail shops

PUBLICITY

It was recommended that every food administration should organise a competent publicity section in order to educate the public about the necessity for the measures proposed in these recommendations and about the steps taken by the Government to improve the quality of the grain.

Earlier, Mr. Shri Ram, Vice-Chairman of the Subsidiary Food Production Committee, informed the conference of the progress made in popularising the use of subsidiary foods. He made a suggestion to the Ministers to increase the acreages under bananas, sweet potatoes and topioca. The targets of additional acreages during 1949-50 for these three subsidiary foods are 50,000, 40,000 and 62,000 acres respectively, but Mr. Shri Ram expressed the hope that these would be exceeded.

The Provincial and State Governments are expected to report to the Committee by the middle of this month, what targets they will accept for each crop, the assistance they may need and any difficulties which are likely to arise.

In his concluding remarks, Mr. Jairamdas Daulatram, Food and Agriculture Minister, reiterated Government's decision not to import foodgrains after 1951. This placed a heavy responsibility, both on the surplus and deficit areas to maximise their production and procurement, he said.

Judgment in the appeal preferred by Mohd. Ayoob Khuroo, former Premier of Sind and M. P. Tahilramani, manager of "Sind Observer" press, against their sentences in the Linotype Machine case, which was to have been announced on August 3 was postponed till August 8.

Battle For Peace?

U.S. Ready For "Emergency"

GRAFENWOEHR, (Germany), August 2, (UPA): The United States soon will base an all-jet air striking force in Germany and will maintain its ground forces at the present strength "ready for any emergency," the visiting United States chiefs of staff disclosed on Tuesday.

General Hoyt Vandenberg, Air Chief of Staff, and General Omar Bradley, Army Chief of Staff, told newsmen here that there would be no cut-back in the air and ground forces with which America will back up its commitments in Europe under the Atlantic treaty. The only exception, Vandenberg said, will be the Berlin air lift. That is being scaled down gradually now that the Soviet blockade of western land and water routes to Berlin have been lifted.

DEVELOPMENT LOAN FOR INDIA

Announcement Expected Tomorrow

LONDON, August 2 (PTI).

A PRELIMINARY announcement regarding a development loan for India from the World Bank may be made in the course of this week, it was learnt to-day from a usually reliable source, cables the PTI correspondent in London.

The source said that India had asked for loans to finance a number of special development schemes for which American purchases were necessary. The World Bank sent a mission to India earlier this year to study the projects proposed by India and a report has been submitted to the Bank.

It was learnt that the report examined the economic structure of the Dominion from the point of view of both internal and external financial resources.

On the strength of the report, the Bank has, it is learnt, decided to advance loans on some of the schemes for which India has asked for help. Loans in regard to other schemes will be decided upon later after detailed examination of each of those schemes.

ANNOUNCEMENT SOON

An announcement about the progress of the loan negotiations so far may be made on Thursday or Friday from Washington, it was stated here.

Mr. Keith Roy who has been carrying on the negotiations in Washington, had to interrupt them to go to London for the sterling talks. Mr. Roy is leaving for Washington to-day.

The source emphasised that the negotiations were very smooth and cordial and the World Bank was very helpful at all stages of the talks with the Indian delegation.

OUR TABULATED ADLETS

2 ANNAS PER WORD

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Young Goan Christian, well set up in life, honest, wants young lady, very honest for marriage purposes. Apply Box No. 996, "Bombay Chronicle"

SITUATIONS VACANT

Wanted a Tutor for 5th Standard boy. Apply Block 4 Prabhat View, G.I.P. Dadar. 997

Large Cotton Mill in Up-country has the following vacancies for Senior men Graduates, fully trained in their respective lines are invited to apply Long experience of working and of machine maintenance in all its aspects essential Good remunerations offered (1) Carding and Spinning Master to take complete charges of the Spinning Mill from Blowing to Ring Frames including Doubling. 2. Weaving Master to take complete charge of weaving Shed, including Winding, Warping, Sizing, Weaving light and heavy sorts and calendering. Apply Box No. 5332 "Bombay Chronicle".

(5332)

Wanted for a local High School, Teachers to teach English, Science, Maths., and Gujarati to topmost classes. Only experienced and trained or qualified persons need apply. Decent start with all the allowances. Those who can join immediately or after a month or two should apply to Box No. 1001 "Bombay Chronicle".

Wanted immediately a well qualified Accountant with previous experience in a good business house. Person with administrative ability preferred. Apply personally between 2 and 3 p.m., with details of experience and salarly expected to the Manager, Bakubhai Ambalal Ltd., 27, Bastion Road, Opp: Excelsior Cinema, Fort, Bombay. 5317

Wanted:— Experienced and Energetic Canvassers to push on sales of our high quality Teas. Remuneration attractive. Loose also packets available at competitive rates. For terms apply to The Bluehills Tea Company, Mettupalaiyam (Nilgris). (950)

EDUCATIONAL ADLETS

Admissions— Davar's College of Commerce— New Session has commenced. Enrol immediately for Special making-up classes for late entrants, for Professional Diplomas of Company Secretaries, Bank Officers, Accountants and General Commerce or suitable combinations for personal or postal education. Call or write for Prospectus 51, Esplanade Road. (1000)

BUSINESS WANTED

Wanted running Printing Press with experienced staff for immediate purchase Contact S. S. Laxmi & Co (Engineers), 201, Hornby Road, 4th Floor, Fort, Bombay. (1002)

MOTOR CARS FOR SALE

For Sale Ford V-8 1939 Model 22 H.P. in excellent condition. Apply Box No. 101, "Bombay Chronicle".

LOANS & MORTGAGES

Loans arranged on very easy terms. Apply sharp to Mr G. S. Monga. Post Box No. 119, Baroda 959

PUBLIC NOTICES

IMPERIAL BANK OF INDIA

THE BANK will be CLOSED on MONDAY, the 8th August, 1949, that day being a Public Holiday (COCOANUT DAY) under the Negotiable Instruments Act, 1881.

C. W. MIDDLETON,
Secretary and Treasurer.
Bombay 29th July, 1949.
5320

G. I. P. RAILWAY—TENDERS

THE GENERAL MANAGER, G.I.P. Railway, Victoria Terminus, Bombay, invites tenders for the supply of Hard wood packings (Cushioning Pads) for Cast Iron Duplex Sleepers. Tender form and drawings obtainable from the Controller of Stores, G.I.P. Railway, Gipstore Lane, Lower Parel, Bombay 13 at Rs 3 - per set, not refundable. Money Order or Cash only. Closing date TUESDAY the 23RD AUGUST, 1949 at 3 p.m. (S.T.).
5292

FOR SALE

Electrolytic Copper & Copper Wire Scrap.
M. S. Angles
M. S. & Cast Steel Scrap.
Barring Engines
C. I. Plug Cocks
Roller Screens, Etc., Etc.

Tender closes on 11th August 1949. Apply for tender form to General Manager, Tata Power Co., Ltd., Bombay House, Fort, Bombay.
(5270)

PUBLIC NOTICES

B.B. & C.I. RAILWAY

ISSUE OF TICKETS FOR CLASSES TWO AND THREE FOR DISTANCES OVER 300 MILES.

WITH EFFECT from 1st August, 1949. Classes Two and Three tickets for distances over 300 miles will be issued one day in advance of the commencement of the journey at the following stations:

Bombay Central, Bombay (Dadar), Bulsar, Navsari, Surat, Broach, Erandol Road, Amalner, Viramgam, Ahmedabad (BG: MG), Nadiad, Anand, Dakor, Petlad, Cambay, Baroda, Mehmadabad and Kaira Road, Ratlam, Ujjain, Godhra, Dohad, Agra Fort, Bayana, Bharatpur, Kotah, Ajmer, Jaipur, Mehsana, Indore and Kanpur Central.

NOTE: The existing arrangement for issuing Class Two tickets 10 days in advance at stations where reservation fees are charged for reserved accommodation will continue to apply.

(5327)

NOTICE

I, MORARJI LAXMIDAS, Proprietor of my Charcoal business run in the name and style of Messrs. "N. R. THACKER" at 19, Vithalwadi, Vithoba Lane, off Kalbadevi, have entrusted to conduct jointly my said business on 27-6-49 to (1) Rama Apaji Ranjade and (2) Govind Balu Vangia for a fixed period of one year together with all benefits, and joint and several responsibilities thereof from the said date and thereafter. I accordingly shall not be liable for the debts and outstandings as well as for the managements of the said business from and after 27-6-1949. (998)

NOTICE

APPLICATIONS (in the prescribed form to be had on writing) for admission to the M.Sc. degree course in Applied Physics in the University College of Science & Technology will be received by the undersigned up to 18th August, 1949. The minimum qualification for admission is a B.Sc. degree with Honours in Physics or Mathematics. Besides a general course in Machine Tools, Applied Mechanics & Hydraulics, Applied Heat & Thermodynamics and Electro-technology, there is provision for the following elective subjects: Instrument Engineering, Refrigeration Engineering, Illumination Engineering, Power Engineering and Communication Engineering. The words "Admission to Applied Physics Class" should be stated in a corner on the envelope.—S. N. Mitra, Secretary, Councils of Post-Graduate Teaching in Arts & Science, Calcutta University, Asutosh Buildings.

(5323)

NOTICE

APPLICATIONS (in the prescribed forms to be had on writing) for admission to the M.Sc. Applied Chemistry Classes and the Diploma Course in Soap Technology in the University College of Science and Technology will be received up to 15th August, 1949. For M.Sc. Applied Chemistry, only Honours graduates in Chemistry with Physics and Mathematics as subsidiary subjects will be eligible. For Soap Diploma, Science graduates with Physics, Chemistry and Mathematics can apply. Durations of courses are: for (1) M.Sc. Applied Chemistry—2 years, and (2) Soap Technology—1 year. In M.Sc. Applied Chemistry, besides general Chemical Technology and Chemical Engineering, there is provision for the following special subjects: Applied Biochemistry, Silicate Industries, Oil Technology, Pharmaceutics and Plastics, of which one must be taken by the students. Soap Technology course comprises the following subjects: Oils and Fats, Essential Oils and Perfumes, Technology of Soaps, Glycerine and cosmetics, Descriptive Engineering and Statistics and costing. Factory training is compulsory in the Soap Diploma Course and is arranged by the University in co-operation with the All-India Soap Makers' Association. The number of candidates in M.Sc. Applied Chemistry and Soap Technology Classes outside the province of West Bengal will be in conformity with the Provincial quotas fixed by the Central Government. The words "Admission to M.Sc. Applied Chemistry Class" or to "Diploma Course in Soap Technology" as the case may be, should be stated on the corner of the Envelope—S.N. Mitra, Secretary, Councils of post-Graduate Teaching in Arts and Science, Calcutta University, Asutosh Buildings. 5324

BOMBAY MUNICIPALITY

THE B.E.S. & T. UNDERTAKING

SEALED TENDERS for the supply of (1) Gas Heated De-Greasing Plant, (2) Electric Car Lift, (3) Bearing Boring Machine (4) Sawing Machine will be received by the Stores Engineer Officer upto noon on 22nd August, 1949.

Tender forms can be obtained from the Chief Storekeeper, Electric House, Fort, Bombay 1, on personal application but will not be forwarded by post.
(5328)

PUBLIC NOTICES

G.I.P. RAILWAY

TENDER NOTICE

THE GENERAL MANAGER, G.I.P. Railway, Bombay, invites sealed tenders up to 15 hours (S.T.) on 5th September, 1949, for Earthwork in formation, masonry in bridges etc., for the construction of the new Down Main Line between Budni and Bsrkhera in Section No. 1 between Chaingages O (Budni Station) and 24,000.

The work involves considerable quantities of Earthwork in high embankments with material from borrow pits for which the use of earth-moving machinery is essential, and large quantities of excavation in rock requiring blasting. It may also be necessary to drive a single line tunnel about 1450 feet long in sand stone rock.

Form of Tender, Schedules of quantities and Conditions of contract can be obtained from the Office of the Chief Engineer, G.I.P. Railway, Bombay, on payment of Rs. 2 - per set. Plans for the work will be supplied on an additional payment of Rs. 5 - per set. These sums will not be refunded.
5321

G. I. P. RAILWAY

SPECIAL SEASON TICKETS FOR POONA RACING SEASON—1949.

AS A FACILITY to persons wishing to attend the Race Meetings to be held in Poona this season, it has been decided to issue Special Season Tickets for Class I, II and III available between Bombay and Poona by the Race Special trains only at the following fares subject to the conditions given below:—

FARES

Class I ... ... Rs. 341-0-0
Class II ... ... Rs. 134-12-0
Class II ... ... Rs. 68-12-C

1. These season tickets will not be transferable.
2. They will be available only by Race Special trains.
3. No break of journey will be permitted.
4. In the event of fewer than 11 meetings being held, or if the Railway is unable to run Race Specials for any race meeting, a proportionate refund will be allowed after the conclusion of the racing season. APART FROM THIS, NO REFUND WILL BE ALLOWED IN ANY CIRCUMSTANCES WHATSOEVER, EVEN IF THE TICKETS ARE LOST.
5. Holders of these tickets will be allotted reserved seats at the time of purchasing the season tickets, and the number of seat will be endersed on the season ticket. The same seat will be reserved throughout the racing season, and no changes will be permitted.
6. No reservation will be made on Class III season tickets.

These special season tickets will be on sale at the Season Ticket Window in the upper class booking hall of Victoria Terminus Main Line station from 9 a.m. on Tuesday, 2nd August 1949 upto 9-30 a.m. on Saturday 6th August 1949. (5326)

NOTICE

SEALED TENDERS are invited for the work of painting or repainting Sign-boards of Municipal Schools. A Sample Signboard can be seen in the Office of the Supervisor of Handicrafts and Furniture Stores on the Ground Floor of this Office building, on any working day between 11 and 1 p.m. (B.T.) Conditions for tenderers and specifications of the tender, containing particulars can be had from the Superintendent of Accounts on the First Floor between 11 a.m. and 1 p.m. (B.T.) on payment of Rs. 2/- for each form.

Sealed tenders accompanied by a cash deposit of Rs. 100/- should be handed over to the Superintendent of Accounts in this Office on FRIDAY, the 12th August, 1949, between 11 a.m. and 1 p. m. (B.T.).

K. KHANDVALA,
Secretary, Schools Committee.
Schools Committee's Office,
Gilder Tank Building,
Grant Road, Bombay 7.
Dated Aug. 1, 1949.
(5325)

NOTICE

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT

SEALED OFFERS are invited and will be received by the undersigned upto 3 p.m. on THURSDAY the 18th August, 1949 for the purchase of "BILLIARD TABLE" in excellent condition, pertaining to the Government House, Bombay. The Billiard Table will be shown by the Overseer, Incharge Government House Bombay, on any working day between 11 a.m. and 3 p.m.

(Sd.) P. M. MANE
Executive Engineer,
Presidency.
P.W.D. Building
Churchgate Street,
Fort, Bombay.
(5329)

NOTICE

NOTICE HAVING been received of the loss of the policy No. 49326 of Mr. Krishna Sakharam Jadhav of Bombay for an amount of Rs. 1,500/- a duplicate policy will be issued unless an objection is lodged in writing with the Company by any party interested therein within a fortnight from the date of this Notice.

For The Neptune Assurance Co. Ltd.
M. T. MEHTA
Managing Director.
Dated 3-8-49.
(999)

PUBLIC NOTICES

PUBLIC NOTICE

IT IS HEREBY NOTIFIED that Mr. NOORUDDIN E. KURWA ceases from 1st May, 1949, to be as a Partner in the firm of Messrs. Kurwa and Kajiji, and that the said Mr. Nooruddin E. Kurwa, holds no authority to act on behalf of the firm as from the said date.

KURWA & KAJIJI
(1003)

LEGAL NOTICES

SALE OF PROPERTY AT 23/25, SHERIFF DEVJI STREET, BOMBAY.

NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that ABDUL QUAIYUM HAJI EBRAHIM and ABDUL REHMAN HAJI EBRAHIM, Mohmedan Inhabitant, have contracted to sell the undermentioned property to our client.

All persons having any claim against or to the said property by way of inheritance, mortgage, equitable, mortgage, deposit of title deeds, sale, gift, lease, lien, charge, trust, maintenunce, easement or otherwise howsoever, are hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned within 14 days from the date hereof, otherwise the sale will be completed without reference to such claim and the same, if any, will be considered as waived.

SCHEDULE ABOVE REFERRED TO:

All that piece or parcel of land or ground of the quit and ground rent tenure (the cess whereof has been redeemed under Collector's Receipt No. 9 of 7th August, 1919) together with the messuages tenements or dwelling house standing thereon situate on the East side of the Chakla Street now called Sheriff Devji Street, without the Fort of Bombay, in the Registration Sub-District of Bombay, containing by admeasurement One hundred and twenty-seven square yards or near abouts and registered in the books of the Collector of Land Revenue under Old No. 598, New No. 6258, Old Survey No. 1980, New Survey No. 2178 and Cadastral Survey No. 777 of Mandvi Division and assessed by the Assessor and Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes under B ward No. 2126(2) Old Street Nos. 263-265 and New Street Nos. 23-25 and bounded as follows: that is to say, on or towards the East by the Sweepers passage, on or towards the West by the said Sheriff Devji Street, on or towards the North by the property of Fatmabai, widow of Haji Hafat Haji Jaffar and on or towards the South by a passage and by the property of Abdul Latif Abdulla Haji Allarakhia.

MEGHJI G. DHARAMSEY,
Advocate for the Purchaser.
22, Kazi Sayad Street
Shak Gali, Bombay 9.
5322

AUCTION SALES

AUCTION SALE OF IMMOVABLE PROPERTIES AT 13TH AND 2ND KAMATIPURA STREET.

M/S GANDHI & CO. will under instructions from M/s Chandrasen & Co. Attorneys for Mortagagees and on a/c and at the risk of Abdul Gani, Mortagagor, and also with his consent in pursuance of power of sale in Transfer of Mortgage and Further Charge of 1-3-49 and made between Hajarimal Nagji and Anr. of one part, Abdul Gani, of other part and mortgagees of third part, sell by Public Auction undermentioned properties on Saturday 6th Inst. on premises.

SALE AT 4 P.M. (S.T.) AT 13TH KAMATIPURA STREET.

All that piece of Quit and ground rent land with dwelling house at 13th Kamatipura Street, admeasuring 66 Sq. Yds. or thereabouts, bearing New No. 10113, New Survey No. 6374, C. S. No 465 of Byculla Division, Municipal E ward No. 2062 street No. 29.

SALE AT 4-30 P.M. (S.T.) AT 2ND KAMATIPURA STREET.

All that piece of partly or redeemed land and partly of quit and Ground rent land with dwelling house at 2nd Kamatipura Street admeasuring 121 Sq. Yds. or thereabouts bearing New No. 10206, 207, 208, New Survey No. 5811-12-13 and C. S. No. 50 of Byculla Division, Municipal E ward No. 1192-94 street No. 101-101 A.

For particulars apply to M/s Chandrasen & Co., Solicitors, or to the undersigned.

AUCTION SALE of 100 Cartoons —Leather Polish, each cartoon of 8 Doz. Tins, on Friday 5th Inst. at 3 P.M. at our Rooms at 72 Medows Street, Fort, under instructions from the party concerned.

Terms: 25 p.c. Cash deposit.

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Messrs. MISTRY & CO., Auctioneers, will sell by PUBLIC AUCTION, under instructions from R. H. HEAPE, Esqr., (Engineer-in Charge, finance and staff, G.I.P. Rlys.), complete highclass teak household furniture, DC. Refrigerator, GEC 8 rec. changer ACDC RADIOGRAM, port, typewriter, carpets, Eng. crockery, cutlery, glass & platedwares, etc. and MOTOR CAR, on SUNDAY, 7th Aug. 1949, at 10-30 a.m., at "BERYL HOUSE", near Majestic Hotel, Wodehouse Rd., Fort. ON VIEW from tomorrow. Auctioneers: MISTRY & CO. Tel. 22801.

AUCTION SALES

AUCTION SALE OF BIG LOTS OF NUTS, BOLTS AND RIVETS, of assorted sizes on 10-8-49 at 10-30 A.M. (S.T.) at Tank Bunder Transit Depot of Iron & Steel Controller, Manganese Depot Coal Bunder siding, by order of Regional Disposal Commissioner. Terms: 25 p.c. Cash Deposit. Balance in Govt. Treasury by 12-8-49 and Delivery by 18-8-49.

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REWA PLEA FOR RELEASE OF GULAB SINGH

Emergency Food Measures: Restrictions Imposed

(From Our Correspondent).

JUBBULPORE, August 2.

A deputation of a section of the people of Rewa State led by Shri Girija Prasad waited on the Bandhavesh the Raj Pramukh of the Vindhya Pradesh to draw his attention to the miserable condition of his father. Maharaja Sir Ghulab Singh, who has been detained at Dehradun as a State Prisoner under Regulation III of 1818. The deputationists urged the Raj Pramukh to move the States Ministry, Government of India to reconsider his father's case and set him at liberty in view of the changed conditions and circumstances. The Raj Pramukh gave a patient and sympathetic hearing and assured the deputationists that he would do his best to help his father. In the meantime, the rejection of the habeas corpus application which was moved by the ex-Maharaja of Rewa before the High Court Allahad, has made him very much disappointed and physically sick. He has sent pathetic letters and telegrams both to his wife, the Dowager Maharani and his son-the Raj Pramukh of the Vindhya Pradesh to make efforts to secure his release so that he may return to his birth-place, Rewa, and spend the remaining davs of his life in peace.

The District Superintendent of Police-Shri Pyarelal Sharma has advised the men and officers of the Police department at Jubbulpore to show politeness and countesy to law-abiding citizens and discharge their duty impartially and fearlessly without showing favour to and prejudice against any body. He has called upon the policemen and officers to maintain law and order and security.

GOONDA ACT IN FORCE

The Provincial Government have felt satisfied that the public peace and tranquillity in the Jubbulpore district are still disturbed and an emergency exists within the aforesaid areas. They have, therefore, renewed the enforcement of the Goondas Act for a further period of one month with effect from July 24 to cope with the situation.

With a view to achieving a large economy of foodgrains by reducing the unnecessary wastage of foodgrains, the Government of C.P. and Berar have enforced an order to impose restrictions upon the feeding of persons at parties. The order has been enforced with immediate effect in every area declared to be or included within a municipality or a notified area and it bans the feeding of more than 25 persons on any one day by an individual acting individually or jointly with any other person or in a representative capacity.

The restrictions imposed by this order, however, do not apply to the feeding confined only to the members of the families of the bride and bridegroom and their near relations and not more than two priests on the occasion of a marriage; to the members of the family and to near relations and a priest in connection with any social or religious ceremony affecting the family, and any party exempted in writing by the deputy commissioner of the district from the operation of the order to the extent of such exemption.

TULSI SAPTCH

The Sahitya Sangh, Jubbulpore, celebrated the birthday of Shri Maithili Saran Gupta, the renowned Hindi poet and prayed for his long life and health.

Shri Bechar Rajendra Singh and Shri Nathulal Saraf, the President and Secretary respectively of the Sahitya Sangh, Jubbulpore, have chalked out an elaborate programme to observe the "Tulsi Saptch" to honour the author of the Ramayan. On Monday next, viz August 1, the Sangh will hold a meeting in the Victoria Town Hall and invite the public and writers to speak and read their articles on the Bamavanu and on the life and teachings of Sant Tulsi Das.

The Gol Bazar Vivamshala Sanskratik Samiti of Jubbulpore has also arranged to observe the "Tulsi Jayanti" and invited Shri Bhanwani Prasad Tewari, Editor, the "Prehari" to speak upon the works of Sant Tulsi Das.

The Muslims festival of Id passed off peacefully at Jubbulpore. The Harijan Sewak Sangh and Shri Lakhmi Chand Samaiya had made arrangement to greet and fraternize the Muslims and treat them to "pansupari" and "itra" on their return from the Idgah.

The G.I.P. Railway authorities had arranged to run number of special trains between Jubbulpore and Katni to cope with the rush of passengers who has arrived at Jubbulpore from the interior to have a dip in the Narmada on the occasion of the Somavati Amavasva. The occasion passed off without an untoward incident.

STATE OWNERSHIP OF ELECTRIC CONCERNS

Madras Govt. To Introduce Legislation

MADRAS, August 1. (P.T.I.): The Madras Government expect to introduce legislation early in October to enable them to implement their scheme of nationalisation of electrical undertakings in the province.

This was revealed by Mr. M. Bhaktavatsalam, Public Works Minister, Madras, who returned from Delhi this evening by air.

The Minister said that an agreement had been reached between the Central and the Madras Governments last week on the question relating to compensation to be paid by the Government for acquiring the electrical undertakings in the province. The Central Cabinet, he hoped would ratify the agreement without delay thereby enabling the Madras Government to get ready the necessary amending bill for the Indian Electricity Act and introduce the same in the provincial legislature in October next.

The prpoposed bill, he said, would empower the Government to take over private electrical concerns on payment of "fair and equitable" compensation.

MYSORE NEWSLETTER

TRAINING INDUSTRIAL WORKERS; RIAF "COMMANDS", NOT "GROUPS"; CORPORATION FOR BANGALORE

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT)

BANGALORE, (By Air Mail).

THE Asian Field Office of the International Labour Organisation for technical training of industrial workers will be established in Bangalore. The office will function under the guidance of Mr. Svend Pedersen, chief of the Asian Field Office of the I.L.O., who has conducted extensive tours all over India.

The objects of this Centre are of the highest importance. Provision of facilities for technical training and personnel are said to be the main purpose of this branch of the I.L.O. There has been in the past a feeling that Asian industrial and labour problems have not received adequate attention from the I.L.O. This new centre to be located here, will, it is hoped, make a practical contribution to the progress and welfare of the Asian countries.

For diffusion of knowledge in industrial technique skill, the Asian office is to start a scientific library and information service on international scale. Exchange of students, among nations, visual aid and screening of films are included in the programme. The office will work in close collaboration with the U.N.E.S.C.O. As planned, Asia would be divided into regions on the basis of industries.

Mr. Pedersen, who is already here with his skeleton staff in an interview said that the Asian Field Office was glad to help the Government of India in the advancement of industries and better utilisation of resources. In fact, they would be glad to sit down and discuss matters.

DECISION ON AIR FORCE

In view of the fact that the designation "Group Headquarters" did not signify to all members of the Defence Services, the full implications and status of a "Group" and in order to bring the highest formations under Air Headquarters in line with those of the highest formations under Army Headquarters, it has been decided by the Government of India to re-name the present "Groups" to "Commands."

There are three highest formations under Army Headquarters: Western, Southern and Eastern Commands. There are, however, two highest formations under Air Headquarters which will now be designated from July 22 as follows; (1) Operational Command R.I.A.F., which has its headquarters at Palam (near Delhi) and (2) Training Command, R.I.A.F., which has its headquarters at Bangalore. These Command Headquarters together have complete functional and administrative control of all the R.I.A.F. units and stations in India.

The Operational Command R.I.A.F., which has under its control all operational units, controls all R.I.A.F., units in northern part of India. The Training Command R.I.A.F., has under its control all R.I.A.F. training units in Southern India.

DEWANSHIP

As August 7 is drawing near and with impending exit of Sir A. Ramaswamy Mudaliar, from the Dewanship, reshuffle in the Ministry is widely discussed in political circles. Replacing of two non-Congress Ministers with party men is engaging the attention of the Mysore Congress Working Committee. Congressmen of some districts of the State who are not represented in the present ministry are pressing their claims in the new set-up.

Bangalore is to have a Municipal Corporation sooner than expected. An Interim Corporation may be formed earlier than January 1, 1950, the official date fixed.

It may be recalled that the Mysore Legislative Council, early this month, passed the Bangalore Corporation Bill, intended to merge the two areas of City and Civil Station into a single unit. The idea seems to be to bring the act into force by the end of October and then to hold elections on the basis of adult franchise, having an Interim Corporation for about three months. It is expected that elections will be held in December and by the beginning of the new year Bangalore will have a full-fledged Corporation.

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SHAKUNTALA MON 8th 10 A.M.

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CENTRAL FILM D. Release

IT'S A GREAT HIT

Historical Picture

PRABHAKAR Pictures

SHILANGANACHE SONE

SHANTA APTE (Courtesy S. A. Concerns)

HANSA WADKER

BABURAO PENDHARKER

2nd Week

SWASTIK

3-30, 6-30, 9-30 p.m.

Sat., Sun. Hol. Mat. 1 p.m.

Booking 10 to 12 & 3 to 6

CITY & SUBURBS

TODAY

Hindu: Shravan Shud 10, 2005.
Muslim: Savval 7, 1368.
Parsi: Aspandarmad 5, 1318.
Sunrise: 6-16 a.m. Sunset: 7-13 p.m.
Highitude: 07-34, 18-52.
Lowtude: 00-34, 13-42.

Today's Engagements

MUNICIPAL CORPORATION: Schools Committee meeting, at 3-40 p.m.

UNITED LODGE OF THEOSOPHISTS: "Creative Will" is the subject of study class at Jehangir Wadia Building, Flora Fountain, at 6-15 p.m.

SOCIAL SERVICE LEAGUE: Voluntary Social Workers' Training Class at League's Head Office, Sandhurst Road, at 6-30 p.m., when Mr. P. G. Naik, will deliver a lecture on "Vigilance and Rescue Work."

BOMBAY AUTOMOBILE EMPLOYEES UNION. A meeting of the representatives of the workers who are interested in labour welfare work, will be held at the union office at Vithal Sadan, Congress House, Bombay, on Wednesday, 3rd instant, when Shri Godambe, will address the members.

GAUDIYA MISSION ANNUAL MEETING

The tenth annual general meeting of the members of Gaudiya Mission (Regd.) will be held at 9-30 a.m. on Wednesday, (17th inst.), (Sri Krishna Jayanti Day) at the Registered Office of the Society, Sri Gaudiya Math 16A Kali Prasad Chakravarti Street, Baghbazar, Calcutta-3. All members are requested to be present.

Threatened Satyagraha Cancelled

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

In view of an assurance given by the Government of Bombay, the Satyagraha which a section of the people of Borstad threatened to launch, has now been called off.

A delegation from Borstad is expected to arrive in the City tomorrow and wait on Mr Morarji Desai, Home Minister.

The delegation will consist of Mr. Babubhai Patel, M.L.A., Mr. Rajubhai M. Patel, Mr. Madhavlal Shah and Mr C. F. Shah.

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

150 women workers of the Winding Department of the Madhusan Mill downed tools yesterday. As a result the management closed down the mill.

Some workers of the spinning department of the Dhanraj Mill also went on strike, protesting against heavy work. In this case also the management had to close down the mill.

19TH WEEK NEW WEST END

Directed By V. SHANTARAM Rajkamal's

Apna Desh

3, 6-15, 9-30 Ad. Booking 10 to 12 — 4 to 6

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NOW SHOWING AT:

ROYAL OPERA HOUSE

DAILY 3 SHOWS:

2-30, 6, 9-30 P.M.

AND AT

CITY LIGHT

DAILY 4 SHOWS:

11-45 a.m. 3, 6-15 and 9-30 p.m.

BOMBAY'S ONE AND ONLY

TOPIC OF TALK IS — NATURALLY'

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Director Harish Producer: SHEIKH MUKHTAR

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EXCELSIOR

3-15, 6-15, 9-15 Booking 10 to 1 & 2 to 7-30

KAMAL

3-30, 6-30, 9-30 Sun. 12-30 Booking 10 to 12 & 4 to 7

JAI HIND—RIVOLI

A LIBERTY Release

PROTECTION OF PADDY CROPS

State To Supply Cheap Wire Fencing

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

The Government of Bombay will supply 100 miles of pig-proof woven wire-fencing to cultivators in the Province for the protection of paddy crops in a period of three years. The wire-fencing will be manufactured by the Agricultural Engineer to Government and supplied to cultivators at a concessional rate of As. 8 per running foot through the district staff of the Agricultural Department. While preference will be given to the cultivators organising societies for the protection of their fields by putting up wire-fencing, the owners of smaller areas, who cannot form a society, will not be denied the benefit of the scheme.

An area of one square mile will require four miles long wire-fencing and theoretically it should enclose an area of 640 acres. But, as shapes of all fields are not regular, it may be assumed that an area of not more than 500 acres can be enclosed by this much of fencing. The 100 miles long fencing, proposed to be supplied over a period of three years, therefore, will enclose an area of 12,500 acres approximately.

The benefits resulting from the scheme would amount to Rs. 9,37,500 a year, at the rate of Rs. 75 per acre for an area of 12,500 acres. The saving in paddy will amount to about 75,000 maunds, at the rate of six maunds of paddy per acre.

Arrested For Alleged Blackmarketing

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

Mrs. Kulsumbai Dadamiya Sayad, a landlady of Bandra was arrested yesterday by the Crime Branch No. 2 of the Bombay C.I.D. for alleged black-marketing in G. I. pipe sheets. She was produced before Mr. J. M. Barot, Presidency Magistrate Mazagaon Police Court today and allowed bail.

It is reported that the landlady on a permit issued to her by the Government purchased 1,700 G. I. pipe sheets out of which she used some while sold 400 at prices over the controlled rate.

Medium Of Instruction In Primary Schools

GOVERNMENT POLICY EXPLAINED

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

THE Government of Bombay has revised its policy regarding the maintenance by local bodies of primary schools with a non-local regional language as medium of instruction in the province.

Under the existing orders, a District School Board or an Authorised Municipality is to maintain primary schools up to Standard IV in which instruction is given through the medium of some Indian language other than the local regional language in any area in which parents of not less than 40 pupils whose mother-tongue is such other language desire that their children should receive instruction through such other language. These orders will continue in force subject, however, to the modification that a primary school up to primary Standard IV teaching through the medium of some Indian language other than the local regional language will have to be maintained in any Forest area in the Province provided parents of not less than 20 pupils, whose mother-tongue is such other language desire that their children should receive instruction through such other language.

In addition, a District School Board or an Authorised Municipality, as the case may be, should, in addition to the schools already maintained by it, maintain schools teaching beyond Standard IV up to Standard VII through the medium of Urdu or Sindhi or a regional language, other than the local regional language, if there are, in any area, in all the seven standards together, at least 60 pupils and in the three upper primary standards, namely Standards V, VI and VII, at least 20 pupils whose mother-tongue is such other language and whose parents desire that their children should receive education through the medium of such other language. If the number of such pupils in the three upper primary standards falls below 20 for over two years, the upper primary standards in such a school may be discontinued.

As regards Authorised Municipalities, Section 17(1)(a) of the Bombay Primary Education Act, 1947, requires that they should make adequate provision for maintaining the existing primary schools. If, therefore, an Authorised Municipality was maintaining, prior to the coming into force of the Act, a primary school imparting instruction through a non-local regional language beyond Standard IV, it will have to maintain such a school.

TRACTORS FOR THE AGRICULTURIST

State To Give All Assistance

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

With the rapidly increasing demand for tractors, cultivators are experiencing considerable difficulty in securing suitable tractors at reasonable prices and within a reasonable period. The Government of Bombay will give all possible assistance to such cultivators in securing tractors for agricultural work, particularly for growing food crops.

Persons in need of tractors are requested to communicate their requirements to the Collector and Chairman of the District Rural Development Board concerned before August 31, 1949. The application should be in the prescribed form, copies of which may be obtained from the Collector of the district concerned.

Co-operative societies and other co-operative organisations of cultivators may communicate their requirements to the Registrar of Co-operative Societies, Poona, who will also supply the prescribed forms.

THE WEATHER

The following is the weather summary for Tuesday, August 2, 1949:—

The Bay of Bengal depression has crossed the coast and lies this morning as a low pressure area over the north-east Central Provinces. It is likely to move west-north-west or north-west and weaken. Another cyclonic circulation has appeared this morning over South Rajputana and lower Sind. Associated with these two systems there has been widespread rain in north-east India outside Assam, in the central parts of the country, western half of the peninsula, in Saurashtra and Cutch and Gujarat. Local rain has also occurred in the West United Provinces, East Rajputana and along the north Madras coast.

FORECAST VALID UNTIL EVENING OF AUG. 3: Rainfall will be widespread and locally heavy over the region extending from the West Central Provinces and Vindhya Pradesh to the North Konkan and West Rajputana. There will also be widespread rain in Malabar, the south Konkan, north Hyderabad, the east Central Provinces and Chotanagpur. There will be local rainfall elsewhere over the country outside Mysore and the eastern half of the peninsula.

The following is the weather chart showing the maximum and minimum temperatures and rainfall in inches during the past 24 hours from June 1, 1949 and departure from normal recorded at 08-00 hours I.S.T. on August 2, 1949:—

Ahmedabad 86 71 0.1 4.3 minus 4.8, Ahmednagar 89 78 0.7 13.1 minus 3.5, Bangalore 79 66 0.1 17.6 plus 10.5, Baroda 90 78 0.4 12.6 minus 6.7, Belgaum 75 68 0.1 4.2 minus 21.9, BOMBAY 81 76 1.7 44.7 plus 0.3, Calcutta 89 77 1.0 25.0 minus 0.3, Darjiling 72 58 0.5 61.4 plus 2.3, Dehra-Dun 86 74 0.4 25.4 minus 11.7, Delhi 88 81 0 18.7 plus 8.1 Hyderabad (Dn.) 84 72 0.3 10.6 minus 0.1, Hyderabad (Sd.) nil, Lahore 83 76 0.5 5 2 minus 2.3, Lucknow 91 — — — —, Madras 91 81 0 7.1 plus 1.4, Mahabaleshwar 65 73 7.8 106.2, minus 49.8, Mysore 80 67 0 6.2 plus 0.9, Nagpur 89 74 0.8 1 31.7 plus 7.5, Patna 91 79 0.5 30.2 plus 10.7, Peshawar 95 75 0.1 0.3 minus 1.4, Poona 79 71 1.5 5.5 minus 5.9, Sholapur 88 73 0.1 11.7 plus 2.8, Simla 66 59 1 0.1 26.0 plus 2.4, Surat 89 76 1.8 21.1 minus 5.4.

RAINFALL SURPLUS

Strong Monsoon Conditions To Continue

The Santa Cruz Weather Forecasting Station, has forecast that strong monsoon conditions will continue in Bombay and the suburbs for the next 36 hours. Frequently heavy showers accompanied by gusty winds, it is learnt, are to be expected.

The total rainfall in the City which continued below normal till yesterday, has now reached a surplus of 3 cents. The total till 8-30 this morning was 44.6 inches. During the 24 hours preceeding 8-30 Colaba and Malabar Hill recorded an inch and a half of rain each and Santa Cruz and Juhu one inch. The Lake areas received more, with Tansa and Tulsi lakes getting as much as 3 inches and Vihar and Powai getting half that quantity. Tansa now stands at 414.5 Townhall Datum Level, which is an addition of two feet within 24 hours, Tulsi 455.6 and Vihar 244.4.

The Hydraulic Engineer of the Bombay Municipality, Mr. C. B. Carnac said that the position was very good, at least as far as the Tansa was concerned.

The Weather Forecasting Station stated that the depression in the North of Bengal was advancing towards the low pressure area near Chanda Nagpur this morning. It might move West-North-West. The monsoon continued strong in the Konkan, Saurashtra and Cutch and would strengthen in Gujerat, and widespread rains with locally heavy showers were expected in these areas during the next 36 hours.

The chief amounts of rainfall were; Mahabaleshwar 8 inches: Matheran and Sawantwadi 7 inches: Verawal, Rajkot and Porbandar 3 inches: Broach and Harnai 2 inches and Jamnagar, Dahanu, Bombay, Poona, Honaver and Nizamabad a inch and a half each.

Sarat Bose Flies To Calcutta

BOMBAY, August 2, (UPI): Mr. Sarat Chandra Bose, founder-leader of the Socialist Republican Party, who had been in Bombay for a week, left for Calcutta, this morning by air.

There is a shortage of GAS because

1 The population of Bombay has increased enormously.

2 The Bombay Gas Co. Ltd. has not yet been able to complete its repairs to make up for wartime wear and tear.

3 The present uneconomical rates prevent the Company from implementing its plans for expansion.

The demand for GAS is so great because

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Gas is used for lighting Bombay most important thoroughfares.

Gas plays a vital part in near every industry.

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More gas and its bye-products such as Tar, Coke, Creosote, valuable fertilisers etc. can be made available to the public. But this will be possible only when the Authorities co-operate with the Company by re-adjusting the rates.

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Issued by The Bombay Gas Co., Ltd.

ADTS BGC 802

RECONSIDER STRIKE DECISION: ASOKA MEHTA'S CALL

Compulsion Has Alienated Textile Workers

BOMBAY, Tuesday. — An appeal to the textile workers of Bombay to reconsider their strike decision on the question of buying national savings certificates, was made by Mr. Asoka Mehta, the Socialist leader, in a statement to the "United Press of India" today.

Mr. Mehta referred to the sudden cancellation by the Finance Minister of India of his meeting with the textile workers of Bombay and said that it came as a disheartening surprise.

The Finance Minister, he said, was to meet them to understand workers' attitude to the ordinance and to the problem of small savings. By compelling the workers to accept the national savings certificates, had the Government furthered in any way the savings drive, he asked.

"Prestige-obsessed Government", the Socialist leader said, "has only succeeded in alienating workers' sympathy and undermined the prospects of savings. If the Finance Minister had accepted our suggestion and given cash to workers, we could have induced them to voluntarily buy the certificates and keep them. The Government have blasted the possibilities of such co-operation.

"The Mill Mazdoor Sabha's decision to let the workers strike on the question is an expression of workers' exasperation. The strike notice was needed to oil the wheels of the machinery of cashing the certificates. As the question affects workers all over the country, it will have to be fought out on that national level. Events will show how wrong the Government's policy has been. It will then be possible to make them review it and revise it. For it will have become clear that compulsion has brought no savings.

If even then the Government fail to learn from experience, the fight will have to be taken up by the workers all over the country. In the meantime, the Bombay textile workers will help the process of clarification by reconsidering the strike decision. May I appeal to them for such a reconsideration?"

"HARIJAN DAY" ON SEPTEMBER 25

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

The Government of Bombay has directed that Sunday, September 25, 1949 should be observed as Harijan Day throughout the Province by holding meetings and programmes in full co-operation with social workers and public associations interested in the removal of untouchability.

September 25 falls within the days of Gandhi Jayanti celebrations, according to the Hindu calendar.

The Backward Class Board had recommended that at least one day in a year should be celebrated as a Removal of Social Disabilities Day throughout the Province, on which day the attention of officials and non-officials would be focussed on the need for the removal of the disabilities of Harijans. The Government's decision to observe September 25 as a Harijan Day followed this recommendation.

RADIO

BOMBAY-A

WEDNESDAY, Aug. 3.

7-30 a.m. Bhor Bhai (Bhajan), 7-40 Aaj Ka Karyakram, 7-45 Hazara Singh (Guitar), 8-0 News (E), 8-15 News (H), 8-30 K. H. Dalal (Bhajans), 8-45 News (G), 12-45 p.m. Musical Interlude, 12-50 Harbans Kumari Prem (Vocal), 1-0 News (G), 1-10 As in Bombay—B, 1-30 News (E), 1-40 Wiener Boheme Orchestra, 2-0 Derby Somers Band, 2-15 London Palladium Orchestra, 4-20 School Broadcast, 5-0 N. G. Gokhale (Raag Purvi), 5-30 As in Bombay—B, 6-0 News (E) 6-10 News (H), 6-20 K. H. Dalal (Guj. Song), 6-40 N. G. Gokhale (Malgunjee), 7-0 Topic of Day 7-10 Locals, 7-15 Firoze Dastur (Chhayanat), 7-45 Pankaj Mullick, 8-0 K. H. Dalal (Guj. Songs), 8-15 News (G), 8-30 As in Bombay—B, 9-0 News (E), 9-15 News (H), 9-30 As in Bombay—B, 10-0 Marjorie Bolton, 10-15 Philharmonic Symphony Orchestra of New York.

BOMBAY-B

7-30 a.m. As in Bombay—A, 7-45 News (K), 8-0 Firoze Dastur (Bhairav), 8-30 News (M), 8-45 G. D. Mehendale (Marathi Pad), 12-45 p.m. As in Bombay—A, 12-50 News (M), 1-0 R. M. Kulkarni (Kannada Song), 1-10 Ghazal Aur Geet, 1-40 News (H), 1-50 Variety Programme, 2-20 Musical Interlude, 4-20 As in Bombay—A, 5-30 R. M. Kulkarni (Kannada Song), 5-45 Hazara Singh (Guitar), 6-0 G. D. Mehendale (Marathi Pad), 6-15 Calling Rural Listeners, 7-15 As in Bombay—A, 7-30 Commercial News, 7-45 News (K), 8-0 News (M), 8-15 N. G. Gokhale (Yaman), 8-30 Sarvodaya (Talk in Hindi), 8-45 Harbans Kumar Prem (Vocal), 9-0 G. D. Mehendale (Gaulan), 9-15 Hazara Singh (Guitar), 9-30 Swar Mudrika (records selected and produced by S. Kapadia), 9-45 Week in Retrospect (review in English by M. P. Gandhi), 10-0 "Wadal", (Play in Marathi by G. A. Hamine), 10-30 Firoze Dastur (Behag).

BARODA-AHMEDABAD

WEDNESDAY, AUGUST 3, 1949

250 and 326.1 m: 7-30 a.m. Raag Ranga 8-0 News (E) 8-15 Diwakar N. Joshi (Lalit) 8-45 News (G) 6-10 p.m. News (E) 6-10 Gajananrao Ambade (Jaltarang) 6-25 Gujrati Geeto 6-35 Gramjano Mate 6-35 Majur Bhaiyo Mate (From Ahmedabad) 7-0 Stree Sammelan 7-30 Gujarati Geeto 7-45 Gajananrao Ambade (Jaltarang) 8-0 Geet Gurjari 8-10 Locals 8-15 News (G) 8-30 Gujarati Geeto 8-45 Bharatiya Sangeet 9-0 News (E) 9-15 Talk (E) 9-30 Gajananrao Ambade (Jaltarang) 9-45 Anath Ashram (Short story by Ratan Marsnuli) 10-0 Diwakar N. Joshi (Malkans).

No A. I. R. Station For Poona

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

The Government of India, it is reliably learnt, has turned down the request of the citizens of Poona, that an A.I.R. Station should be erected in that City. But, it has now been decided that an auxiliary studio must now be set-up there and to link it with the Bombay station.

ACHIEVING OBJECT OF SARVODAYA

Kher On Importance Of Social Education

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

"The aim of social education was to make the life of the people happier and fuller and to develop their civic sense so as to achieve the object of Sarvodaya", declared Mr. B. G. Kher, Premier of Bombay, in a speech broadcast from the Bombay station of All-India Radio this evening.

The subject of the Premier's talk was "Social Education".

Explaining how social education had gradually taken the place of adult education, the Premier elucidated various aspects of social education.

The programme of social education should in the first place, he said, provide for creating health consciousness among the people.

Secondly, it should provide for proper training of good citizenship. In order to ensure orderly progress of society, it was very necessary that discipline, initiative and spirit of co-operation were inculcated in the people. That was one of the main functions of social education he added.

Continuing, Mr. Kher said that such a programme of social education should also include activities that would encourage and develop creative and artistic faculties of the people.

Lastly, the aim of social education should be to create harmony and good-will in the different sections of people by removing distinctions based on caste, creed or religion.

Mere literacy or adult education would not help a citizen in the complex life of today. Education that would embrace various aspects of modern life was the need of the hour, he said. Concluding, the Premier appealed to all educated people to extend their helping hand to promote Government's programme of social education.

DADAR EDUCATION SOCIETY DISPUTE

Kher Promises To Settle The Issue

NEW DELHI, August 1, (PTI): Mr. M. A. Upadhye and Mr. D. B. Sule interviewed Mr. B. G. Kher, Premier of Bombay, here today.

They represented that there should be an independent enquiry into the state of affairs of the Indian Education Society, Dadar, which led to the dismissal of Mr. Padwal and Miss Mokashi and further that Government should devise suitable machinery for dealing with disputes between teachers of secondary schools and their managements.

As regards the first of these points the Premier replied that he would attend to the matter immediately on return to Bombay and take steps for enquiry by persons unconnected with the Society. As regards the second point he said that he could not commit himself as that would require careful consideration in view of the legal and other questions involved. He promised to consider the matter carefully on returning to Bombay.

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Centrally Administered States

PARLIAMENT'S POWER TO NOMINATE LEGISLATURES

NEW DELHI, August 2 (P.T.I.): The Constituent Assembly today, after a debate of 90 minutes, invested Parliament with power to create or continue for any state, now centraly administered for the time being through a Chief Commissioner or Lieutenant Governor, a body nominated or elected to function as a legislature for the state and a council of advisers or ministers.

The house also provided that any law that might be passed by Parliament for this purpose should not be deemed to be an amendment to the constitution. That would obviate elaborate procedure.

Today's debate centred round the future set-up of Delhi. Many speakers advocated separation from Delhi province of New Delhi, which should be directly administered by the Centre, while the rest of Delhi province should be annexed to the East Punjab.

Resuming the general debate on the amendment moved by Dr. Ambedkar, replacing article 213 with a new article on the creation of local legislatures for the centrally administered area, Pandit Thakurdas Bhargava said that the change in the new article, inasmuch as it gave the right to Parliament to create a legislature, was a salutary one but he was against giving Parliament power to appoint an advisory council who might not be elected and also a legislature which was not fully representative of the people.

Referring to the future administrative set-up of Delhi Province, Pandit Bhargava said that for ages it had formed part of Hariana district in the East Punjab. It was therefore right and proper to merge Delhi with the East Punjab. The capital of East Punjab could be located in Old Delhi. As for New Delhi, it could be separated from Old Delhi and left to the Central Government to make a model town of it. If this was not possible, Delhi Province should be given a real legislature in which the people of the province could have an effective voice.

EQUAL REPRESENTATION

Mr. Mavir Tyagi (U.P.) said that after swaraj had been achieved it was unfair to keep the "islands of slavery" whose people had been denied the elementary rights of representation. So long as the citizens of Delhi were granted adequate voice in the day to day administration in the provincial subjects, there could be no serious objection to the form of the set-up. It was the duty of the Constituent Assembly to guarantee that people residing in these small areas enjoyed equal representation in local administration. If that was not done, they would be charged as being partial and unfair to the people of these areas. So far as Delhi Province was concerned, it should be merged with East Punjab.

Mr. Mohanlal Gautam (U.P.) endorsed the view that Delhi should go to the East Punjab and said that the first problem before the Punjab Government was the rehabilitation of its political life. Its capital was now in Simla. Minister's were in Jullundur, its university was in Ambala and the province had yet to elect a place for permanent capital where it could centre its activities. He suggested that after separating New Delhi from the Delhi Province, the remainder should be annexed with the East Punjab. People of Delhi would thus have an effective voice in the administration of the province. So far as New Delhi was concerned, it was built for government purpose and most of the buildings belonged to Government. There were foreign embassies too. The central capital should, therefore, be administered directly by the Central Government.

'MERGE WITH EAST PUNJAB'

Urban Population's Case

Referring to the plea for merger, he said, Delhi had never formed part of the Punjab or the United Provinces. For centuries it had retained its separate and independent status. It had a civilisation and history of its own and the question of its being a small Province did not arise. It stood on a different aim from among other Centrally administrative areas.

ANACHRONISMS

Mr. B. Das (Orissa), supporting Dr. Ambedkar's amendment, said that Centrally-Administrated areas were anachoronisms created by the British In future, there should be no such areas, the only exceptions being the strategically placed Andamans and Nicobars.

Replying to the debate, Dr. B. R. Ambedkar, Chairman of the Drafting Committee, said that this was not the place where Lala Deshbandhu Gupta's amendment could properly come in. The amendment also raised a question of principle, namely weightage in representation to certain areas.

The House accepted Prof. Shibbanlal Saksena's amendment deleting the words "notwithstanding anything contained in this constitution" in Dr. Ambedkar's original motion. Lala Deshbandhu Gupta withdrew his amendment and the article as amended by Prof. Saksena, was passed.

PROVISION OF HIGH COURTS

Wider Scope For Parliament

The Assembly adopted a new Article 213 (A) providing for high courts for Centrally administered areas. The article also provides that if it is not possible to allot a High Court exclusively for a centrally administered area, Parliament may declare a certain other High Court situated in an adjacent area as a High Court for that particular area.

The House passed Article 213 stating that until Parliament by law otherwise provides, the constitutions, powers and functions of the Coorg Legislative Council shall be the same as they were immediately before the commencement of this constitution. The arrangement with respect to revenues collected in Coorg and expenses in respect of Coorg shall continue unchanged until other provision is made by the President.

Dr. Ambedkar moved Article 275 specifying the President's emergency powers. If the President is satisfied that a grave emergency exists whereby the security of India or of any part of Indian territory is threatened by war or external aggression or internal disturbance, he may by proclamation make a declaration to that effect.

The proclamation of emergency may be revoked by a subsequent proclamation. It shall be laid before each House of Parliament and shall cease to operate at the expiration of two months unless before the expiration of that period it has been approved by resolutions of both Houses of Parliament.

If any such proclamation is issued at a time when the House of the People has been dissolved or if the dissolution of the House of the People takes place during the period of two months referred to above and the proclamation has not been approved by a resolution passed by the House of the People before the expiration of the period the proclamation shall cease to operate at the expiration of 30 days from the date on which the House of the People first sits after its reconstitution unless before the expiration of that period resolutions approving the proclamation have been passed by both Houses of Parliament.

A proclamation of emergency declaring that the security of India or of any part of Indian territory is threatened by war or by external aggression or by internal disturbance may be made before the actual occurrance of war or of any such aggression or disturbance if the President is satisfied that there is imminent danger of it.

REDUCED PERIOD

Dr. Ambedkar explained that one of the changes in the new Article as compared to the original draft was the use of words external aggression or internal disturbance" instead of "domestic violence". It was thought much better to use the new wording because" "domestic violence" might exclude external aggression which was not actual war or was less than war. Another change was that originally the proclamation was to cease to operate at the expiration of six months. It was now proposed to reduce this period to two months. Six months was felt to be too long a period.

Mr. H. V. Kamath (C.P.) moved a number of amendments, one of them stipulating that the President should not issue a proclamation of emergency exception on the advice of his Council of Ministers. By another amendment, he wanted that the President should not have the power to issue a proclamation of emergency if he was merely satisfied that there was imminent danger of war external aggression or internal disturbance. He should be allowed to exercise that power only in the event of their actual occurrence. Otherwise there was a possibility of that power being abused.

Initiating a general debate Prof. Shibbanlal Saksena gave general support to the Article and said that there could be no apprehension that the powers which had been given to the President by the Article would make him an autocrat. He pointed out that subsequent Articles provided that in the emergency, Union Executive had power to give directives to the States of the Union Parliament had power of legislation over the State. subjects. In the present conditions in the country, it was necessary to vest the Centre with power to act in a state of emergency and the article provided for minimum powers. Otherwise, there would be no control over State legislature and Government at times of emergency.

'CENTRALISED POWER'

K. T. Shah Opposes Ambedkar

Prof. K. T. Shah viewed with "grave concern" the tendency to clothe the Central Government with excessive authority. The Article now proposed by Dr. Ambedkar, he said, incorporated worst features of centralised authority. It sought to empower the President with action that could not be consistent with democracy or responsible Government. The term 'internal disturbance' mentioned in the Article was very difficult to define and it appeared that on the slightest fear of disturbance in the internal management of the State might entitle the President to declare a state of emergency.

It was not even the actual occurrence that was sought to be guarded against but even possible danger of it in the minds of the executive was a sufficient ground to issue a proclamation. It was utterly undistinguishable from the Ordinances of 1942 which empowered the Government to act where there was likelihood of law being broken.

"If this Government which we are constituting is not to be distinguished for liberalism, tolerance and freedom of thought and expression in any way from the preceding Governments", remarked Prof. Shah "we are not true to the pledge that has been given to the people of the country that when Swaraj comes it will be really 'Ramraj'".

STRONGER CENTRE

Mr. Mahavir Tyagi wanted that the Centre should be made stronger. He contended that the present Article was the only effective provision in the constitution which bound the units together. There was no other binding provision in the Constitution by which stitution and provide against that the Centre could exercise overall power. He said that he would support the Article because according to him all factors that would lead to the security of the country being threatened were covered.

Mr. T. T. Krishnamachari replying to the debate on behalf of the Drafting Committee, said, "these emergency powers have got to be tolerated as a very necessary evil. Without them it is well-nigh possible that all our efforts to frame a constitution might ultimately be in jeopardy. The constitution itself might be in danger unless adequate powers are given to the executive to safeguard the constitution".

Mr. Krishnamachari said that he was one of those who believed that it would be well if a constitution could be framed without providing in it powers to the executive to abridge the liberties of the citizen or do anything which was either unconstitutional or extra-constitutional. But he recognised that in times like these, when therefore not merely threats of war and internecine disturbances but also other calamities which were likely to arise due to economic conditions, the framers of a constitution would be guilty of grave dereliction of duty if they did not provide safeguards for protecting the constitution.

POSSIBLE DEFECTS

Mr. Krishnamachari added that another aspect of the matter which critics of the Constitution would have to note was that a written constitution was bound to have all these defects. If they did not envisage the possibility of there being some disturbance which would upset the concontingency, it might be that whoever happened to be in power at that time might find themselves unable to act.

He would ask Mr. Kamath and Prof. Shah to read the history of the American constitution. It was a very wide interpretation of that portion of the Constitution which gave the President of the United States the powers of the Commander-in-Chief which saved the United States during the civil war and enabled the economy of that country to be geared to the war effort during the First World War.

He would ask "those who criticise these provisions and would like people outside to know that they have stood as champions of liberty against a few people who want to encircle this country by a constitution which would give dictatorial powers to the executive" to consider the provisions in several other constitutions, particularly in the French constitution.

Replying to Mr. Kamath's point that the article did not ensure that the President was to act on the advice of his Council of Ministers in proclaiming an emergency, Mr. Krishnamachari said, "the whole scheme, as we envisage it, is that the President is only a constitutional head and nothing more. The President can exercise his powers only on the advice of his Ministers". If the President assumed dictatorial powers, he added, he could be impeached and thrown out of office according to Article 50 and subsequent articles.

The House rejected Mr. Kamath's amendments and adopted the Article as moved by Dr. Ambedkar.

The Assembly adjourned till tomorrow.

Operational Period To Last 2 Months

SUBSEQUENT REVOKING PERMITTED

MANUFACTURE OF MACHINE TOOLS

Factory In C. P.

NAGPUR, August 2, (UPI): It is learnt that the Central Provinces and Berar is likely to be selected for the erection of the Central Government's 12-crore machine tool factory.

Two Swiss machine tool experts are shortly expected to pay a visit to this province in order to undertake a survey of probable sites for the factory.

The factory when completed will, it is estimated, manufacture nearly Rs. 9 crores worth of tools a year though the factory is not expected to start working within four years.

The construction of the factory is to be completed in four stages. The first two stages will be carried out in about two years time. The first stage includes the setting up of a training school to accommodate about 500 trainees and the construction of a ball-bearing factory, a great cutting factory and a central foundry.

In all, four areas will be surveyed and the one which is found most suitable will be selected. The other provinces are Bihar, West Bengal, and Mysore. The quick and easy availability of raw materials like industrial coal, pig iron and steel and cheap electric power, accompanied by a salubrious climate free from dust and storms, are some of the main determining factors in the selection of the site.

DEVELOPING OUR INDUSTRIES

Team Of Experts To Be Engaged

BOMBAY, Tuesday (PTI): The Government of India will shortly engage a team of American and British technical experts for implementing various projects for the development of Indian industries.

Dr. J. C. Ghosh, Director-General of Industry and Supply, Government of India who left Bombay to-day by air for London, told the Press Trust of India that during his five days' stay there he would meet various industrialists with whom the Government of India were negotiating for technical assistance in setting up industries in India.

Dr. Ghosh who is a member of the seven-man Indian Delegation to the United Nations Scientific Conference on Conservation and Utilization of Resources to be held at Lake Success on August 17, said that he would also select a team of American technical experts for technical institutions in India. He will also visit important American industrial establishments.

Dr. Ghosh will visit Frankfurt and discuss with the officials of allied occupation of Germany the question of acquiring some German industrial plants for India.

From Frankfurt Dr. Ghosh will fly to Copenhagen to take part in the annual meeting of the International Scientific Union and later proceed to Paris to attend the UNESCO meetings.

Dr. Ghosh is expected to return to India early in October.

BIHAR TO TAKE OVER 3 ESTATES IN CHOTA NAGPUR

Local Authorities Consulted

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT)

PATNA (By Mail).

THE Bihar Acquisition of Zamindari Bill, 1948, having received the Governor-General's assent comes into operation from September next in the province. The Government of Bihar in the Revenue Department, it is believed will take over three big estates in Chota Nagpur first under this Act.

These three estates are the Chotanagpur Raj in the Ranchi district, the Ramgarh Raj in Hazaribagh district and the Dhalbhum estate in Singhbhum district.

It is learnt in this connection that a workable scheme for the acquisition of these estates has presumably been asked for by the provincial government from the local authorities of the districts concerned.

Steps are being taken to acquire these zamindaris as early as possible. But there are some difficulties in acquiring the colliery areas in Manbhum district under the zamindari abolition scheme on account of unfavourable terms of the existing leases held by the present lessees and as such, it is understood, the Zamindaris in Manbhum district will not be touched for the present.

The mining areas in Hazaribagh district, however will not affect the progress of acquisition of zamindaris in that district as the mining areas held by the lessees in private estates therein are more or less on the lines of the leases granted in the Government estates.

CANE DEVELOPMENT

A big scheme, first of its kind in India, for raising the Sugarcane outturn from 12 tons to 20 tons an acre has been sanctioned at an estimated cost of Rs. 15 lakhs, it is learnt.

The scheme will operate from Pusa and the main features of the scheme would be to distribute improved varieties of sugarcane seeds, universal adoption of better methods of cane cultivation, manures and measures to combat diseases and pests of Sugarcane.

The Government, it is learnt, have also sanctioned 36 agriculture overseers and five Assistant Directors of Agriculture for propaganda work to make the scheme a success amongst the cultivators. The scheme has been ordered to be put into operation with immediate effect on an extensive scale. About 24,000 acres of land is under sugarcane cultivation in Bihar.

Another research scheme at an estimated cost of Rs. 60,000 has also been sanctioned to investigate the improvement of cultivation of what may be caller. poormans' crop—root crops and tubers.

TRIBAL AREA

A strong opposition to the creation of any tribal or scheduled or backward area in Bihar, has been voiced by the Chotanagpur citizens through a memorandum submitted to Dr. Rajendra Prasad, President of the Constituent Assembly of India recently.

The memorandum has been submitted on behalf of the Chotanagpur Citizens' Protection Association which 'inter alia' says that the abonginals in other parts of the country are scattered over some jungle and hilly areas, the most important areas including mineral and other wealth of the country comprising the largest industrial town of Tatanagar and the second capital of the province Ranchi, having a mixed population. The towns and a large part of the rural areas are almost wholly inhabited by the non-aboriginal people.

Steady development of gram Panchayats in Bihar was reported at the first meeting of the Provincial Panchayat Board held at the Patna Secretariat under the presidentship of Bihar Premier, Dr. S. K. Sinha. The meeting marked the first anniversary of the introduction of the system in the province.

Arithmetically the acheivements of the first year are as follows:

1972 villages visited by the district official: 1,137 unofficial Panchayats organised: 354 of these have come upto the required standard. Champaran district on the border of Nepal is leading all the other districts in every aspect of development

Though a vast area in North Bihar in the District of Darbhanga, Bhagalpur, Monghyr and Muzaffarpur has been devastated by recent floods, a bumper 'bhadai' and 'Aghani' crop is expected this year in remaining parts of the Province and people say such crops were never seen during the last ten years. This will go a long way in removing food shortage of the province.

BUSINESSMEN TO BLAME

An Economist's Diagnosis

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

Dr. S. K. Muranjan, Principal of Sydenham College of Commerce and Economics, called for drastic steps to cure the economic ills of the country, addressing a meeting of the Rotary Club at Greens Hotel today.

Dr. Muranjan felt that the Government alone could not help the people just now. He blamed the businessmen of this country for "their attitude of negation towards Government and the people". The average Indian had a great distrust in the morality of businessman and the middle-class were hostile to them. Businessmen were themselves to be blamed for this state of affairs, he said.

Dr. Muranjan thought that many problems could have been solved if the businessmen stopped claiming the Government for everything and adopted a more constructive approach to the problems facing the country. But, things had gone from bad to worse and only drastic measures could cure the country of these ills, he said.

The speaker also suggested that Indians should endeavour to preserve the great traditions of the British people in this country and should cultivate a sense of humour to face the problems of life heroically and stoically.

3% LOAN FULLY SUBSCRIBED

BOMBAY, Tuesday, (PTI): The 3 per cent Bombay Provincial Development Loan, 1962, remained open till the close of business on Monday, August 1, 1949 and was fully subscribed after a call on the underwriters for the balance not covered by public subscriptions, says a press note issued by the Reserve Bank today.

Dr. Moolgavkar Feliciated

Dr. H. P. Moolgavkar, one of the four Indian Surgeons whose admission as a Fellow in Dentistry to the Royal College of Surgeons, the highest honour in Dentistry in the United Kingdom, was announced recently, was felicitated, at a gathering of the staff and students of the Currimbhoy Ebrahim Memorial College, Bombay, on Saturday.

Dr. S. P. Kapadia and D. N. F. Vaid, who spoke on the occasion paid a tribute to the accomplishment of Dr. Moolgavkar, who was the only Surgeon from Bombay to have been admitted to the Royal College in the field of Dentistry.

Less Noise In The City

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

The Bombay Municipal Corporation ran through many outstanding items today, without much discussion. Mr. S. K. Patil, Mayor, presided.

A resolution moved by Mr. Naushir Bharucha on the subject of the nuisance caused by electric motor horns and hooters, was accepted by the House. The resolution stated that "as the noise nuisance from the indiscriminate use of electric motor horns with harsh, grating and raucous pitches, has reached intolerable proportions, the Municipapl Commissioner be requested to consider, in consultation with the Law, Revenue and General Purposes Committee, and report on the desirability of making a representation to Government to legislate with a view to preventing the use of electric horns or hooters altogether by motor vehicles in the City or so control their volume and pitch as to abate the noise nuisance therefrom substantially".

By another resolution the Corporation decided to vote a civic address to Rajkumari Amrit Kaur, India's Health Minister, when she visits the City next, "in view of the great services rendered to the country, especially in the field of medical relief". The resolution was moved by Miss Perin Nariman.

PORNOGRAPHIC BOOKS

A resolution moved by Mr. Homi J. H. Taiyarkhan "in the interests of the younger generation" and accepted by the House drew attention to the "increasing amount of pornographic literature to be seen on the cheaper bookstalls" of Bombay. It requested the Commissioner to consider the advisability of taking up the matter with the authorities concerned in order to minimise their sale and exhibition.

The same corporator also moved that considering the increase in thefts and other crimes and the decrease in bringing the offenders to book, the Municipal Commissioner should consider the desirability of approaching the Police Commissioner to make the Crime Detection Branch more effective. The resolution was accepted.

Grievances Of Nagpur Weavers

NAGPUR, Aug. 2. (UPTI): About 175 shops belonging to weavers remained closed yesterday as a protest against the Government attitude towards the weavers.

It is stated that one of the grievances of the weavers is that the Government do not impose any tax on those handloom goods that come from outside the province. Consequently such goods are sold at cheaper rates here much to the detriment of sellers of locally made goods which require encouragement from the Government.

It is also stated that the handloom industry is a purely cottage industry and such should be exempted from the operation of the Sales Tax.

BURGLARY BEFORE PUBLIC

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

The presence of mind of a taxi driver deprived a group of four Sindhi refugees, of cloth worth Rs. 12,000 which they had succeeded in stealing from a shop which they had broken open, late last night.

The entire attempt which was conceived as a bold coup narrowly misfired, due to the suspicious and whispered talks of the men who were trying to remove the cloth in a taxi. But the alleged thieves managed to get scent of the taxi driver's intention, jumped out of the taxi and escaped in the darkness.

It is stated that late last night a taxi drew up at the Lamington Road police station. The driver got out in excitement and had a long story to tell. He said that at about 10-30 he was called to a shop—the United Mill Depot at Chira Bazar—by a group of four persons who looked like Sindhi merchants. They proceeded to break open the door of the shop. When some people nearby asked them what they were doing they said that they were representatives of the shopkeeper, that they had been asked to get cloth from the shop urgently but that they had misplaced the key. They thought it proper to break open the lock.

This explanation coupled with the open manner in which the men were going about their business, allayed the suspicion of the onlookers. The gangsters then proceeded to get into the shop, bring out bundles of cloth and loaded the cloth in the taxi. The load included an assortment of fine silks, woollen pieces and other varieties.

The men, it is then stated, got into the taxi and asked the driver to take them to Dadar. On the way the taxi driver heard them exchanging whispers and growing curious began to ask them questions. They were trying to be very evasive. This roused the suspicion of the taxi driver who deflected his course and began to drive towards Lamington Road.

The Sindhis challenged him and obviously guessing from his demeanour and his persistence in driving in a wrong direction, they flung the doors of the taxi open and jumped out and ran for their lives.

It was already a late hour, the road was deserted and the taxi driver could not pursue all of them. He therefore, did the next best thing. He drove up to the Lamington Road police station and told his story.

To the surprised and credulous police officer who heard his report, the driver pointed the load of cloth in his taxi, which the police promptly seized.

Attempts to trace the bold adventurers who planned this coup are being pursued by the police.

BEWARE OF THE IMITATION OF OUR POPULAR "LILY TOFFEE"

Hereby we have to inform the public that we the Personal Products, Vile Parle, Bombay 24, are the only manufacturers of the above stated popular Lily Toffee and we hold all the rights as Proprietors of the same. Recently our attention is drawn to the imitations of this most popular Toffee. It is our duty to draw the attention of all our respectful customers to beware of this imitations. We request them to see always the Standard Labels and specify the right Toffee before they purchase.

We hereby give a stern warning to the manufacturers of this imitations, with a view to stop them from doing harm to our reputation, that the legal actions deemed necessary to stop this imitations shall be taken without any hesitation.

PERSONAL PRODUCTS
Vile Parle, BOMBAY. 24

TWO TITLES FOR GOOL NASIKWALA

Banoo Cama And Mani Barucha Win Doubles

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

THE Princess Victoria Mary Gymkhana sponsored open table tennis tournament very rightly resulted in a personal triumph for Mrs. Gool Nasikwala the leading woman player in the city. Playing in two of the three finals this evening Gool won both of them with the usual degree of comfort. Opposed by Suhasini Dharap for the third time this season in the final, Gool was forced to surrender the first game, but the next three went to the champion.

In partnership this year with Dady Kapadia, Gool retained her mixed doubles title along with H. M. Khanchand. The women's doubles final saw a marathon struggle result in a deserving victory for Mrs. Banoo Cama and Mrs. Mani Bharucha.

Before the poorest crowd ever witnessed on a final day of any tournament, Suhasini Dharap promoted hopes in the hearts of her supporters by penetrating through the rock-like defence of Gool Nasikwala and drew the first blood. But the masterly Gool was not in any way ruffled, and she settled down to exasperating Suhasini into hitting outside or inside the net. The next three games went to Gool and with them the title.

The most interesting match of the evening was the women's doubles final between Mani Bharucha and Banoo Cama on one hand and the top-seeded Meera Gajendrasingh and Rhoda Shroff. Down two games, Banoo and Mani made a brilliant recovery to win the match from there. With two match points in the fourth game against them, Banoo and Mani were not dismayed and from there they pulled the game out of the fire to win a very exciting final.

Gool Nasikwala

Both the pairs continuously attacked the backhand of their opponents with a view to keeping them in check, and some very brilliant exchanges were witnessed, but in the end the erratic nature of the game of Meera and Rhoda contributed in no small measure towards the success of Banoo and Mani. In the fifth and the last game, Banoo and Mani took a flying start and ran up a lead of 8-1, but afterwards a little relaxation on their part helped Meera and Rhoda not only to draw level at eight but to take the lead at the time of changing the ends of the table. Fighting doggedly, Banoo and Mani levelled the scores and as a matter of fact were leading with a match point in their favour too in this game. A few inspired and opportune strokes saw Banoo and Mani annex the title.

The mixed doubles title went to the fancied pair Dady Kapadia and Gool Nasikwala who were playing against the giant-killers of yesterday Indu Desai and Nadkarni. Contrary to what had happened earlier, Indu Desai found that D.H. was more than a match for her, and try as much as she would she could not penetrate the defence of both Dady and Gool. D.H. and Gool, however, won in three straight games.

The junior's singles final was another interesting affair, and both Joosab and Honavar showed plenty of grit and attacked with all their heart, and the game ultimately resulted in a victory for the senior player Joosab in two straight games.

The following were the results of matches played to-day:—

WOMEN'S SINGLES
(Holders: Mrs. Gool Nasikwala and defending)
FINAL: Mrs. Gool Nasikwala beat Miss Suhasini Dharap, 18-21 21-13 21-15 21-11.

WOMEN'S DOUBLES
(Holdrs: Mrs. Gool Nasikwala and Miss Enid Bocarro, not defending)
FINAL: Mrs. Banoo Cama and Mrs. Mani Bharucna beat Mrs. Meera Gajendrasingh and Miss Rhoda Shroff, 19-21 14-21 21-10 22-20 23-21.

MIXED DOUBLES
(Holders: Mrs. Gool Nasikwala and H. M. Khanchand, not defending)
FINAL: Mrs. Gool Nasikwala and D. H. Kapadia beat Miss Indu Desai and V. M. Nadkarni, 21-19 21-8 21-14.

JUNIORS' SINGLES
FINAL: I R. Joosab beat C. N. Honavar, 21-19 21-15.

CALCUTTA FOOTBALL LEAGUE

CALCUTTA, Aug. 2, (P.T.I.): The two matches played in the First Division of the Calcutta Football League today resulted as follows:—
Kalighat 1, Calcutta 0.
Mohan Bagan 0, Rangers 0.

In the Day's Sport

FOOTBALL

Cooperage

5-45 p.m. Trades vs. Goans (First Division Harwood League).

St. Xavier's College Ground, Parel.

4-30 p.m. Kohinoor Mills vs. Bombay Stars.

5-30 p.m. Burmah-Shell 'B' vs. B.B. and C.I.Rly. "B" (Quarterfinals Musry Cup).

TABLE TENNIS
St. Xavier's College Hall
3 p.m. Inter-College Tournament.

BADMINTON
Bandra Gymkhana.
6-30 p.m. Suburban Open Tournament.

ALOO MEHTA WINS KEEN MATCH

Inter-College Table Tennis Tournament

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

Many keen matches were witnessed in the Inter-College Table Tennis Tournament which was continued this afternoon at the St. Xavier's College Hall.

Miss Aloo Mehta, the Grant Medical College second player, created a mild sensation when she beat in two straight games an experienced campaigner in Ruby Satarawala the Khalsa No. 1. In another interesting match in the Women's Singles Miss Manjula Bhatia of the Elphinstone College beat Miss Urmilla Zaveri from St. Xavier's 21-16, 21-18.

The best matches in the men's doubles event were the two in which the Jai Hind College pairs were involved. While the second combination of the Jai Hind College suffered defeat at the hands of the Siddarth "B" pair, their first pair easily accounted for the leading combination of the Bhavans College.

In three exciting games in the mixed doubles the "B" team of the Siddarth College got the better of the first string of the Wilson College.

The winners won the first game but dropped the next one. The decider however saw both the team vie for supremacy, and Siddarth pair claimed the match, the scores in their favour reading 21-17, 16-21, and 21-17.

NEW ZEALAND MATCH DRAWN

Glamorgan Out For 73 On Rain-Soaked Pitch

SWANSEA, August 2, (PTI-Reuter): Making their smallest score of the season, Glamorgan were all out for 73 in their drawn match here today with the New Zealanders, who had declared their first innings at 378 for six wickets.

Because rain had robbed the match of so much cricket the public were admitted free for the closing two hours, but the Glamorgan batsmen were sacrificed to make a Roman holiday for the New Zealand bowlers.

On a drying pitch which took spin, George Gresswell bowled his off breaks with such devastating effect that Glamorgan lost six wickets for 28 runs and only a brave batting by Len Muncer averted a complete rout.

Cresswell took five of the first six wickets at a cost of twenty runs before he was surprisingly taken off but with Muncer and Hever offering a temporary check, he was recalled and immediately broke a stubborn ninth wicket partnership His final figures were six for twenty-one.

Muncer's bold batting was in striking contrast to the timidity of his colleagues.

Going in when six wickets had fallen for 28 he scored 33 of the 45 runs added before the innings closed. It lasted only an hour and 50 minutes.

There was no time for more cricket and in a drawn game the New Zealanders had to be content with their first innings lead of 305.

Rain, which had wiped out all but twenty minutes of yesterday's play in the match between the New Zealanders and Glamorgan here, again interefered this morning.

The New Zealanders declared at the overnight total of 378 for six and Glamorgan had scored two for no wicket in their first innings when rain stopped play.

The players took an early lunch in the hope that the pitch would recover sufficiently from the soaking it had received allow play to be resumed.

Only two hours remained for play when Glamorgan eventually continuterfered this morning.

The following were the scores:

NEW ZEALANDERS 1st innings) 378 (for 6 declared).

GLAMORGAN (1st innings): E. Davies c Scott b Cresswell 3; Clift b Rabone 1; Parkhouse c Ccott b Crisswell 19; Robinson c Burke b Cresswell 10; Watkins c Wallac eb Cresswell 0; Wooler c Sutcliffe b Cresswell 4; Montgomery c Rabone b Burke 1; Muncer b Burke 33; H. Davies c Donnelly b Burke 0; Hever l.b.w Cresswell 9; Trick not out 2; Extras 0; Total 73.

BOWLING ANALYSES: — Cresswell 13-3-21-6; Rabone 5-1-18-1; Burke 11.4-1-32; Burttt 6-4-2-0.

TATAS SCORE FULL POINTS

Papen's Brilliant Display

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

Tata's beat Burmah-Shell by the odd goal in three on a ground that was just a sea of water splashing all over and players slipping without a foothold. Light feet were rendered heavy, and a heavy ball travelled slowly. This First Division match in the Harwood Leaguue commenced with Tata's playing only nine men.

Both sides had equal opportunities of winning and it was only Thingalaya who saved Tata's from defeat. Papen played an excellent game to cover the entire defence. Angelo played well for Burmah-Shell.

Tata's exerting their superiority under ground conditions that were far from being only slippery scored their first goal midway through the first period when outside left Keshav sent in a capital centre that first drew Eagle, the Shell goalie out and Anwar standing handy made no mistake.

At few minutes before the interval Rego gave Santiago a fine pass. Santiago turned and sent the ball past Thingalaya to bring the Oilmen on par. One minute before the interval Diago Fernandes came in to fill up the gap in the Tata team.

Midway through the second period Tata's put in a fine leader when Anver passed to Anthony who made no mistake in beating Eagle.

Shell were given a chance in a hundred to draw level as Referee Panton suddenly made up his mind for no reason at all, or may be for obstruction, a penalty kick against Tata's, and Angelo taking the kick failed to beat Thingalaya who brought off a beautiful save.

It was at this stage that tempers rose and Anwar was ordered off the field for ungentlemanly behaviour. Some more rough tactics were adopted by both sides and the referee also came in for some booing from the crowd as he committed far too many mistakes. Tata's prevailed by the odd goal in three.

At the end of the game the crowd booing the referee followed him to the club house but no untoward incident occurred and the crowd left peacefully.

The teams:—

TATA SPORTS: Thingalaya, Shetty, Papen, Dhanvadar, Krishnan, Diago, Anthony, Anwar, G. D'Souza, T. Balan, Keshav.

BURMAH-SHELL: Eagle, H. Fransis, Angelo, Noronha, Pinto, Wilner, Michael, Rego, Santiago, A Francis, Peter.

Referee: L. Panton.

Swedish Footballers Not To Play In Bombay

The W.I.F.A. Committee appointed the following to select the teams for the Zonal Tournament which commences at the Cooperage on August 20.

Karnatak: D. M. Mandon; South India: C. S. Nayar; Goans: Jos Gonsalves; Maharashtra G. T. Murthi and Parab; Bombay: G. W. Berry.

The selectors have powers to co-opt on the Selection Committee whomsoever they wish.

Besides, the Committee regretted to announce that owing to the non-availability of the ground which will be taken up for Hockey during November and December, they cannot accommodate a fixture with the Swedish Football team which will be touring the country during these months.

Then, the A.I.F. Federation have invited the local association to forward names of students to comprise a team of ten students and six non-students who will tour Afghanistan. Fr. Joseph Tell will be responsible for the selection along with Mr. Jos Gonsalves.

Finally, Mr. William Lactao playing for Siohim in the Lusito Cup Tournament was suspended for the rest of the season for dangerous play. Mr John Fernandes of Asnora Club competing in the Cortalim Cup was suspended till August 16 (inclusive) for ungentlemanly behaviour.

NO PLAY AT PAREL

There were no matches played this evening at the St. Xavier's College Ground, Parel, owing to the ground condition being unfit for play.

BUDDING ATHLETES UNDERGO TRAINING

Enthusiastic Juniors undergoing training at the Cooperage under the able guidance of Mr. Ullal S. Rao, well-known, Bombay Athlete.

Newly-Formed Athletes Club Take Step In Right Direction

INDEPENDENCE DAY MEET

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

The Bombay Juniors Athletes Club which started its humble beginnings with their first meet in the Victoria Gardens at Byculla and another at the St. Xavier's College Ground, Parel, is making tremendous progress and Bombay's youth have taken advantage and set the ball rolling as regards their performances and daily practices

They can be seen mornings and evenings in whatever open space is available for their practices and they are not shy of seeking the advice of their Seniors who have already gained experience in the field. The Cooperage, Oval, Cross-Maidan, Victoria Gardens and St. Xavier's Grounds have scores of youngsters putting in their paces.

Athletics is bound to succeed in Bombay and India if the right type of coaching and also a sufficient number of competitions to foster keener practice and this enables the athletes to improve steadily.

In commemoration of the Second Anniversary of India's independence, the Bombay Junior Athletes Club is staging a meet at St. Xavier's College ground, Parel, commencing at 2-30 p.m. on Monday the 15th August, 1949.

On this memorable day we salute the young India, the India of our dreams. Today she is an equal partner in the comity of Nations. As her sons and daughters have in other fields achieved great distinction it is the duty of each and every true son and daughter of India to bring honour and glory in athletics to his Motherland. BJAC humbly aims at this rare privilege of training our young boys and girls to bring great fame in the field of sports. To this the cooperation of all sports lovers is invited.

The managing committee sincerely trust that the future torch bearers of India's pride will whole heartedly participate in this meet, and thus indirectly help BJAC achieve its object. Too long have we being slumbering supine, inactive and meaningless. Too long have we being caught napping and only in a mood to admire others; not for a moment pausing to question ourselves whether we also could not achieve what others have performed. But with independence India has seen the light of dawn. The virtues of sport are too many to be enumerated here.

Physical fitness, alertness of the mind, descipline, sense of brotherhood and the spirit of camaraderie.—The BJAC is dedicated to the above ideals. There are some attractive trophies and it is hoped there will be large number of competitors who will participate in this Independence Meet.

LIST OF EVENTS—OPEN MEN—100 m. run; 800 m. run; High jump WOMEN—100 m. run. BOYS UNDER 18—100 m. run; 400 m. run; 1500 m. run; High Jump and 110 m. hurdles. BOYS UNDER 15—50 meters run; 200 m. run; 800 m. run and 60 m. hurdles; GIRLS UNDER 15. 100 m. run and High Jump.

ENTRY FEES:—For Open events--Re. 1 per head per event. Boys under 18—As. 8 per head per event. For boys and girls under 15 As. 4 per head per event. ENTRIES CLOSE ON WEDNESDAY 10th AUGUST, 1949, at 6 p.m. and may be POSTED to Mr. Ullal Rao, c/o Taj Mahal Hotel, Apollo Bunder, Bombay 1, or handed into Mr. J. Jameson, c/o Esplanade Police Station, Bombay.

CONDITIONS:— All competitions are open to AMATEURS only. For the open events, only competitors who are members of the Bombay Provincial Olympic Association or are members of clubs and institutions affiliated to the BPOA are eligible to compete. If there are less than 6 entries for a item, the same will be scratched. Competitors in Junior Events will be allowed to enter in ONE class only.

RANGERS CLUB BOXING

Ceylon Representatives To Put In An Appearance

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

Arrangements are progressing for the presentation of a 'STAR' night of Boxing at the C. J. Hall on the 19th August by the RANGERS CLUB. The Ceylon A. B. A. have sanctioned the appearance of Eddie Gray their light weight champion and Olympic representative and Albert Pehera, their bantam and featherweight champion, Olympic representative and British A. B. A. finalist in 1948.

Gray meets Gene Raymond, the Indian lightweight champion and Olympic representative in what amounts to a return bout, as the Ceylon champion took a points verdict off Raymond in Ceylon about 3 years ago. Albert Perera meets Syd Groves, the Pakistan featherweight champion and Olympic representative in what is also a return bout, as Pirera outpointed Groves at a Rangers show in September 1947.

Behram Irani, the local heavyweight clashes with Hardy Boardman, who is in the C. P. Police and weighs over 020 lbs. and is 23 years of age.

Another eagerly awaited clash will be the fight between Peter Prinee and that vising boxer Ron Willmer of Burmah Shell and the Rangers, Vandergucht, H. Norris, Kothare, Kelkar, Woods, Rockwood, Ballard, all of the Rangers have been booked for the show, and Thomas and Ferrier (BEST), Sharma, Woods, White, Kingsellar (R. I. N.): Salins, D'Sa, Fraser Dias (Dadar B. C.), Sequiera (Petits), Jacobs, Nissim, Aaron (Maccabi), T. McLure (Deolali) have promised to take part and will be suitably matched.

Young Khatau, the promising junior from Petit's, who has scored a series of one round K. O.'c in his last few fights will be seen in action against D. Playfair of the Christ Church School, Byculla.

Club Secretaries who have any lads that would like to appear on programme should contact Supt. T. A. Adams C/o Head Police Office (Tel. 39811 Ext 376).

HAZARE CONSIDERED FINE ALL ROUND IN LEAGUE CRICKET

Change From Five-Day To Five-Hour Matches Has Not Affected Indian Test Cricketer

RAWTENSTALL (Lancashire), Aug. 2 (PTI-Reuter).

WHEN VIJAY S. HAZARE, the Indian Test Cricketer, came to England at beginning of this season to play as professional for Rawtenstall in the Lancashire League, it was his first experience of League cricket. Not unnaturally, he was wondering how his play would be affected by the change-over from five-day to five-hour matches. He need not have worried.

Now, three-quarters of the way through the season, he has established a reputation as one of the finest all-round cricketers in a League which contains a number of "Star" professionals, including Australian, West Indian and English cricketers.

Hazare says he has enjoyed his venture into League cricket. Quiet and unassuming, he has made himself a firm favourite, at Rawtenstall, and his cultured batting has put him within reach of breaking the club's batting record.

So far this season he has scored 800 runs and taken over 60 wickets, and is one of three players in the League with a chance to complete the double of 100 wickets and 1,000 runs. The double has never yet been accomplished by any Lancashire League player.

Hazare considers the standards of play in the League as "good, though not as high as in India, the quicker tempo of the matches and the more sporting nature of the wickets find him a man with divided opinions. As a batsman he naturally prefers the perfect Indian pitches, but as a bowler he welcomes the assistance he gets from Lancashire League wickets.

Lancashire League crowds, he says, take cricket more seriously than spectators in India, and he is frequently amused at the way onlookers "try to tell the batsman what to do." He has a high regard for the hospitality of Lancashire people.

Hazare will be returning to India at the end of the season.

LONG COURSE SWIMMING

B. P. O. A. Acquatic Body Meet At Poona

BOMBAY, Aug. 2, (P.T.I.): The Third Senior Long Course Swimming Championships of the Bombay Provincial Olympic Association Aquatic Council will be held on August 28 and 29 at Poona in the Tilak Tank of the Deccan Gymkhana.

The following events will be held:—

FOR MEN: 100 metres free style, 400 metres free style, 1,500 metres free style, 200 metres breast stroke, 100 metres back stroke, 4 x 100 metres free style relay, 3 x 100 metres medley relay, water polo knockout, and diving.

FOR WOMEN: 100 metres free style, 100 metres breast stroke 200 metres breast stroke, 100 metres back stroke, and diving.

Monday August 15 will be the last day for receiving entries which should be addressed to the Honorary Secretary, Victoria Swimming Bath, Fort, Bombay. Entry fees for each individual event will be rupee one and for each team event ruppees four.

UNSEEDED NILKANTH SURPRISES ANOTHER "INTERNATIONAL"

Erratic Burjor Shroff Goes Down Tamely: Talyarkhan Extended

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

UNSEEDED P. S.Nilkanth caused the first major upset in the Suburban Badminton Championships this evening when he surprisingly beat Burjor Shroff 'India's International in straight sets.

Shroff is the second of our "Internationals" who has lost to Nilkanth. It must be remembered that earlier in the season in the Nasik open Tournament he accounted for Bala Ullal in straight sets. All this speak volumes for Nilkanth. He is out and out the most improved player this season.

Coming to the match proper, Burjor once again played the most inconsistent game, and there was hardly anything that he sent over correctly, while Nilkanth, on the other hand, was cool and collected and was content with keeping the shuttle in play, leaving the rest for his opponent.

Burjor started very shakily but led 3-0 as a result of Nilkanth sending three strokes outside. But Nilkanth levelled the score at 3 all Shroff then played well and as a result of few good smashes down the line he led 9-6. But Nilkanth soon got going and scored three successive points by beautiful drops which Shroff netted. Nilkanth then raced to 13-10 lead, but Shroff soon levelled the matters and the score reached 15 all. At this stage Nilkanth started serving low and Shrfoff netted both the service as a result Nilkanth led 17-15. For the last point, there was a good rally, and finally when Nilkanth dropped Burjor picked up, which Nilkanth flicked it back, this however was a 'carried' but the refree failed to detect it and Nilkanth got the game.

In the second set, Nilkanth led through out, and it was much the repetition of the first set on part of Shroff Nilkanth won the match and the set at 18-15, 15-9.

In the second singles match between Talyarkhan and B. Fernandes which was a test of endurance and stamina Talyarkhan beat Fernandes after three sets Talyarkhan won the first set at 15-4 but he was made to run for every point as a result he was tired in the end of the second set and had to give the set after reaching 10-all after five minutes rest, he won the third set at 15-3.

In the mixed doubles match Motiram Desai gave a brilliant exhibition of drives, pick up and smashes, in the earlier part of the first game, against H. Ferreira and Mrs. Castellino, before going down at 15-6, 15-3.

FOLLOWING WERE THE RESULTS:

MIXED DOUBLES: G. P. Shirke and Miss S. Nigudkar beat M. Pereira and T. Curzai, 15-1, 15-2; H. Fereira and Mrs. B. Castellino beat M. N. Desai and Miss M. Antia, 15-6, 15-3;

MEN'S SINGLES: P. S. Nilkanth beat B. D. Shroff, 18-15, 15-9, H. K. Talyarkhan beat G. Fernandes, 15-4, 10-15, 15-3.

MEN'S DOUBLES: J. G. Kirawani and P. D. Raut beat L. R. Perreira and M. Miranda, 18-13, 15-3; M. K. Bhopardikar and M. S. Patil beat K K. Sachdev and K. L. Sari 15-7, 15-11.

Today's Fixtures

AT THE BANDRA GYMKHANA

6-30 p. m. H. Ferreira and H. Talyarkhan vs C. P. Merchant C. S. Kalyanpur. 7 p.m. D. G. Mugwe and B. V. Ullal vs P. S. Nilkanth and B. R. Agaskar 7-30 p.m. G. Lewis vs. B. Kumble 8 p.m. H. Talyarkhan and Miss P. Shroff vs. winner of C.J. D'Souza and Miss Athaide 8-30 p.m. Lewis and Mrs. Lewis vs winner of B. Ullal and Mrs. Cuthbertson.

Ranji Trophy On Zonal Basis

BOMBAY, August 2 (PTI).—The following is draw for the Ranji Trophy matches which will be played on zonal basis this year, was announced here today:

NORTH ZONE: (A) Rajputana Cricket Association versus Delhi and District Cricket Associations at Delhi. (B) Southern Punjab versus Services Sports Control Board at Patiala. The winners of (A) will meet the winners (B) in the zonal final.

EAST ZONE:—(A) United Provinces will play against the winners of Bihar versus Orissa. (B) Bengal will meet the winners of Assam versus Holkar, to be played at Indore. The winners of (A) will meet the winners of (B) in the zonal final.

The winners of North Zone will meet the winners of East Zone.

SOUTH ZONE: (A) Mysore versus Madras to be played at Madras. (B) Hyderabad versus C.P. and Berar to be played at Nagpur. The winners of (A) and (B) will meet in the zonal final.

WEST ZONE: (A) Gujerat Cricket Association will meet the winners of Nawanagar and Maharashtra, at Ahmedabad. (B) Kathiawar will meet the winners of Bombay versus Baroda. The zonal final will be between the winners of (A) and (B).

The winners of South Zone will meet the winners of West Zone.

The Ranji Trophy Finall will be played between the winners of North versus East Zone and South versus West Zone.

Inter-Provincial Football Tournament

CALCUTTA, Aug. 2, (P.T.I.): Services XI beat Mysore by one goal to nil in the only match played in the Inter-Provincial Football Tournament today.

A. I. R. Calcutta, will relay from Calcutta Football Ground a running commentary in English on the football match between Bengal and Madras in the Inter-Provincial Tournament, tomorrow, August 3 at 5 p.m.

POONA RACES

Handicaps For Saturday

POONA, August 2.

Following are the handicaps for Poona Meeting, Summer Races Second Day, Saturday, 6th August:

The Ajanta Plate, Distance Six Furlongs.

Pramila 9-4, Rim Jhim 9-3, Wondsor Prince 9-0, Jane Jigar 8-11, Ramal 8-11, Bhopal Star 8-9, Diniar 8-9, Vilino 8-8, Royal Crusader 8-8, New Moon 8-7, Flying Arrow 8-6, Parting Summer 8-4, Rana Pratap 8-3, Raghu 8-2, Downpour 8-1, Pankaj 8-0, Full House 7-12, Fair Haven 7-11, Flotilla 7-10, Raj Doot 7-8, Red Bird 7-8, Illicit 7-6, Pippy 7-5, Fie 7-2, Foxbrisse 7-2.

The Kashmir Plate (Div-I) Distance Six Furlongs

China Doll 9-0, Snehprabha 8-12, Aan Baan 8-10, Royal Mantle 8-9, Gamble For Love 8-5, Abbess 8-5, My Pet 8-4, Independence 8-4, Truman 8-2, Shubh Luxmi 7-13, Game Bid 7-12, Sweet Maryla 7-12, Georgie 7-11, Prospero 7-10.

The Kashmir Plate (Div-II) Distance Six Furlongs

Repartee 9-4, Flying Dragon 9-2, Sunbathing 8-13, Near Image 8-12, Irish Right 8-6, Tomcat 8-3, Windsor Park 8-3, Futurity 8-3, Rashtrapati 8-1, Ghizala 8-1, Taslaroon 7-12, Churchill 7-9, Duke of Ramgarh 7-9.

The Nasik Plate Distance One Mile

Queen of Gwalior 9-3, Courage 9-1, Duece of Clubs 8-12, Shah Nawaz 8-12, Embarkation 8-12, Blue Lotus 8-11, Filmindia 8-9, Whirlwind 8-8, Trumpeldor 8-7, Lady Cleopatra 8-6, Wet Bob 8-6, Little John 8-5, Panditji 8-5, Merry Windsor 8-3, Makarpura 8-3, Kennereth 8-3, Cockpit Pride 8-1, Rang Rao 8-0, Ganga Singh 8-0, Valiant Prince 8-0, Battling Admiral 7-12, Aaruz 7-11, Patent Bid 7-8.

The Karjat Plate Distance One Mile

Shirazi 9-6, Marlow 9-2, Sunlight 9-2, Chhatrapati 9-1, Mardan 8-12, Gay Count 8-12, Hercules 8-10, Crown of Kolhapur 8-9, Down South 8-8, Havana 8-7, Broken Mask 8-7, Riviera 8-6, Adorable 8-5, Navroze 8-5, Blue Arrow 8-4, Luminary 8-2, Army and Navy 8-1, Phone Again 7-12, Lalaji 7-10.

(To be ridden by Indian Jockeys, Half Jockeys and Apprentice Jockeys).

The Pimpri Plate Distance one and Quarter Miles.

Brilliant Sunshine 9-0, Mardan 8-12, Hercules 8-10, Singharh 8-9, Adorable 8-5, Luminary 8-2, Phone Again 7-12, Lalaji 7-10, Prove It 7-9, Rohini 7-8.

(To be ridden by Indian Jockeys, Half Jockeys and Apprentice Jockeys).

The Wanowrie Plate (Div-I) Distance Six Furlongs

Kammu 8-12, Wahdina 8-12, Great Lady 8-12, Golden Hope 8-12, Whirlpool 8-12, Florida 8-12, Tabassum 8-12, Odds Again 8-12, Taron 8-12, Desert Queen 8-12, Flying Miss 8-12, Dinkit 8-12, Happy Queen 8-12, Cherry Blossom 8-12, Aafrin 8-12.

(To be ridden by Indian Jockeys, Half Jockeys and Apprentice Jockeys).

The Wanowrie Plate (Div-II) Distance Six Furlongs

Nynon 8-12, Sparkling Star 8-12, Neemphool 8-12, Topflight 8-12, Cool and Collected 8-12, Chrissie Darling 8-12, Egyptian Belle 8-12, Warrior Princess 8-12, New Look 8-12, Honey Bunch 8-12, Flora 8-12, No No Nanette 8-12, Gwen 8-12, Sweet Love 8-12, Willow Stream 8-12.

(To be ridden by Indian Jockeys, Half Jockeys and Apprentice Jockeys).

The Wanowrie Plate (Div.-III Dist. Six Furlongs

Lily 8-12, Mah Khurshid 8-12, Tinker Bell 8-12, True Love 8-12, Salamat 8-12, Malke-e-Alam 8-12, Grace Darling 8-12, Maha Maya 8-12, Smiles and Tears 8-12, Janeman 8-12, Kantaka 8-12, Armina 8-12, V. Day 8-12, Najma 8-12, Mimma 8-12.

Jute-Mat To Be Used In India For First Time

BOMBAY, Aug. 2, (P.T.I.): Jute-mats will be used for the first tims in Indian cricket according to a decision taken by the Board of Control for cricket in India on Sunday when the Board decided to play one "Test Match" against Commonwealth cricket team, allotted to the United Provinces on jute-matting wicket.

Mr. K. S. Ranga Rao, Vice-President of the Board, has been deputed to visit Travancore and explore the possibilities of obtaining jute-mats for use in Indian cricket.

The Board in preferring jute-matting to coir-matting, which is in use now, were of the opinion, that mats made of jute were more soft and hence the pitch would be as good as the grass one. The West Indies, who are accustomed to playing on jute-matting favoured its adoption in India when they played a few matches in this country on coir-matting wickets.

Though jute-mats are easily available in India these have not been tried in India so far. India exports jute-mats to West Indies and other cricketing centres in the world.

Jute-mats being new to Indian cricket, the Board intends to get Indian cricketers accustomed to it before the arrival of the Commonwealth cricket team in October.

The Bombay Chronicle

Governments are only strong when public opinion is definite and decided.

—WALTER BAGEHOT.

ALL OUT FOR FOOD

Mr. Jairamdas Daulatram, India's Food Minister, called for a uniform procurement system, increased food production, attention to the quality of rationed foods, and concentration on the cultivation of subsidiary foods in his two-day conference with Provincial Food Ministers. Mr. Daulatram referred to the difficulties encountered in fixing a proper level of prices for food-grains. It was, he said, a question of fighting inflation. The Union Food Minister's reference to falling world prices and the necessity for stabilising agricultural prices do not in this context read very coherent. There can be little expectation of checking inflation unless agricultural prices which influence all other prices, come down. And hitherto the trend has been all for rising agricultural prices. When the cost of living has fallen in other commodities, there has not been a corresponding fall in food prices. On the other hand, following the previous conferences, there was a rise of 25 per cent for all other units and 50 per cent for Bombay in the procurement rates; and even this was not sufficient to allay agitation in the agricultural areas. Obviously this must be ended if there is to be a real fight against inflation. It is not very reassuring that any fall in world prices is sought to be offset in India by "standardization". However, considering that the objective is increased production and meeting the heavy charges of foodgrain imports by reaching self-sufficiency, the little concession to the prevailing fashion of referring to the "fight against inflation" might well be excused the Food Minister.

The conflicting views of various provincial ministers bear witness to the vast difference in the problems which face the several units. The first distinction is that between surplus and deficit provinces. A large view of the food problem calls for the tactful handling of this and the tendency in surplus areas to cultivate a narrow provincial outlook. The Central Provinces Food Minister, for example, asked for an immediate lifting of controls. So far as there is scarcity in the least degree, controls will have every incentive to remain. Mr. Desai, Bombay's representative Minister at the conference, made a pointed reference to the "need for feeding the people" as well as to fight inflation, which after all is said and done is a general policy that touches on food among other things. For a food conference the central issue must be that of feeding the people.

If the Conference that has just concluded is not to be another occasion for consultation and nothing more the provincial administrations may be expected to set about their work with a definite scheme of stepping up food production. In the past, there was no machinery for continued co-ordination. Now that the Food Commissioner has been appointed with wide powers, the consultations at New Delhi might be expected to yield better results. There has also been a kind of stock-taking and the units were able to explain their position and their efforts to meet the food situation in detail. The consciousness that everything that can be done to aid the units will be done by the Centre, should be an incentive to sustained effort. It is now for the provinces to communicate this confidence to their people and to ensure that the scope for waste is reduced to the smallest possible margin. There are reports from the districts which suggest that good intentions are dissipated by the time they trickle down to the people, that even a simple matter like the distribution of fertilisers is liable to run to waste because of lack of intelligent supervision. To launch on a large-scale programme without adequate attention to the details that matter, will be a mockery of the efforts that are being directed to a solution of the problem. The Delhi conference is a sign that every attempt will be made to co-ordinate work.

Kite-Flying

The report that the Food Commissioner has sought the assistance of the R.S.S. in meeting the food crisis, is a surprise. It is incredible. In all countries, political parties have eagerly welcomed any opportunity to assist in the collection and distribution of food because this gives them a remarkable chance to get in touch with the people and to secure some kudos for beneficial work. To the R.S.S. a hand extended by the Food Commissioner would be a godsent opportunity to rehabilitate themselves which will be readily availed of. But from the point of view of the Government of India, this position is far from good. It is possible to argue that work in the constructive field of food might give the ordinary R.S.S. worker a chance to turn his agitational energy to useful channels. But it is even more likely that he will carry on his propaganda, welcoming the new opening. Whatever happens, the R.S.S. men engaged in this activity will need careful watching. It is not to be expected that the Government will be so naive as to accept the doubtful protestations of the R.S.S. as genuine. Mr. Golwalkar is at great pains to establish that the leopard has not changed his spots. If anyone misunderstands the attitude of the R.S.S. Chief, he has only himself to thank for it. But the reported action of the Food Commissioner is likely to lead to an impression in the country that it is a sign of over-anxiety on the part of the Government to make its peace with the R.S.S., despite the coyness of that body. It might be contended that the approach to the R.S.S. is part of a larger move on the part of the Government to secure the co-operation of all political parties in a general all-out drive for food self-sufficiency, though wisdom requires that the party should be last approached, not first. It is not impossible also that a casual remark in the course of personal talks has been magnified by the R.S.S. into a concrete offer from the Food Commissioner. If it is the first, then it must be said that the approach is entirely wrong and liable to be misleading. If it is the second, then there is nothing more to be said but a prompt denial by the Government is desirable. Even a round table conference of all those who possess a representatives status, which will give the Government all the co-operation it desires, will not be necessary, so soon after conferences and consultations with the provincial ministers at the head of the Food Departments. The subject would have been discussed at the recent meeting of Food Ministers.

Opposition

There is a touching naivete in Mr. Asoka Mehta's assertion that the election successes of Mr. Purshottam Tricumdas and Mr. Sarat Chandra Bose had "restored our faith in the Common Man". Evidently that much spoken of person has only one function to perform—return the friends and followers and leaders of Mr. Asoka Mehta to legislatures. The Common Man might well feel flattered at being admitted so readily into the inner sanctum of the Opposition that is to be. After all, there must be a gallery for every political agitator and what better fate can the Common Man hope for than to decorate the environment of the Heroes of the Opposition. Mr. Purshottam Tricumdas lamented the one great tragedy of Leftists in India, quarreling over petty trifles. He wanted a certain amount of give and take. This seems extremely improper and wholly unnecessary. What about the Common Man who is there to supply all the "give" that is needed in politics and is the source of much of the "take"? Surely he has not been forgotten by our Leftist leaders? Mr. Tricumdas is asking too much of his rival leaders when he suggests that they should behave like Common Men. Let us keep a regard for the decencies of public life and observe the due distance between leader and follower. The third of the Trinity of Leftist consolidation, Mr. Sarat Chandra Bose, was emphatic on the necessity of having an Opposition. Considering how easily he is able to maintain this position, one would hardly have thought that it called for any great effort. It is one of the mysteries of politics that people who are in the opposition already, should be so insistent on forming an Opposition. It brings to mind the tailless fox of Aesop.

Tete-a-Tete

WITHOUT COMMENT

Mr. Sarat Chandra Bose and Mr. A. A. Khan, Leader of the Fourth Party and the Opposition, met together at Poona on 29th July for the second time and had exploratory talks with a view to have a strong opposition to the Congress Party at the next elections. Further exploratory talks will be necessary before a final decision is arrived at in the matter.

—Press Note from Mr. M. M. A. Bhaiji, "Hon. General Secretary, Fourth Party Bombay Legislature."

* * *

Declared Mr. Sarat Candra Bose at the Cowasji Jehangir Hall "victory" reception: "Socialism has become a historical necessity in 1949."

Sure. Especially after the result of the South Calcutta by-election.

* * *

Presiding over that celebration, Mr. R. K. Karanjia maintained that if Congress resigned today, Leftists would be able to form an alternate Government.

And, of course, we don't need to name the mainstay and prop of the Leftist Cabinet.

* * *

Mr. Asoka Mehta and Dinker Desai said that a healthy opposition was essential for the working of democracy.

Yes, a healthy opposition. Which also is at internal peace with its own body inchoa—sorry, body corporate.

* * *

Mr. Purshottam Tricumdas vehemently criticised the Congress Governments and insisted that they had failed to build houses, step up food production and fulfil promises held out by the Congress.

To add one more item to the comprehensive nearly all embracing charge sheet, Congress Governments have also failed to create and consolidate Leftist Unity.

* * *

And talking of Leftist unity, Mr. Purshottam Tricumdas said that it was a tragedy that Leftist parties in India and abroad laid stress on minor differences....

May we gently protest? This sounds to us like a hardly gracious retort by one of the two guests of honour to the President of the Victory Reception.

* * *

According to a Nagpur report, India's Food Commissioner, Mr. R. K. Patil, is reported to have sought the co-operation of the RSS in the fight against the food shortage in the country,

H'm.

* * *

And, adds the report, the Sangh chief, Mr. M. S. Golwalkar, is believed to have agreed to discuss with the Food Commissioner details as to how the R.S.S. could help in the matter.

Double h'm.

* * *

Fourteen policemen, says a Jammu report, were injured, four seriously, when the police tried to disperse a procession of Praja Parishad volunteers here on Sunday last.

We should like to know these Praja Parishad patriots of Jammu and Kashmir better. For instance, who and what they are and so on.

* * *

Condemning the Id message of the Prime Minister of Pakistan, the Secretary of the Bombay Province Jamiatul-Ulema says: "Nawabzada Liaqat Ali Khan is supposed to be one of the Pakistan oligarchy....

Is he now? But then the message doesn't represent a lapse exactly. It is, in fact, a case of calculated self-preservative sobriety.

ESSENTIALS OF GROW MORE FOOD CAMPAIGN

By M. N. R. RAO

EVERY one knows that we are not having as much food as we want apart from the reality or otherwise of the shortage of actual food grown in India. But it is the common man who is feeling the pinch of this shortage and he wants the authorities and the agriculturists to do their best to grow more food.

The bringing into use of undeveloped land with the aid of tractors has made more land available for the growth of food grains and other suitable crops. But the cost of bringing this into a cultivable state is increasingly heavy and it cannot go on like that. While for the first time to bring undeveloped land to a state of cultivation it might be necessary to use tractors it would be not only uneconomical but definitely harmful to the interests of the agricultural labour as in India man power is so vast.

So we must concentrate upon the problem of getting more and more produce by the help of manual labour. To do so we must give sufficient inducement to agricultural labour to stay in the villages and work on the farms. They will do so if they find that by remaining in the villages and working on the farms they will not be losers. For example if a man were to leave his village and go to an industrial town and there earns Rs. 100 he would not easily be made to stay at home unless he gets at least Rs. 75 per month. Therefore, before blaming him Government must cry a halt to any further rise in the wages of the industrial worker.

WHAT VILLAGER WANTS

The villager must be made to feel that his interests are being well looked after by the Government and that by his toiling on the land he will not be in the end neglected. The mere prospect of his some day becoming the owner of the land he tills does not encourage him so much as a real and substantial benefit rendered to him immediately. What he wants is seasonable wages, cheap grain, easy credit, good seed grain, cheap and reliable agricultural implements, less botheration from revenue officials, protection from robbers, protection of his animals and crops from wild animals, education for his children, some entertainment at his place and last but not least to be treated as a human being who is as much part of the economic structure of India as any of the Cabinet Minister is. It is no use to be told that there will some day be a Kisan and Mazdur Raj when he is at present either half-clothed or half-fed and is in the clutches of the relentless village sahucar. Once these points are attended to the real problem of agricultural development and research could be attended to the benefit of all concerned.

Coming to the question of agricultural development one must not be carried away with the impression that the Indian 'kisan or Ryot' is ignorant of the best method of getting good crops. But owing to the harsh treatment he is subjected to both by the landlords and the procurement officials he does not now take the trouble he was formerly taking. Also due to the present difficulties of obtaining good seed grains, sufficient quantity of manure, timely credit and other difficulties, he finds that even if he wants he cannot do what is expected of him.

MANURE WASTED

The Governor-General's appeal to the towns to make available the town refuse for agricultural purpose is not being heeded by many of the local bodies and much of the useful manure is being wasted. Of course there are some practical difficulties in the way of collecting and sifting the town refuse before it is fit for manure. For any foreign materials like empty tins, pieces of glass, nails and wooden and metallic pieces would not only cause serious accidents to persons who are handling the manure but they are useless for the purpose of making manure. Then again in towns where there is the flushing system, all the refuse is washed into the sea or river as the case may be and it is practically impossible to collect the same after it has been thrown into the sea or river. In Bombay attempts are being made to divert the sewage water to previously arranged concrete pans where the water is drained off and the solid residue converted into manure. But unless this is done on a large scale the huge quantities of refuse daily collected cannot be made available to agriculturists.

The natural difficulties such as lack of rain, grain rust and floods are some of the obstacles in the way of greater and greater production. Government must concentrate upon plans of digging tube wells, renovating old tanks and fighting plant infection by using the latest scientific methods of insect and disease fighting. The most up-to-date methods of river control and afforestation must be adopted to see that damage from floods is minimised.

VILLAGE LIFE STANDARD

Then side by side the development of the standard of village life must be tackled. There should be for every taluk if not for every village a development panel consisting of some eight to nine persons from various walks of life. That is one should be a Teacher, another an agricultural expert, the third a lawyer, the fourth a Co-operative expert, the fifth an engineer and so on with one Doctor and one social worker. The duty of such a panel should be to educate the children of the villagers, to take care of the sanitary and health conditions of the villages, to build suitable roads and all-weather houses, to organise Co-operative societies and banks, to give legal aid to the villagers and generally to organise the villagers on a self-supporting basis.

In order to make such a panel work successfully the members of such a mission should work with a self-sacrificing and missionary spirit. And the Government also must give some sort of help to such people by way of facilities in the form of free education to the children at schools of cities nearby the Taluka at which the mission members work. They must also be given family allowances if their wives stay apart from them and stay with their school going children. Thus the members of the Rural Development panel will work with a single-minded devotion freed from the worries about their family.

COTTAGE INDUSTRIES

Side by side cottage and home industries should be developed so that the agriculturists would be able to earn some cash even during the slack season. Such industries like weaving, carpet making, basket making, carpentry, smithy and such other things like the manufacturing of 'gur' and agricultural tools should be taken up by Government so that the requirements of the villagers could be promptly met with. They might model their industries on the type of industrial schools run by some of the Missionary Societies, where the young villager could not only learn a trade but earn while learning.

Then attention should be paid to improve the communications from the villages to towns and also between themselves by the building of all weather roads and introducing bus transport so that every village is connected to the nearest town by bus so that at least once the bus touches

(Continued on Page 7)

FRANKLY SPEAKING

Greece And Communism

In an optimistic report on the Greece-Turkish aid programme, which completed its first quarter of 1949, President Truman told the U.S Congress that the chances of a Communist victory in Greece were more remote now than at any time since that Balkan nation was freed from the Nazis in 1944. President Truman suggests that this is due to the fact that U.S. economic and military aid "has succeeded in slowly reducing guerilla capabilities to achieve dominance by military force." But this is only one of the two main reasons for the recession of a communist victory U.S. economic and military aid did check the development and extension of the Communist guerilla campaign in Greece. It must, however, be emphasised in this connection that this success has been achieved in spite of, rather than because of the regime that has ruled Greece in these years. Royalist and reactionary, this regime could never claim to command popular appeal or support. Had America and Britain favoured a democratic regime—which, incidentally would have been keeping faith with their own traditions and principles—a people rendered apathetic by the present set-up might have responded actively to the call of democracy. And it was more than likely that what was and is still a "slow" process, as President Roosevelt himself admitted, might have been speeded up quite considerably. This fact also stresses the importance of continued U.S. aid on a substantial scale.

What U. S. Must Do

But American aid has been, as we have said, only one of the two factors that have helped to push back "the chances of a Communist victory in Greece." The Communist guerillas received, naturally, powerful support from the neighbouring Communist countries, especially Yugo-Slavia. They lost a great deal and were considerably weakened by the delection of Marshall Tito from the Soviet Union and the Cominform. That defection made it possible for the Greek Government to wrest the initiative from the guerillas. But the situation may change with the collapse of the Tito regime in Yugo-Slavia just as much as with the end of, or crippling reduction in American aid. It is clear that U.S. policy must do three things in order to "save" Greece and, indeed, to protect democracy in non Cominform Eastern Europe. The programme of aid must not be whittled down. Secondly, the United States must insist on a broad democratisation of the Greek Government. And finally, the United States must directly as well as through its proteges of Western Europe, help and assist Marshal Tito without imposing conditions and demanding guarantees repugnant to his Socialist principles.

Traitorous Conduct

By their performances in Jammu, the R.S.S. are striking a deadly blow at their own organisation. What is worse and of serious concern to the entire country is that it constitutes a disservice to the Jammu and Kashmir State, which might have disastrous consequences. The R.S.S., according to a Jammu report, have been causing trouble in the disguise and under the title of "Praja Parishad." With a simply amazing sense of irresponsibility they have chosen this, of all times, to start an agitation in Jammu against the Government; and one of the latest incidents in this agitation involved violence resulting in injuries to several policemen. Defiance of authority and activities subversive of law and order and public security are worse than reprehensible in Jammu and Kashmir today. But when all this has its basis, in a campaign to promote communal hatred, as the District Magistrate of Jammu, Rao Sahib Zindraban, points out, such conduct amounts to a traitorous crime against both the Jammu and Kashmir State and India. The R.S.S. enemies of the State must be firmly dealt with. But in the meantime, it is the duty of their leaders to pause and think where their followers are leading Jammu and Kashmir

Welcome Agreement

Another welcome development is reported from Batavia in the progress towards a Dutch-Indonesian settlement. A cease-fire agreement has now been finally signed at the U.N. headquarters in Batavia, which now clears the way to the Round Table Conference at the Hague. There had been three serious hurdles in the way of a satisfactory and just settlement of the Indonesian problem at this Round Table Conference: First, Dutch insistence on not restoring Jogjakarta and the Republican regime; second continued fighting; and third, absence of an understanding between the Republicans and the Dutch-created Federalists. All those hurdles have been crossed. And the most gratifying and welcome success is represented by the understanding that has been arrived at between the Republicans and the Federalists. Indonesia will be a Federation instead of a single unit. That is a disadvantage . But it is a minor disadvantage compared with what has been avoided and what has been achieved. Patriotism has prevailed so that what was intended to dismember the country into bits, unrelated to one another, has been turned into an inter-dependent, inter-related group joined together in an over-all Federation. The Round Table Conference can now easily suceed if the Dutch face realities and submit to the inevitable. If they do not, then that disastrous situation will certainly arise, against which the Indonesian Republican representative at the U.N. headquarters in Lake Success uttered a grim warning only the other day.

OUR READERS' VIEWS

Malignant Propaganda

The late Qaid-e-Azam had once declared that he was prepared to sacrifice 45 millions of the Indian Muslims in order to achieve Pakistan. He had his promised Pakistan but thanks to the Almighty Providence the Indian Muslims escaped the sacrificial altar. Today they are the free and proud participants in all that would constitute into the great republic of free India. But the Pakistan Israilites would not let the Indian Ismail alone. Nawabzada Liaquat Ali Khan is supposed to be one of the sober units of the Pakistan oligarchy, and he of all should not have taken upon himself the onus of such malignant and blasphemous utterances as he made on the termination of the holy month of Ramazan.

The sore of the past years' happenings has well-nigh healed and today the free Muslims of free India had the privilege of celebrating an I'd in which their non-Muslim brethren were spontaneous participants Perhaps the Pakistan Prime Minister knows this in the heart of his hearts His I'd remarks can only be construed as an attempt to camouflage the woes and worries of disillusioned Pakistan Muslims and simultaneously disparage the rapidly growing sweet harmony among the Indian Nationals.

Our only prayer on such occasions should be that God Save us from our friends.

There are enough Muslims abroad on Earth and let Pakistan show its solicitude to them and let us alone.

M. F. AXAMI
General Secretary,
Jamiet Ulema, Bombay Province.

Housing Shortage

So far the housing policy of the Government has been more destructive than constructive. Private enterprise which built for others and was the main source of supply has been stifled by overtaxation, penal legislation and harassment. The result is that the housing shortage is getting worse and worse every day for the very common man, whose interests Government profess to have at heart but have really harmed most. To give one instance my niece is now married for five years, has two children but is still unable to find decent rooms anywhere even with Pugree.

V. M. S.

The New Saviour!

Your comments on the latest pronouncements of Mr. Sarat Chandra Bose are quite refreshing and unbiased. It is unfortunate that such unbalanced utterances should be made at this critical juncture by one who claims to bring peace and plenty at short notice. His acceptance of Sardar Patel's challenge and promise of a more efficient and beneficial Government within a week of the resignation of the present regime can only be characterised as quixotic and even his own other leftists groups must have been surprised. His victory in the recent by-election has seriously blinded his vision and made him forget his limitations.

All the ills from which his own native province is suffering can primarily be traced to the long standing bickerings among the Congress Parties, "the Bose and Sen-Gupta Groups". The differences are still kept up and petty jealousies and personal quarrels mar the country's progress and ruin its best interests. Can Sarat Babu bring about peace and unity in Bengal first in his own way, "Republican Socialism or Democratic Socialism" before talking of taking up the reins for All-India? If he really has any stuff and a large following as he claims in his utopian utterances, let him organise and work for the benefit of his people in the constructive channels instead of abusive criticisms. Is he for orderly progress, respect for law and order or anarchy and mobocracy as now exists in Bengal. While not losing a single opportunity for showering filthy charges against the Congress Governments, has he uttered a word against the organised goondaism, arson, looting and orgy of violence going on in his native Province? Perhaps he prefers that kind of rule to orderly progress. He accuses the Government for taking steps against such anti-social elements and calls it "curtailment of Civil liberties". God forbid that India should have a new Socialist rule under such a "responsible and level headed leader." Let us pray from being spared of such a contingency.

His tirade against the Congress in foreign countries, specially in London is despicable and unworthy. It calls to memory the vile and poisonous propaganda carried on by the British through paid hirelings. It sounds ridiculous that such vituperations are made on British soil by one who talks of severing completely all connections with British Commonwealth?

To complete his Utopian theory may I suggest respectfully to Sarat Babu to announce his team for the Central and Provincial Governments for the satisfaction of the anxiously awaiting public?

—P. R. NILKANT

Goans Betrayed

The recent ruling of the Bombay Government declaring Goans ineligible for voting at the forthcoming elections, has been a veritable bolt from the blue. Four hundred and fifty years of Portuguese domination have not succeeded in differentiating them from their bretheren in the Indian Union. The Government of Bombay have done in one day what history could not do for centuries.

It is an undeniable fact that Goans and Indians are one and the same—economically, ethically and culturally. It was a mere accident of history that the former fell under the Portuguese as Pondichery went to the French. Goa is as much a part of Bombay as Pondichery is of Madras or Chandranagore is of Bengal. The Bombay Government, however powerful it may be, cannot undo the work of centuries through a mere notification. It is an insult to the nationalist spirit of Goa.

If the Government have forgotten the past, they cannot certainly afford to be blind to the present. The fact that Bombay Goans are an integral part of this great province has come to stay. They have rendered and are rendering valuable services to the public in all departments of life. They serve as cooks, butlers, domestic servants; they fill Banks and Insurance Companies; they lecture in Schools and Colleges; they have adorned the Mavoral Chair many a time; and last but not the least, not a few of them are working in the Secretariat, and thus helping the Government to carry on their administration—the very Government that now gives them a political burial as their REWARD. And as an insult to injury the Government have thought it fit to place them on a level with the Arabs and other foreign elements.

One wonders what earthly factors might have led the Congress Government to adopt this strange and utterly illogical attitude towards their own compatriots. In the light of that flaming torch Goans will march onward. The political death in the form of disfranchisement, imposed upon them by the Bombay Government, may just be one of the obstacles on the way.

G. N. PAI

National Memorial

India obtained independence on 15th August '47. Two years of it have already been enjoyed. And soon we shall be celebrating the second anniversary of our hard-won independence. On this occasion we remember that there is no suitable memorial for our independence.

India's approach to liberty is a milestone in the world politics. It delivers a free message of peace and love to the fighting world. It wishes good-will to every nation existing on the globe. It has set up an example in the history that liberty can be obtained by peaceful means avoiding bloodshed. India believes in a complete non-racial and secular state. Thus it is necessary that we should have a suitable monument erected to commemorate our freedom.

R. J. MAJITHIA

OPEN AIR

In the short grass quite near the roadside, we came across some small, white, orchid-like flowers growing on tall, slender stems from a single flat, round leaf, and we recognised them, from pictures we had seen, as the Habenaria rotundifolia, or Round-leaved Habenaria. This plant grows from a small brown tuber which remains dormant in the ground during the long dry months, but sends up its single, small, green shoot as soon as the rains come. The shoot opens out into a round, smooth leaf which lies flat on the ground, and in a short time a flower-stalk appears and grows up to a height of four or five inches, bearing from one to four pure white flowers which are very attractive in appearance. The three upper petals bend over to form a "hood" to protect the inner parts of the flower, and the two side petals grow out like wings. The lowest petal is divided into three fine lobes, and extends at the back of the flower into a tubular spur over an inch in length. The flowers of the Habenaria Marginata, which I have found growing in Talegaon, are structurally similar, but the flower stalk bears a large number of flowers which are yellow in colour, and the plant has several leaves instead of only one.

—D. R.

HABENARIA & OTUNDIFOLIA

Our Madras Newsletter:

MIXED RECEPTION FOR AGRICULTURAL BILL

Wide Powers Of Acquisition By Government

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT))

MADRAS (By Air Mail).

THE Madras Government's response to the food crisis is the formulation of an Agricultural Bill, based ostensibly on the British Agricultural Act. The Bill which was published last week for public criticism, has evoked a storm of protest as well aes a certain amount of support.

The Bill is welcomed because it would be an important factor in removing legal difficulties in the way of Government bringing under cultivation or helping to bring under cultivation cultivable lands which lie fallow. Its objectives are stated to be to see that no land which is capable of being cultivated is left uncultivated, that all arable land is kept in a state of good cultivation and fertility, that necessary steps are taken to secure and maintann crops and livestock free from disease, and that a prope. rotation of crops is maintained.

Big landlords who own a large acreage of arable land allow portions of it to lie fallow either because cultivation expenses have soared up, or agricultural labour is difficult to procure or facilities for cultivating it, such as water and cattle, are not easily available.

The Bill takes power to compel agriculturists of this type to bring fallow land under cultivation by providing them necessary facilities to do so. It guarantees to the cultivator a satisfactory price for his produce and a ready market for it. It seeks also to prevent the diversion of agricultural land to the cultivation of commercial crops to the detriment or exclusion of food cropps.

POWERS OF ACQUISITION

To that extent the Bill is welcomed and supported. But it goes further and lays down that where a landlord does not, even it be for some valid reason, resort to the cultivation of all his land Government can acquire it on a temprorary or semi-permanent basis, according to the discretion of the Collector, and have it distributed among the cultivators in the village on such basis as the Collector ma, decide

Power to determine which land is fallow and which is not is proposed to be vested in a n agricultural Supervisor—a point which is of significance because this officer is generally a junior officer in the agricultural cadre, on whose decision the rights in private property of a number of landowners will depend. This may lead to oppression and harassment of private landowners.

The Bill also provides for the establishment of Agricultural Improvement Boards, which will be composed of representatives of agriculturists and Government officers, and will be in charge of the efficient cultivation of the lands acquired by the Government and will finance the agricultural operations thereon subjsct to Government approved.

They can let out lands so acquired to co-operative scieties, agricultural labourers and those who have agricultural experience Whether these Boards will be helpful to private cultivators and enable them on anyway to overcome the obstacles and handicaps in the way of carrying on their work it is difficult to say

It was stated that the Bill was prepared during the regime of Omandur Ramaswami Reddiar Ministry, but Mr. Reddiar in a press interview has disowned his parentage. In fact Mr Ramaswami Reddiar said that he was opposed to some of the provisions of the Bill, which are too closely based on the provisions of hhe British Agricultural Act and, therefore, unsuited for conditions in this country

Another point of view expessed on the Bill is that when the Government are not in a position even to provide sufficient irrigation facilities and other aids to the cultivator to carry on his vocation as things stand at present, it is inconceivable that they can undertake the cultivation of huge plots of laids under their own supervision and do it effectively. The Bill will be taken up during the next session of the provincial assembly.

MADRAS MINSTERIAL ENQUIRY

Public reactions to the Working Commitee decision to entrust the firther examination of the charges against some Madras Ministers and ex-Ministers to Mr. Kumaraswami Raja, Premier, are not very favourable. A certain amount of satisfaction is no doubt expressed in Congress circles here that the Working Committee has after all realised the seriousness of the position and has taken note of the need to do something to restore confidence in the Public mind that allegations openly made against Ministers in their official cauacity will not be allowed to remain uninvestigated.

Sdme of them also feel that it was in a way proper also for the Premier to be given an opotrunity to go into the charges against those who arde his colleagues and to saisfy himself about their validity. But there is a larger body of opinion which feels that while there is nothing inherently wring in asking the Premier to examine the charges against his colleagues, it was not exactly justified in this case, as Premier Raja has more or less identified himself with some of the Ministers against whom chrages have been pending and had relied on their support in connection with his election as Leader of the oCnrgess Legislature Party.

This section also argues that when Mr. Shankarrao Deo had already conducted what was known as "a preliminary enquiry", there is no need for a further preliminary examination by the Premier who had himself helped considerably in the conduct of the Deo enquiry Mr Raja has, of course, denined that he had not in anv way identified himself in the manner anggested with the Deo enquiry though he helped Mr Deo in his task by enabling him to ave access to relevant papers

It is asserted by the section who are not in favour of the Premier's examination that, if the Working Committee was convinced that there was a case for a judicial or quasi-judicial enquiry, it should have instituted that straightaway They expect, however, that the issue will not be allowed to be prejudiced, because the members of by the Working Committee to deal the sub-committee of three appointed with the Madras affair will not allow it to be prejudiced.

FIRKA DEVELOPMENT WORK

Encouraged by the progress that has been made in connection with the village reconstduction work under the Firka Development scheme, the Madras Government have decied to extend the scope of the work to two more firkas in every district. A report made bv Mr G Ramachandran on the progress of firka development activity has revealed that in the 27 firkas selected for intensive development work, the villagers have been taking enthusiastically to he schemes intended for their benefit and are actively participating in their execution.

The scheme still suffers from lack of departmental co-operation, but so far as the villagers themselves are concerned, they have learnt the importance of self-reliance and self-help in carrying on work, from which they will be the direct beneficiaries The Government's decision is a recognition of the usefulness of the firka scheme, and as the two additional firkas to be brought under its srope in each district are to be contiguous to the firkas already selected for development, there will be no need for additional supervisory staff.

Stop Press

E C. A. ALLOCATIONS

WASHINGTON, August 2. (UPA). The Economic Co-operation Administration announced today that it has allocated 649 000 dollars to Korea to buy dol. 291.000 worth of miscellaneous inedible vegetaole products in the United States or its possessions and dol. 408.000 worth of Manila or Abeca fiber from the Philippines.

4 SOCIALISTS ARRESTED IN WARANAL

HYDERABAD, August 2. (PTI): Four members of the Socialist Party were arrested in Warangle today in connection with the "Try Nizam Day" which was to be held today, according to a report received in the Hyderabad office of the State Socialist Party. A procession which was to be taken out there "to voice a demand for the trail of the Nizam" was banned by Deputy Civil Administrator of the District the report said.

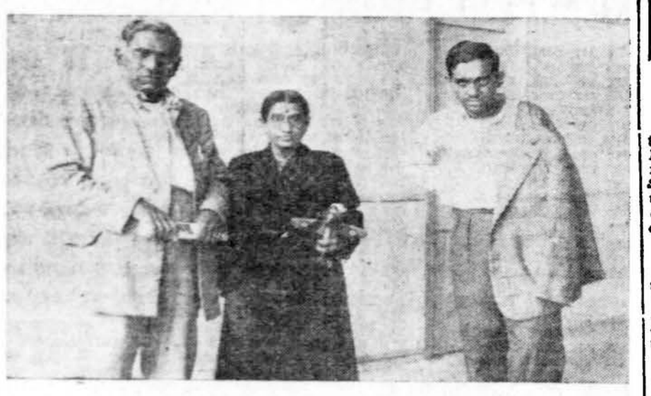
ORDNANCE STRIKE BALLOT MOVE

KANPUR, Aug. 2. (PTI.)· The All-India Ordnance Employees Federation, which claims to represent 75 000 employees working in various ordnance establishments in India, will take a strike ballot from August 15 to 20.

TITO'S PLEDGE

BELGRADE, August 2 (UPA).—Marshal Tito of Yugoslavia today pledged full help to any popular uprising in Bulgaria or Albania aimed at overthrowing the present Cominform supporting regimes.

A. I. N. E. C. CHIEF



Mr. C. R. Srinivasan, President of the All-India Newspaper Editors' Conference snapped at Santa Cruz airport with his family on their arrival from U.K.

FRENCH INDIA SETTLEMENTS

REFERENDUM TO TAKE PLACE AS SCHEDULED

Amicable Settlement Between India And France Urged

MADRAS, August 2, (PTI).

THE three-man French India delegation headed by M. Goubert arrived in Madras today 'en route' to Pondicherry.

M. Goubert told pressmen that the referendum in the South Indian French settlements would take place as scheduled on December 11 if no agreement was reached in the meantime between the Indian and French Governments on this question.

The delegation during their visit to Paris M. Goubert said, represented to the French Government the advisability of avoiding a referendum in the interest of the people of these settlements. They, therefore, suggested that some agreement should be reached between the two Governments to settle the future position of the French Indian territories amicably.

The French Government, he added, pointed out that as there was no move from the Government of India in this direction, they could not take any initiative.

M. Goubert said that the delegation also suggested to the French Government to grant full autonomy to these Settlements before the referendum took place. The French Government, he said told the Delegation that autonomy could be granted only after the referendum had taken place and the people had opted to remain within the French Union.

The Government of India, M. Goubert said, had agreed to treat the decided to join the Indian Union, as French Indian Settlements, if they an autonomous unit administered by the Central Government instead of merging them with any of the Provinces.

On the question of holding a referendum he said, the Government of India felt that as some major political issues were involved the people of these Settlements should be consulted. When these Settlements come under the Indian Union, they would continue to enjoy a certain amount of autonomy consistent with the policy of the Indian Union Government, he added.

M. Goubert and M. Balasubramaniam Pillai immediately on their arrival drove to the office of the French India Consul here where they were closeted with M. Chambon, Commissioner of French India, who arrived here today from Pondichery to receive the members of the delegation.

The members of the delegation will leave for Pondicherry tomorrow.

Roosevelt's Daughter Granted Divorce

PHOENIX, Arizona, August 1 (U.P.A.): Mrs. Anna Roosevelt Boettiger, the only daughter of the late President Franklin Roosevelt, today divorced her newsman husband, John Boettiger.

Superior Judge R. L. Jennings granted the divorce on Mrs. Boettiger's cross complaint charging "wilful desertion".

Boettiger's original suit claiming "extreme mental cruelty" was lost by default when he failed to answer his wife's cross complaint within 20 days as prescribed by Arizona law.

The divorce is the second in the Roosevelt family within the past two months. Franklin D. Roosevelt, Jr. was divorced by his heiress wife, Ethel Dupont a few days after he was elected to Congress from New York.

Village Lad Is Now Lord Of The Manor

BURGH-ON-BAIN, LINCOLNSHIRE —Over 40 years up the marble pillared ballroom, the massive rooms and long corridors of the manor house here fascinated young Johnny Holmes.

He was the village carpenters apprentice, and all the money he had was two pennies a week his mother gave him for the church collection.

Doing odd jobs at Girsby Manor, with the 2,000-acre estate, was always a thrill for young Johnny.

And later, when he was courting, it was through the woods at Girsby Jhonny Holmes went walking with his sweetheart.

Now Johnny, the one-time carpenter's boy, is the owner of Girsby Manor.

It was as Mr. John Edward Holmes, prosperous timber merchant that he flew over the woods in his private aeroplane, and said simply.

"Yes I think I ll buy it." And he signed a cheque for nearly £100.000 sterling for the manor, the estate and most of the village.

Mr. Holmes, now 64, said of his purchase, "The manor means a lot to me for old time's sake".

Until recently the manor belonged to Sir Jhn Fox, former High Sheriff of Lincolnshire.—PTI-Reuter.

American Blonde Lands Lead Role In G. B. S. Play

LONDON, (UPA): A cute little blonde from East Orange, New Jersey, has landed one of the most coveted roles on the British stage in the last 10 years—the lead part in George Bernard Shay's first play since the war, "Buoyant Millions."

Frances Day's success story began back in the days when night club and speakeasy were synonyms. In the early 30's, when she was ony 16, Frances crossed the Hudson River and got a job as a show-girl in a Broadway gin mill with the famous Texas Guinan.

Eventually Frances drifted to England and various "singing hostess" jobs before trying her lusk on the stage. Soon she had attained musical comedy stardom and was a headliner in her own right.

"But even I admit it was somewhat of a shock to be askd to do a Shaw play," Miss Day said, crinkling her mischievous eyes. She was interviewed while packing her bags to leave for the Malvern Festival, where on August 13 she opens in the world premiere of "Buoyant Millions."

"I know I can act but most people associate me with singing and dance or outright farce," Miss Day said. "There I was clowning in a revue called 'Latin Quarter' and suddenly I got asked if I wanted to read the part."

She stretched a figure that would pleasantly astonish the folks who remember her as rather skinny.

"I developed quite a bit over here," she said, "I mean mentally. But even so I was a little nervous when I began to read the play and I was even more nervous when I was told I would have to go down to Ayot St. Lawrence and do the second act for Shaw."

She took a deep breath.

"He's marvellous — Shaw, I mean. He's 93-years old — it's fantastic to think he's that old. Why, his brain is that of a brilliant man of no more than 50 and his eyes still have a twinkle that must have caused a lot of mischief in his time.

"We were there for his approval, I guess. We ran through some of the lines and it was astonishing the way Shaw remembered every word of his own dialogue — even though he's written another play since then.

"He even got up and showed us how to act. I guess he liked me because I got the role."

Miss Day plays the part of "She." While she is pledged to secrecy about the plot it was learned elsewhere that Shaw has set his play in London and Panama and uses his characters to get over spicy comments on finance, social evolution, the behaviour of nations, and others of his pet subjects.

COUNTY CRICKET RESULTS

LONDON, Aug. 2, (P.T.I.-Reuter): The following were the results of county cricket matches which concluded today:—

AT SOUTHEND

Essex vs. Worcestershire. No play today owing to rain the match was abandoned as a draw.

Essex 456. Worcestershire 224 and 182 for 2 wickets.

AT LEICESTER

Leicestershire vs. Northamptonshire The match was abandoned as drawn owing to rain.

Leicestershire: 340.

Northamptonshire 333.

AT HOVE:

Sussex beat Middlesex by six wickets.

Sussex 302 and 152 for four (Dogart not out 68, James Langridge not out 50).

Middlesex 91 and 358 (C. Oakes 5 for 107).

NEWS BRIEFS

(Compiled from UPA, PTI and UPI despatches).

AUSTRIAN TREATY

The deputies for the Austrian peace treaty on August 2 failed to make headway in discussion of a special report on how much of the Danube Shipping Company's assets should go to Russia. They are expected to continue this asptct of their talks on August 30.

ARAB REFUGEES

The Arab delegation to the Palestine peace talks told the United Nations Conciliation Commission on August 2 they accepted Israel's offer to discuss immediately the return of Arab refugees to Israel.

FORTIFICATIONS

According to reports from Tiberias near the Syrian border, Syrians are building new fortifications east of the river Jordan along the Israe. frontier. All fortifications west of the Jordan, in territoy which Syria won in the Palestine fighting but has to relinkuish, have to be destroyed before August 11 under the terms of the recent ceasefire agreement.

MAHASABHA MOVE

The Hindu Mahasabha will contest the forthcoming elections in West Bengal, Mr. Asutosh Lahiry, General Secretary of the All-India Hindu Mahasabha, said in Monghyr on August 2.

KING LEOPOLD

At the invitation of self-exiled King Leopold, a Social Christian (Catholic) and Liberal Party delegation will leave for the King's residence in Switzerland on August 2 an attempt to break Belgium's political deadlock. Sources close to the King's secretariat said the Socialist delegation led by Acting Premier, Henri S. Paare was "returning empty handed" and that the conference had proved a failure.

BRITISH DENIAL

A British Embassy spokesman on August 2 dismissed as "not true" the Brussels report that Britain has asked one-fourth of the Belgian Congo's annual production of atomic raw materials.

INDIAN HONOURED

Prof. Manek Thacker of the Indian Institute of Science at Bangalore has been elected a fellow of the American Institute of Electrical Engineers. He is the first Indian to achieve this honour.

RENT CONTROL

The Military Governor of Hyderabad has promulgated a house rent control law for the Cantonments of Secunderabad and Aurangabad. Under this law the fixation of "fair rent" is done by the Controller and the landlord is prohibited from demanding any excess. It also protects the tenants against eviction.

JUTE DUTY

The Congress Assembly Party on August 2 decided that allocation of a certain percentage of the jute export duty among the jute-producing provinces of Bengal, Bihar Assam and Orissa should be discontinued after 10 years from the commencement of the new constitution.

LANGUAGE CONVENTION

Fifty scholars of different provincial languages will participate in the national language convention to be held in New Delhi on August 6 and 7

RED AGENTS

Communist agents are entering the United States in "untold numbers" according to Senator Pat McArran, Democratic Chairman of the Senate Judiciary Committee.

GERMAN UNITY

German Communist newspapers claimed Thomas Mann as one of their own after his trip to the Soviet Zone town of Weimar. The nobel prize winning author spoke in Berlin on August 1 in celebration of the 200th Anniversary of Johann W. Goethe Mann said he did not recognize the occupation zones in Germany.

RAJAJI'S STATUE

In commemoration of the historic salt satyagraha of 1930, in Vedaranyam, under the leadership of Mr. C. Rajagopalachari, a park with a full size statue of Mr. Rajagopalachari is to be constructed according to a Tanjore message.

MR. SANJEVI

Mr. T. G. Sanjevi, Director-General of Central Intelligence Bureau; Government of India, returned to Bombay by air from London aftr an eight-week study tour of various police establishments and intelligence bureau in Europe.

EMBASSIES

Mr. K. R. K. Menon, Secretary to the Finance Ministry, Government of India, left Bombay by air for London today to inquire into the financial organisation of the Indian embassies in London and Washington.

URANIUM DEPOSITS

An Australian prospector on August 2 reported discovering large deposits of uranium near Marble Bar in north-western Australia, W. D. Millar of Biloela, Queensland, said it was the richest deposit yet found in Australia. He said the local assay office report showed about 40 per cent unanium from test bores.

GREATER VIGOUR

Mr. S. Guruswamy, General Secretary of the All-India Railwaymens Federation, said in Madras on August 2 that greater vigour was required on the part of the Ministry of Railways to convince the railway employees that all that could be done was being done for them.

INFLATION REMEDY

Mr. G. D. Birla, Indian Industrialist, told Indian students in London that there was no future for them in India unless production was increased. More production and industrialisation, he said, were the remedy for the present high prices and inflation.

U. S. CHIEFS

The United States taree Chiefs of Staff arrived in London on August 2 from Germany for talks with British, Norwegian and Danish military leaders on the 12-nation Atlantic Pact Organisation.

COMMON PRESS CODE FOR DOMINIONS

Information Consultative Sub-Committee Move

NEW DELHI, August 2. (PTI): The Inter-Dominion Information Consultative Committee, which concluded its two-day deliberations here today, reviewed the activities of the press and other media of information in the light of recommendations made at its last meeting held in Karachi on March 15 and 16.

Press members of the two delegations met in a sub-committee and discussed the voluntary press codes prepared by the Pakistan Newspaper Editors Conference and the All India Newspapes Editors Conference . The press representatives agreed, after some discussion, to refer the Indian code to the P N E C and the Pakistan code to the A I N E C to enable the two organisations to examine the possibility of evolving a common voluntary code.

The official members of the committee who met in a separate subcommittee discussed the various and films. The proposals were later trends in broadcasting, publications placed before the main committee this morning and they were adopted with some modifications.

People IN THE NEWS

SARAT BOSE

CALCUTTA, August 2, (P.T.I.): Mr. Sarat Chandra Bose, Founder-President of the Socialist Republican Party, arrived here today from Bombay. Mr. Bose was given a rousing reception at the air port.

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MR. T G. NATARAJA PILLAY

SINGAPORE, Aug. 2. (P. T. I.): The former Indian Agent in Malaya, Mr. T. G. Natarja Pillay, who retired recently after 26 years' service in Malaya left for Madras. Mr. Pillay, who is 56 will settle down in Tanjore, Madras Presidency.

The new Agent Mr R. Ramakrishna Rao, took charge some weeks ago.

HELP POLICE KEEP ORDER

Mr. Sarkar's Appeal

CALCUTTA, August 2 (PTI): The Acting Premier of West Bengal, Mr. N. R. Sarkar, in a statement to-day appealed to those, who had the true interests of the nation at heart, to cooperate with the Government in preventing the mischief-mongers, who delighted in fishing in troubled waters, from working up passions and prejudice.

He said: "We must ever bear in mind Panditji's recent appeal that we should all strive earnestly towards creating an atmosphere in the country in which national advancement can take rapid strides."

Mr. Sarkar, who was referring to the incidents that had occurred in Sealdah station and the surrounding areas on Saturday and Sunday last, said that these were symptomatic of a general tendency to take the law into one's own hands and to magnify even a small incident into something of deeper significance.

He, however, considered it a very healthy and wholesome sign, auguring well for the future, that the public, particularly the non-official organisations like the Hindu Mahasabha and others, along with the Congress volunteers, went out in the streets of Calcutta to work in co-operation with the police to maintain peace and prevent disturbances from spreading.

The police, with their limited resources, could not obviously deal with a situation adequately unless the public came forward to co-operate with them to maintain peace, he added.

BENGAL UNREST

(Continued from page 1)

deadly weapons and led by some local Communists attacked the houses of two villapers who, it is alleged, had helped the police in attaching the property of some absconding Communists of the village. Other villagers soon came to the rescue of the victims and a free fight ensued between the two parties. The villagers ultimately succeeded in driving away the raiders.

'No Dictation From Soviet Bureau'

LUCKNOW, Aug. 2 (PTI).—Mr Lal Bahadur Shastri, the United Provinces Home Minister, declared in the Legislative Council today that "the greatest danger" facing the country was the Communist Party and it should "not be allowed to thrive."

Mr. Shastri who was moving the United Provinces Maintenance of Public Order (Amendment and Proceedings Validation) Bill 1949, added, "We do not want to be dictated to by the Soviet Bureau."

ESSENTIALS OF GROW MORE FOOD CAMPAIGN

(Continued from page 6)

the village in the morning and once in the evening. Apart from this a sort of rough telephonic connection from the villlage to the taluks should be arranged on the type of military field telephones using the trees and Bamboo stakes as telephone poles so that speedy communication of messages could be carried out.

If these things are done side by side the grow more food campaign will not only result in a tremendous success but it will have made the villages better and healthier places to live in and the villager a really happy man. I trust that these suggestions will be considered and put into practice by Government.

R

CONTROLLED PRICE OF CHARCOAL DUST.

In order to meet the demand of Badami Charcoal manufacturers, who are the largest consumers of Charcoal Dust (Matti) Government have decided to fix the prices of Charcoal Dust on volume basis instead of on weight basis as at present. Accordingly the price of Charcoal Dust that passes through 1/8" mesh has been fixed at Rs. 25 per 100 cubic feet (Brass) ex-depot.

Use Of National Flag

(From Our Correspondent)

JUBBULPORE, Aug. 1.

The need to lay down clear rules regarding the use of the National Flag of India by the public has been engaging the attention of Government of C. P. and Berer for some time. Absence of such rules has led, perhaps unwittingly, to several instances of grave misuse of and discourtesy to the Flag. To ensure the correct display and use of the Flag, and to see that this sacred symbol of Nationall honour is treated with the respect and honour due to it, the Provincial Government have decided to prescribe the following rules which will govern the use of the Flag by the public. Government trust that these will be scrupulously observed by the people so that we may develop a noble tradition of respect for our National Flag which has inspired millions of our countrymen in the past to priceless sacrifice and even to death:—

The National Flag of India is ordinarily to be flown only on important Government buildings, such as the High Court, the Secretariat, offices of Deputy Commissioners, Janapada Sabhas and jails. It should also be flown on the residences of Ministers. Deputy Commissioners are entitled to fly the Flag on their residences. On all other places, such as private residences, clubs, offices, etc., it may be flown only on National holidays and on historic and special occasions specified by Government.

CORRECT WAY OF FLYING

The Flag should always be hoisted briskly and lowered slowly and ceremoniously. The Flag should be flown only from sunrise to sunset. The correct way of flying the Flag is with saffron band at the top and the green band at the bottom. When it is displayed flat and horizontally on a wall the saffron band must be uppermost; when displayed vertically saffron should be to the right with reference to the Flag; i.e. it should be to the left of a person standing facing it.

The Flag should "never" be used for draping a table, platform, portrait or statue.

When the Flag is flown from a staff it must fly from the peak of the staff except on occasions of official mourning when it is flown half-staff. When the flag is to be flown half-staff it is first hoisted right up to the peak and then hauled down slowly to half the total length of the staff from the top.

When a flag is worn out, or otherwise not in a fit condition to be displayed, it should not be thrown aside where it might be treated with disrespect, but should be destroyed in whole privately, in a manner suited to the reverence due to the Flag.

On the bonnets of cars the Flag should be flown only by the Ministers and the Speaker of the Assembly. No other person should fly it.

The Flag should be looked upon as a sacred and honoured symbol. Indiscriminate use of the Flag offends its dignity and houour.

SOME DON'TS

Do not show, or cause to be shown, any disrespect to the Flag. Do not use the Flag as a part of a trademark, or of advertisement. Do not allow the colours of the Flag to fade, and never fly a faded or torn flag. Do not fly the Flag upside down. Do not use the Flag as a covering for the ceiling, or for draping. Do not let the Flag touch the ground, but always carry it aloft and free. Do not display the Flag below the level of chairs or seats on a platform. Do not place any other flag or emblem above the level of the Naional Flag.

TATA STEEL SHARES RECOVER AFTER EARLY DECLINE

Dyeings And Kohinoors Move Up On Persistent Support

BOMBAY, August 2.

Under mixed trading, there was irregular price movements today on the Bombay Stock Exchange. Higher opening levels attracted sales of profittaking nature in Tata Steels while Textile Share displayed good undertone. Later on Steel Shares hardened.

The market is awaiting fresh developments and buyers are cautious. There is now absence of any aggressive short selling. Investors are still holding aloof as money market remains firm.

Tata Steel Defd. Shares opened Rs. 5/- higher at Rs. 1232/8 and improved at Rs. 1237 8 under scattered buying. At this level the demand was satisfied and with increased realising sales Defds. declined at Rs. 1210/-. This decline attracted short covering and the market improved at Rs. 1220 Ordinary Shares opened at Rs. 260/- and after improving at Rs. 261/- declined at Rs. 258/- but rallied at Rs. 260/-.

Bombay Dyeings opened at Rs. 1055/- and after declining at Rs. 1050/- advanced at Rs. 1062/- on short covering. Kohinoors after touching Rs. 256/- declined at Rs. 252/- and steadied at Rs. 253/-.

Swadeshi Mill Shares opened at Rs. 283/- and improved at Rs. 287/- while Scindia Shares were quoted at Rs. 12/-.

Indian Irons were done at Rs. 21/12 while Bengal Steels changed hands at Rs. 16/8.

Central India Shares were placed at Rs. 201/- Gokaks were quoted at Rs. 240/- while Simplexes were done at Rs. 155/-.

Associated Cements were steady at Rs. 144/- Belapurs were done at Rs. 150/- Bombay Burmas were quoted at Rs. 252/-.

Towards the close there was renewed buying and short covering which hardened Tata Steel Defd shares at Rs. 1238/12 while Ordinary shares were placed at Rs. 262. Bombay Dyeings were done at Rs. 1062. Kohinoors were quoted at Rs. 256 and Swadeshi shares were placed at Rs. 289. Scindia shares improved at Rs. 12/3. Closing tone was steady.

FORWARD SECTION

MILL SHARES	
Bombay Dyeing (10-8)	1062 8
Kohinoor Mills (4-2)	257 0
Swadeshi Mills (12-4)	289 0
Central India Mills (4)	203 0
Simplex Mills (6-8)	157 0
New Great Eastern (8)	130 8
Indore (9 plus 3)	112 8
Gokak Mills (12)	238 0
Century Spinning (15)	2[illegible]
Colaba (12)	113 0
India Bleaching (6)	125 0
Swan Mills (20)	290 0
Finlay Mills (15)	238 [illegible]
Morarji Goculdas	44[illegible]
Edward Sassoon (30)	192 8
Meyer (12)	119 6
Apollo Mills (As 4)	[illegible] 8
India United Ordinary (0-13-9)	9 14 0
India United Defd. (0-2-6)	1 9 3
Madhusudan Mills 15	165 0
Podar (8)	126 4
Khatau Makanji (5)	189 0
STEEL SHARES	
Tata Steel Ord. (14)	262 8
Tata Steel Defd. (64-13)	1237 8
Tata Steel 2nd Pref. (7-3)	138 4
CEMENT	
Associated Cement (6)	144 9
INDUSTRIES	
Burma (12-8)	253 2
Belapur Sugar (9)	180 0
Shivrajpur Syndicate (1-8)	23 8
Scindia Steam (0-3)	12 3 6
Premier Construction	79 0
Tata Chemical	9 2 6
Tata Oil (2)	47 4
India Iron (0-12)	22 0
Bengal Steel (0-8-9)	16 14
British India Corp (0-9)	[illegible] 11
Indian Copper	1 15
Wimco	170 10
Alcock	240 0
ELECTRIC SHARES	
Tata Power (25)	1442 8
Andhra Valley (30)	1362 8
Tata Hydro (3)	144 0

CASH SECTION

C [illegible]	
Elphinstone Mills (9)	51 0
Phoenix (50)	140 0
Indian Mfg.	4150 0
Kuria	117 8
New City (11)	147 8
Minerva (12)	113 8
Bradbury	325 0
Bharucha Defd (0-4)	4 5
Bharat Mills (2)	26 0
Mysore Spg. Mills (4)	156 12
Madhavji Dharamsi (0-12)	14 8
Model Mills (12-8)	160 10
Lakshmi Cotton (25)	595 0
Vishnu Cotton (8)	200 0
Western India (40)	4074 3
Standard (15)	205 [illegible]
Sholapur Mills (200)	3125 0
Sassoon Cotton Mills (0-8)	15 4
Hindustan Mills (40)	6000
Tata Mills (2-4)	47 0
Ahmedabad Advance Old (9)	250 0
Ahmedabad Advance New	139 0
Sassoon Silk (3)	34 0
New Union Mills (0-8)	15 4
Madhusudan B (2-8)	28 0
Srinivas Mills (8)	153 12
Raja Bahadur Poona (4)	67 [illegible]
Berar Mills	281 4
Victoria Mills	228 0
ELECTRICS (CASH)	
Ahmedabad Electric (4-0)	123 12
Ahmedabad New	43 8
Surat Electric (2-8)	131 4
Karachi Electric (2)	131 4
Broach (0-5)	6 12
Ajmer Electricity (0-8)	7 2
Amalgamated (0-12)	12 6
Nagpur Electricity (1-12	26 4
Poona Electric Supply (8)	146 [illegible]
Bombay Suburban (3) X.R.	131 4
Bombay Suburban New	41 0
BANK SHARES	
Imperial Bank of India (35) X.D	1745 0
Imperial Bank of India P.P (8-12) X.D	421 4
Central Bank (1-8)	77 0
Central Bank New (1-8)	77 0
Bank of India (4)	175 0
Union (0-5)	7 0
Bank of Baroda (2-8)	122 0
Devkaran Nanjee Bank (1-8)	40 0
United Commercial (8)	42 8
Jaipur Bank (1-8)	35 8
Hindustan Commercial	17 0
Mysore Bank (8)	165 [illegible]
Eastern Bank (8-14 6	165 0
INSURANCE	
Oriental (125)	4100 0
Empire (10)	625 0

New India (7)	54 0
Jupiter (1-4)	11 14
Vulcan (0-10)	11 9
Indian Mercantile (21)	34 8
Universal (0-4)	11 4
B. I. G. (1)	15 12
[illegible] and Prudential	29 4
Neptune	9 0
New Great	25 0
All India General	15 10
RAILWAY SHARES	
C.P. (1-14) XD	112 4
[illegible] MISCELLANEOUS SHARES	
Steamer (10)	216 4
Bombay Burma New (5)	94 6
Burma Petrol	1 4 3
Mackenzie (6)	65 0
Port Canning (3)	61 0
Kemp and Co. (30)	382 8
Zandu Pharmacy (7)	130 0
Industrial Invest Trust (3-12)	84 0
Dharamsey Chemical (2)	30 0
Mukund Iron	19 4
Dena Trust (0-12)	16 0
Alembic (15)	155 0
Supreme India X.R.	77 0
Jam Wire (6)	67 4
Bombay Uganda	60 4
Bombay Motor Cycle	30 0
Indian Cement (1937)	—
Walchand Nagar Industries B.S.)	127 8
United Motor	32 0
Associated Cement New (3)	140 8
Bombay Safe Deposit (27)	880 0
Hyderabad Construction	19 10
Manmadi Steam	96 0
Gujarat Motor	20 0
Sardar Carbolic X.D.	700 0
Harvey Press	810 0
Estrela Batteries	31 0
Manmad Press	120 0
PREFERENCE SHARES	
Tata Steel 1st (6)	192 8
Andhra Valley (7)	1235 0
Tata Power (7-8)	1315 0
Hydro Electric (7)	126 4
Bombay Steamer (6)	217 8
Central India (5)	625 0
Swadeshi Mills	128 4
Vishnu Mills (7)	— —
Lakshmi Mills	258 12
New Great Mills (5-8)	220 0
Podar Mills (4)	105 J
Shrinivas Mills	98 0
Johnstone Mills (7)	106
Bradbury Mills (7-8)	205 0
Surat Electricity (3-4)	140 10
Pre. Construction First	100 0
Pre. Construction 2nd Pref	98 0
Amalgamated	115 0
Habib	72 0
Tata Chemical	113 12
Walchandnagar	130 0
Jupiter	19 14
Supreme	100 0
Meyer	110 0
Mackenzie (1st)	85 0
Mackenzie (2nd)	80 0
Ahmedabad Advance	132 8
Mysore Mill	50 0
Standard	99 0
Madhusudan	12 0
Khatau	100 12
Morarji	94 8
DEBENTURES	
Andhra 1952	103 8
Guja Kalamsingh	8 9
Rubber Planting	17 8
Bombay Steamer	97 0
Indian Hume Pipe	101 0
Tata Power 1951	103 0
Walchandnagar	104 0
OUTSIDE SHARES	
Burma Corporation	2 3
New Victoria Mills	2 0
New Victoria 2 (Pref).	4 4
Paltan (8)	90 0
Gold Mohoor	312 8
New Kaiser Hind	360 0
Sajjan Mill (20)	160 0
Osmanshahi (10)	235 0
Azamshah	240 [illegible]
Air Services of India Tata	5 0
Hind Motor	2 15 6
India Steam	5 10

INDIAN STOCK EXCHANGE
BOMBAY, Aug. 2

Tata Ordinary 262 Tata Deferred 1237 8 Indian Iron 21/14 Steel Corpn. of Bengal 16/12 Bombay Dyeing 1061.4 Central India 202 Gokak 238 Kohinoor 256 Simplex 157 Swadeshi 258 8 Tata Power 1442/8 Associated Cement 144 Belapur 180 Bombay Burma (Old) 253 Scindia 12/3 Central Bank 77 New India 54 Tata 2nd Pref 138 Union 7

ELECTRIC
Ahmedabad 124-6 23-12.
Andhravalley 1360 62-8.
Suburban 130 31-4
Hydro 145-8 44.
Hydro Pref. 126-4.
Power 1440 42-8.
Power Pref. 1315.
New India 53-8 54.

STEEL
B. Steel 16-9 16-12 16-11 16-15 16-14.
I. Iron 21-10 21-13 21-12 21-14 21-12 22.
Tata Defd. 1230 26-4 40 25 32-8 10 38-12 37-8.
Tata Ord. 261 60-8 62 59 62-8.
Tata 2nd Prer. 138-8 38-12 38-4.

MISCELLANEOUS
Alcock 238-2 40.
A. C. C. Old 144-8 43 44-4.
A. C. C. New 139-4 40.
Belapur 179 82 77-8 80.
B. B Old 252-8 53-2 52-8 53-2.
B. B. Petrol 1-4-3.
B. I. C. 7-10.
I. Bleaching 125.
I Copper 1-15.
Port Canning 61.
P. Const. 79 80-8 78 79-8 79.
Shivrajpur 23-8.
Tata Chem 9-2 9-3 9-2 9-3 9-2-6.
Tata Pref. 113-12.
Tata Oil 47 46-12 47-4
Wimco 170 71-4 70-10.

SPECIAL
Bombay Suburban New 41.

GOLD & SILVER

Bank Rejects Silver Tenders

BOMBAY, August 2.

All tenders for Silver were rejected by the Reserve Bank of India today. The market was anticipating tenders at lower rates and most of the applications were below Rs. 160/-. They were not accepted and the Bank has asked for 100 bars Silver tenders for tomorrow.

Ready Silver opened very steady at Rs. 162/- but quietened at Rs. 161/10. Ready Gold was quoted at Rs. 113/12 and Sovereigns were placed at Rs. 74/-.

Later on the market was quiet. It is understood that forward trading would not be resumed before Aug. 15. Closing quotations were as under:—

Ready Silver	161	8	0
Ready Gold	113	12	0
Sovereigns	73	12	0

BOMBAY COTTON

BOMBAY, August 2.

There was brisk buying in new crop months today. Prices recorded sharp improvement.

The market opened quiet and new crop was quoted at Rs. 573/- there was general buying and the market advanced at Rs. 578/-.

September contract was quoted at Rs. 621/- and later advanced at Rs. 624/- in private.

Later on there was further buying in New crop which advanced at Rs. 582 September was quoted at Rs. 624.

INDIAN COTTON PARITY.

Indian Cotton September Contract is 577 cent points below New York October at Exchange rate 337

ALEXANDRIA COTTON
ALEXANDRIA, Aug. 1.

KARNAK:	
November	56.50—35
January	54 05—25
March	53.40—05
ASHMOUNI:	
August	44.60—03
October	44.65—10
December	44.60—10

PRODUCE MARKET

BOMBAY, August 2.

The produce market was very steady with moderate buying. Professional operators are supporting the market. Quotations were as under:—

GROUNDNUTS—			
Khandesh quality	40	8	0
Coromandal ready	40	4	0
Bold ready	40	4	0
August-September	39	14	0
November-December	33	8	0
CASTORSEEDS—			
Ready	27	0	0
LINSEED—			
Ready	30	6	0
August-September	30	0	0
OILS—			
Local Mills	22	8	0
Ready Mills	21	13	0
July	21	13	0
August	21	9	0
October	21	4	0
November	19	0	0
December	18	5	0
Linseed Oil	18	4	0

ART SILK YARN
BOMBAY, Aug. 2

120 Ready Japan	3	7	0
150 Ready Japan	3	8	6
120 Ready Italy	3	3	0
150 Ready Italy	3	8	0
150 D Box August	703	0	0
150 D Box Sept.	712	0	0

HAPUR MARKET
HAPUR, Aug. 2.

Wheat 19-8 21, Gram 14-2, Barley 14, Bijhar 13-4, Maize 16-8, Bajra 20, Juwar 17, Guwar 12, Arhar Ready 13-8, Bhadon 13-11, Peas Ready 14-4, Bhadaon 14-1-6, Urd 17, Moong 13-4 15-8, Pulses Steady Gur Ready 17-4 to Pagun 11-13, Shakkar 19-8, Crystal 62, Khandsari 23 30, Steady Sarson 30-12, Taraseed 25 23, Oil 82, Oilcake 9-4, Groundnut 18, Cotton Seed 1, Oats 11, Bardan Ready Rex 101 White 122, Asuj 100-8, Sept. 116-8, Steady Silver 149-10. Gold 105.

NEW YORK SILVER
NEW YORK, Aug 1.

U. S. Price of Foreign Silver 71-1/2 cents

CHICAGO WHEAT
CHICAGO, Aug. 1.

September	2.04-1/2
December	2.07-1/2
March	2.06-3/4
May	2.00-3/4

GOVERNMENT LOANS

BOMBAY, Aug. 2.

2 1/2 per cent 1954	98	11	0
2 1/2 per cent 1950	100	10	0
2 1/2 per cent 1955	99	14	0
2 1/2 per cent 1961	96	10	0
2 1/2 per cent 1960	99	6	0
2 3/4 per cent 1962	99	7	0
2 3/4 per cent 1976	95	12	0
3 per cent non-terminable	97	14	0
3 per cent 1986 Con.	98	0	0
3 per cent 1949-52	100	2	0
3 per cent 1951-54	101	12	0
3 per cent 1953-55	101	13	0
3 per cent 1957	101	13	0
3 per cent 1959|61	101	6	0
3 per cent 1963-65	100	7	0
3 per cent 1966-68	100	5	0
3 per cent 1970-75	100	1	0
3 1/2 per cent 1954-59	104	10	0
3½ per cent 1960-70	110	6	0
4 1/2 per cent 1950-55	102	8	0
4 1/2 per cent 1955-60	110	6	0
4 1/2 per cent 1958-68	114	4	0
PROVINCIAL LOANS			
2 3/4 per cent C. P. 1961	97	6	0
2 3/4 per cent Madras 1961	97	2	0
3 per cent Bombay 1955	100	12	0
3 per cent Bombay 1958	100	10	0
3 per cent Punjab 1949	100	0	0
3 per cent Madras 1952-53	100	6	0
3 per cent U.P. 1952	100	6	0
3 per cent C.P. 1952	100	6	0
3 per cent N W F 1952	98	2	0
3 per cent U. P. 1961-66	99	14	0
4 per cent B.P.T.	110	12	0
4 per cent B. Municipality	110	8	0
5 per cent B. Municipality 1959	114	0	0
3 per cent B. Municipal 1954	114	0	0
3 per cent B. Municipal 1950-60	107	0	0

NEW YORK CLOSING STOCK EXCHANGE
NEW YORK, Aug. 1.

Texas Gulf Sulphur	65
Tidewater Oil	22-1/8
Timken Roller Bearing	41
Union Carbide	39-1/8
U. S Industrial Chemical	20-1/2
U. S. Gypsum	99-1/4
U. S. Steel Pref.	131-3/8
Western Union "A"	14-1/4
West Pennsylvania Electric	22-3/8
Youngstown Sheet and Tube	63-3/8
Aluminium Corpn	50-1/4
American Cyanamid	44-1/2
American Gas Electric	44-5/8
Brazilian Traction	16-7/8
Consolidated Gas of Baltimore	63-7/8
Louisiana Land	21-3/8
Baltimore & Ohio (bid)	8-1/2

PARIS STOCK EXCHANGE.

PARIS: Aug. 1 (PTI-Reuter).

Bourse: Although dealings were again quiet, quotations generally moved into higher ground. Five per cent loan was a feature of the market gaining considerably following the settlement of the ministerial crisis. French industrials were also firm. In the foreign section, goldmining and petroleum shares were generally higher while Belgians also showed some advances. Dutch issues, particularly Royal Dutch, and Phillips gave ground and Argentines were also slightly easier.

BRUSSELS STOCK EXCHANGE.

BRUSSELS: Aug. 1: Bourse: Prices today moved narrowly around the previous levels in very quiet trading. Domestic coals improved slightly while electricity issues were relatively firm. Elsewhere few very small gains were recorded.

AMSTERDAM STOCK EXCHANGE

AMSTERDAM, Aug. 1: Bourse: Quotations today eased slightly under the lead of Royal Dutch which were adversely affected by switching operations. Later in the session, however, prices recovered from the day's lowest levels but still finished with small losses. Indonesian shares were even affected by the general downward trend despite the Indonesian cease fire arrangement.

N. Y. STOCK MARKET OPENS BULLISH
NEW YORK, Aug. 1 (UPA).

The stock market opened traditionally bullish on August Monday with nearly one point gain in the industrial average boosting it to the best level in 3-1/2 months 176.84.

Commonwealth and Southern turned active again today after a lull, turning over 191,200 shares or 22 per cent of the day's volume of 860,000 shares. Commonwealth closed at 4-7/8, a new three year high.

Earning reports comprised most of the market news and imparted generally a favourable tone to the list.

The London market was closed.

Steel was strong.

Ninety-four issues were traded. Fourhundred and fourteen issues advanced. 257 declined while 253 remained unchanged. There were 38 new highs and six new lows.

The turnover in bonds came to dol. 2.213.000 Curb sales amounted to 180,000 shares.

Record Of Actual Transactions In Shares

BOMBAY, Aug. 2.

MILLS
Apollo 2/7/6 2/9 2/8
Bharat 26
B. Dyeing 1052/8 57/8 55 66/4 61/4 62/8
C. India 201 3 200 3
Century 204/6 5
Finlay 240 38
Gokak 239 37 38
I. U. Defd. 1/9/6 1/9/3 1/9/6
I. U. Ord. 9/15/6 9/14
Indore 113/12 10 12/8
Kohinoor 252 57 51 57/8 56 57
Laxmi 595
Madhusudan 165
Morarji 441/4
Mysore 156/14
Model 160 60/10
New Great 129 31 29/8 30/8
Phoenix 140
Podar 126/4
Simplex 153 56 53 57
Svadeshi 284 90 86 90 89
Swan 290
Tata Mills 46/8 47
Vishnu 200

STEAMER
B. Steam 217/8 16/4
Scindia 12/4 12/6/6 12 12/2 11/14/6 12/4 12/3/6

BANKS
Baroda 121/8 22
Central 76/12 77/4 77
Central New 77
Imperial Old 1745 (Ex Div)
Imperial New 422/8 21/4 (Ex Div.)
India 174/8 75

MONEY MARKET

BOMBAY, Aug. 2.

B C Rates T T D D 1-5 15/16 Ready.

B C Rates T T D D 1-5 29/32 up to 6 Months.

London Banks Selling T T D D 1/5 31/32 Ready.

London Banks Selling T T D D 1/5 15/16 up to 6 Months.

London Banks Buying T T 1/6 1/32 to 9th Month.

London Banks Buying T T 1/6 1/16 10th-12th Month.

London Banks Buying D D 1/6 1/16 to 4th Month.

London Banks Buying D D 1/6 3/32 5th and 6th Month.

London Banks Buying D D 1/6 1/8 7th and 9th Month.

London Banks Buying 60 and 90 d/st 1/6 1/8 to 4th Month.

London Banks Buying 60 and 90 d/st 1/6 5/32 5th and 6th Month.

London Banks Buying 60 and 90 d/st 1/6 3/16 7th—9th Month.

London Banks Buying 120 d/st 1/6 5/32 to 4th Month.

London Banks Buying 120 d/st 1/6 3/16 5th and 6th Month.

London Banks Buying 120 d/st 1/6 7/32 7th and 9th Month.

New York and Montreal B C Rate T T Rs. 332 1/4.

Banks Selling T T D D Rs. 332 1/4 Banks Buying T T Rs. 330.

Banks Buying D D N Y Rs 328 3/4 Montreal Rs. 328 1/2.

Banks Buying D D N Y Rs. 329 Rs 328 3/4 L/C.

Paris Banks Selling T T Fcs. 8100. Paris Banks Buying T T Fcs. 8320.

Amsterdam Banks Selling T T D D Fl. 79.

Belgium Banks Selling T T D D Fcs. 1305

Java Banks Selling T T D D Glds. 79.

Hongkong Banks Selling T T D D Rs. 83 1/4.

Singapore Banks Selling T T D D Rs. 157.

Manila Banks Selling T T D D. Rs. 165 3/4.

New York/London Cross Rate dol. 4.02 3/4 to 4.03 1/4; London/Afghanistan Cross Rate Afghani Rs 52. 57-53 43; London/Alexandria Cross Rate Pia 97 1/4-3/4; London/Amsterdam Cross Rate Fl. 10.68-70; London/Bangkok Cross Rate Tcl. 40; London/Belgium Cross Rate Fcs. 176 1/2-3/4; London/Denmark Cross Rate Kr. 19.32-36; London/Hongkong Cross Rate 1/2 15/16-1/2 25/32 London/Iran Cross Rate Rl. 128-130; London/Java Cross Rate Fl. 10.68-70; London Lisbon Cross Rate Es. 99.80-100.20; London/Manila Cross Rate Pes. 8.09-8.14; London/Montreal Cross Rate dol. 4.02 3/4-4.03 1/4; London/New York Cross Rate dol. 4.02 3/4-4.03 1/4; London/Oslo Cross Rate Kr. 19.98-20.02; London/Paris Cross Rate Fcs. 1096-1098; London/Prague Cross Rate K. 201-202; London/Singapore Cross Rate 2/4 1/16-2/4 3/16; London/Stockholm Cross Rate Kr. 14.47-50; London/Switzerland Cross-Rate Fcs. 17.34-36.

London Discts. 3 Mos 5/8 p.c. London Discts. 6 Mos. 3/4 p.c.

Reserve Bank Rate 3 p.c; Bank of England Rate 2 p.c.

Money:—Call 3/4 p.c.; 3 Mos. 1 p.c.; 6 Mons. 1-1/4 p.c., 12 Mos. 1-1/2 p.c.

Tone:—Easy.

WORTH STREET MARKET STARTS WEEK ON OPTIMISTIC NOTE

NEW YORK, Aug. 1, (UPA): The Worth Street Cotton Graygoods Market today started the new week on an optimistic note making the continuation of the active trading pace started several weeks ago. Mill executives reported broadening inquiry with numerous sales of large lots at higher prices in a wide list of constructions. Converters also reported a better feeling with more numerous orders for finished goods, particularly from the buyer group previously inclined to hold off for a further price test.

In print cloths, basic 80 square four yard number was held at 18 through September. Sixty-four by 60 ruled 3/4 cent higher.

Broadening inquiry also developed in bag sheetings and osnaburgs at firmer prices.

In rayon graygoods more activity also developed although some converters still reported continued quiet demand for finished goods among a number of buyers.

COPRA MARKET INACTIVE.

NEW YORK, Aug. 1.

The copra market turned inactive today with offerings available at between dol. 162.500 and dol. 165 per short ton CIF Pacific. Dealers indicated buying interest was at a minimum.

In cocoanut oil spot material was reported at 14 1/2 cents bid with sellers holding for 14 1/2 cents. August was quoted at between 14 and 14 1/4 cents nom and straight September between 12 1/2 and 13 cents nom, fob mills.

CHICAGO GRAINS REACTIONARY

CHICAGO, August 1, (UPA): The grain market turned reactionary today after a firm start yielding under technical realizing and increased hedge selling in wheat following reports of heavier new crop spring wheat arrivals at Minneapolis.

NEW YORK PEPPER QUIET
NEW YORK, Aug 1

Black Pepper: Following the sharp advances of the past week interest in spot and deferred black pepper subsided somewhat but the undertone remained steady. Business was done at 1.22 to 1.23 dollars per poundweight with dealers and grinders bidding between 1.23 and 1.24. Offerings were meagre because of firm holding policies plus shrinkage in available supply. Price locally was still below the levels quoted in foreign markets

Today's closing prices were as follows:

Black Pepper: Spot 1.22 to 1.23 traded.
September 1.28 asked.
October 1.28 asked.
December 1.16 bid.
January 1.04 asked.
March 91 cents bid.
May 84 cents bid.
White pepper 1.60 asked.
(Spot).

SCATTERED HEDGE SELLING IN N.Y. COTTON

Crop Looks Like 15,000,000 Bales

NEW YORK, Aug. 1.

The cotton market today started the new crop year in the same dull rut that has existed for the last fortnight. Traders remained unresponsive to the general news developments and were apparently satisfied to mark time until the Congressional sentiment crystalizes on farm legislation.

The optimistic crop ideas held earlier in the season have been scaled down so that the concensus of opinion now suggests a crop figure slightly under 15,000,000 bales.

Today's session opened one to eight lower and closed two to eight lower.

CLOSING PRICES INCLUDED.

Delivery	Pr. Close (July 29)	Opening	High	Low	Close
Oct.	29.73—74	29.65	29.69	29.63	29.67—68
Dec.	29.65—69	29.60	29.63	29.58	29.62
March	29.61—63	29.57	29.60	20.55	29.59
May	29.50—51	29.49	29.49	29.43	29.46
July	28.93	28.88	28.89	28.84	28.85
Oct.	26.77	26.70	26.74	26.64	26 74
Dec.	26.67	26.61	29.65	26.53	26.64
NEW ORLEANS					
Oct.	29.63—64	29.55	29.59	29.62	29.57—58
Dec.	29.63	29.56	29.57	29.52	29.56
March	29.58	29.52	29.54	29.50	29.52
May	29.46	29.40	29.42	29.37	29.39
July	28.87	28.82	28.82	28.81	28.79
Oct.	26.72—75	26.63	26.69	26.58	26.68—69
Dec	26.63 bid	26.57	26.57	26.50	26.58

Spot Cotton, New York 32.58 nom Spot Cotton, New Orleans 31.25

RUBBER TRADING HELD AT LOW EBB

NEW YORK, Aug. 1.

Holiday at London and Singapore held trading in rubber down to a low ebb today. Future sales of only 12 contracts were made during the slowest session in more than three months. Predominance of a few dealers' selling orders caused a slightly lower trend.

The spot market proved dull with factory interest lacking and shipment offerings practically non-existent. Traders favoured a neutral position for now but those technicians who have been counting on the trading market pointed that futures are back to their former resistance point of 16 cents.

The market closed one to five lower. There were 12 sales.

The spot price was quoted at 16 1/4 cents nom.

ARRIVALS AND DEPARTURES OF STEAMERS

BOMBAY, Aug. 2.

ARRIVALS

SPARTA arrived from Genova with general cargo of 510 tons and passengers on August 1.

HONFFALIZE arrived from New York with 3 passengers and general cargo of 6077 tons on August 1.

BARPETA arrived from Basrah with general cargo of 1582 tons on August 1.

DEPARTURE

GENERAL WALTER sailed for Karachi with coke and general cargo of 3700 tons on July 31.

CITY OF KHIOS sailed for Hull with general cargo of 3780 tons on August 1

U. K. TRADE WITH INDIA

PRINCIPAL EXPORTS AND IMPORTS

(£000)

	Full Year 1948	5 Months Jan.-May 1948	1949
Total All Exports			
Of which:—			
Machinery	96,621	31,298	59,926
Vehicles (including ships, aircraft and locomotives)	34,079	13,378	17,529
	12,827	3,974	7,672
Electrical goods & apparatus	6,572	2,225	4,831
Chemicals, drugs, dyes & colours	9,057	2,233	6,079
Total All Imports	96,266	42,080	39,850
Of which:—			
Tea	35,143	13,970	17,716
Jute manufactures	15,846	5,176	4,122
Raw Jute	5,955	3,785	2,768
Leather & manufactures	7,228	2,408	4,163

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA

DISPOSALS

AUCTION SALE

1 PLACE OF AUCTION : Lucknow, Armed Forces Medical Store Depot.

DATE AND TIME : 22nd & 23rd August 1949 (Monday & Tuesday) at 9 A.M.

STORES : Medicines & Drugs :— Iodum, 690 lbs; Extract Multicum Oleo, 2868 lbs.; Pillula Scillae. 14 lacs; Tab Sea Sickness, 50,000 Nos.; Inj. Ethanolamina Cleotis 30 cc, 797 bottles; Gentian Voilet Compd. Jelly, 10238 Tubes; Pottasi Nitras, 72490 Ozs; Acid Salycillcum, 374 lbs.; Liq. Picis Carbonas, 1502 lbs; Tinc. Nux Vomica, 43520 Ozs; Tetrachlore-Thylenium, 54,000 Ozs; Preventative Capsules, 10 lacs; Glucose Saline, 1630 bottles etc. etc. Medical appliances & Laboratory apparatus :— Needles Hypodermic, 16,000 Nos; Needles Serum, 16,000 Nos; Gloves Operation 7½" & 8" sizes, 93,000 Prs; Saw Postmortem; Knife Plaster, Handle & Blade; Tape; Webbing & Cord; Wool Cotton Dental Rolls of sizes, 4,500 Boxes; Linen Thread; Silk Opthalmic; Catgut Sterilized: Measure Glass; Funnel; Mortar; Pipettes; Test tube; Hamocytometer; Uriometer; Viscerotome; Thermometer: Glass beads; Blood Transfusion Apparatus & Accessories etc.

2. PLACE OF AUCTION : Delhi Cantt., Vehicles Depot.

DATE AND TIME : 24th & 25th August 1949 (Wednesday & Thursday) at 10 A.M.

STORES : Surplus :— About 200 Vehicles :— Chevrolet; Ford; Studebaker; Thornycroft, Transport Trucks; Winch Mounted Vehicles; Indian, Royal Enfield, Norton, Aerial, B.S.A., Motor Cycles and Numerous Trailors.

3. PLACE OF AUCTION : Raipur, E.S.D. (C.P.)

DATE AND TIME : 29th and 30th August 1949 (Monday & Tuesday) at 10 A.M.

STORES : Cistern Cylindrical 270 Galls. 2403 Sets, (Comprising 6 ft. × 8/3 ft. 20 G. Curved Galvanized corrugated sheets, 9,000 Nos); Netting Wire Galvanized 1½" mesh 36" × 150' and 2" mesh 36' × 150', Rolls' 924 & 123 respectively; Hose Water delivery rubber 1". 46, 750 Rft; Large quantity of drills diamond pointed; Wheel Grinding; Cable Electric Glass 10' 5 pairs 40, 11,200 Yds; Coils Choke L.T.D. 120 amps & 200 amps; Steam Valves; Sluice Valves; A large quantity of tie rods of sizes threaded with nuts; Block Pulleys etc. etc.

AUCTIONEERS :
1. M/s. P. Stanwill & Co., Mahatma Gandhi Road, Kanpur will conduct Auction No. 1.
2. M/s. Dharampal Chadha & Sons, 25 Fatehpuri, Delhi will conduct Auction No. 2.
3. M/s. Gopi Chand & Sons, Thatheri Bazar, Banaras will conduct Auction No. 3.

IMPORTANT :
(i) Conditions of sale will be announced at the time of auctions.
(ii) Any stores may be held back from auction.
(iii) Octroi/Terminal Tax where in force is payable by purchasers.
(iv) The stores can be viewed two days before the date of auction at the depot concerned.

REGIONAL COMMISSIONER (DISPOSALS).

15/240, Civil Lines, Kanpur.

AC/RCDK/59.

London Lawyer For Razvi

LANGUAGE HITCH

Application Filed In High Court

HYDERABAD (Dn), Aug. 2 (PTI): Mr. G. A. Roberts, K. C. London barrister, told the PTI to-day that he had been engaged by Begum Kasim Razvi to defend her husband, Syed Kasim Razvi now standing his trial before the Special Tribunal.

Mr. G. A. Roberts and his junior, Mr. J. E. Leck to-day filed separate applications in the Hyderabad High Court for enrolment as members of the Hyderabad Bar, to enable them to appear on behalf of Syed Kasim Razvi.

APPLY IN URDU

Last week, Mr. Leck had filed a similar application in English before the High Court, for the enrolment of himself and Mr Roberts, but it is gathered that he was informed that the application did not conform to the rules of the High Court which prescribed that such applications should be in Urdu.

Under the Hyderabad Legal Practitioners Act, applications for enrolment should be accompanied by an affidavit and certain certificates. The Court language in Hyderabad being Urdu, the Act lays down that lawyers seeking enrolment should be well versed in Urdu.

FULL BENCH TO STUDY

The application of Mr. Roberts and Mr. Leck will, legal circles state, be scrutinized by the Chief Justice and the administrative judge so as to satisfy themselves that the applications conformed to the provisions of the Legal Practitioners Act. If necessary, the Chief Justice might convene a full bench of the High Court to consider the applications and pass orders thereon.

Mr. Roberts had a couple of minutes' talk with Nawab Asker Yar Jung Bahadur, counsel for Kasim Razvi, at the High Court this morning before returning to his hotel.

MILL NEAR AJMER CLOSES DOWN

Accumulation Of Stocks

JAIPUR, August 2 (PTI): The Maharaja Kishangarh Textile Mills, near Ajmer have put up closure notice with effect from yesterday, stated a "communique" issued by the Rajasthan Government. The mill employed about 3,000 workers.

The "communique" said: "The closure has been necessitated by large accumulation of stocks of cloth and yarn, which are not lifted by the areas outside Rajasthan to which they used to be formerly allotted. Government have strained every nerve to avoid this contingency of closure caused both by external difficulties and the internal set-up of the mill itself".

ELLORE, July 31. (PTI): In a straight contest between Mr. ANu Kistnamma, the Congress candidate, and Mr. Sreeramulu, the Communist nominee, in the local Municipal bye-election the former defeated his rival by a majority of 71 votes.

LATEST COMMERCIAL NEWS

NEW YORK COTTON OCTOBER
NEW YORK, Aug. 2

Previous Closing	29 67
Today's Opening	29 65
Difference	—2
Today's Closing	29.59
Difference	—8

LAST QUOTATIONS
BOMBAY, Aug 2

	Rs	As.
Silver Bullion	162	8
Silver Mint	162	8
Gold Ready	113	8
Sovereign	73	12

NEW YORK STOCKS
NEW YORK, Aug. 2.

Opening stocks.
Anaconda Copper Mining unquoted.
General Motors dol. 61-1/2.
U.S. Steel Common unquoted.
U.S. Steel Common Prrf. unquoted.

FORMER EDITOR OF "MARCH" ACQUITTED

Bombay Government Appeal Dismissed

(Before the Hon'ble the Chief Justice and Mr. Justice Gajendragadkar.)
The Government of the Province of Bombay ..... Appellant.
Versus
D. F. Karaka ..... Respondent.

A Government appeal from acquittal under Sec. 417 of the Criminal Procedure Code from the order of Mr. V. K. Muranjan, Presidency Magistrate, acquitting the respondent the former Editor of the "March" of the offence of publishing matter commending or soliciting the use of intoxicants which is an offence under Sec. 45 of the Bombay Abkari Act read with Sec. 35 of that Act and Government Notification No. 792/39 was dismissed by their Lordships at the Bombay High Court on Tuesday.

The case arose out of the publication in the issue of the "March" of 23rd June, 1948 in a square of the words "Drink like a man. A black and white advertisement." The prosecution contended that the Government Notification enjoined, "no person shall print or publish or otherwise distribute any advertisement or other matter commending or soliciting the use of any intoxicant."

Holding that the meaning of the publication was ambiguous and that the benefit of the ambiguity must go to the accused, the trial Magistrate had acquitted the accused on 8th March, 1949. Against this order of acquittal, the Government had appealed to the High Court.

NOT AN ADVERTISEMENT

The Chief Justice delivering the judgment of the Court, observed that their Lordships were not satisfied that the matter published was an "advertisement or other matter" within the terms of the Government Notification, nor were their Lordships satisfied that it referred necessarily to intoxicants.

Finally, even if the publication did refer to intoxicants, their Lordships were not satisfied that it asked the readers to drink more, rather than to drink with restraint in a manner which would not lower them to the position of beasts or animals.

Referring to the Government Notification of 5th August, 1947, their Lordships stated that in so far as it sought to restrain freedom of the press it should be construed strictly. Their Lordships were, therefore, not prepared to construe the words "other matter" to cover every other matter which might appear in a newspaper. In their Lordships' opinion those words must be construed "ejusdem generis" to mean matter of the same genus as an advertisement.

Their Lordships pointed out that there was no evidence that this publication had been given by any trader or wine merchant as an advertisement nor was it suggested that it fell within the same genius as an advertisement. On the record it appeared that the editor had merely published this as his own view for the benefit of his readers.

Their Lordships further pointed out that if the construction urged by the Advocate-General were to be accepted, no editor could write a leader against the policy of prohibition nor could a medical practitioner extol the merits of alcohol for particular maladies. Their Lordships were sure that the Government never intended to restrain the freedom of the press to such an extent. In the result their Lordships dismissed the Government's appeal.

The Acting Advocate-General Mr. M. P. Amin with the Government Pleader appeared for the Crown.

Mr. Purshottam Trikamdas with Mr. K. H. Nagrani instructed by Messrs. M. P. Mavji and Co., appeared for the respondent.

BAN ON 'CROSS ROADS'

Editor's Plea To Quash The Order

(Before the Hon'ble Mr. Justice Coyajee)

His Lordship admitted a petition filed by Romesh Thapar, Editor of an English weekly named "Cross-Roads" for a writ of certiorari to quash an order passed by the Government prohibiting the publication of his paper for a period of three months and issued a notice against Government to show cause why an interim injunction should not be granted pending disposal of the petition.

The notice was made returnable for argument on Thursday.

The petitioner contended that the Government's order was 'ultra vires' because he had not published any matter prejudicial to Government.

EGYPT'S NEW CABINET

CAIRO, Aug. 1, (PTI-Reuter): Egypt's new Prime Minister Hussein Sirry Pasha, told the Chamber of Deputies tonight that every effort would be made "to realise our national aspirations — evacuation and the unity of the Nile Valley".

Presenting his new Government before Parliament Sirry Pasha said he intended to ensure public order, security and tranquility among the population.

His National Union Cabinet had been formed according to King Farouk's desire to close ranks and unify efforts "in delicate circumstances surrounding the country in interior and external relations," Sirry Pasha declared.

was dialing the police station when the explosion occurred.

Police said they were told that Secrest had been living in his car for the past three weeks because his wife would not permit him to enter their home.

550 Fiji Indians Return Home

AFRAID OF FUTURE

CALCUTTA, Aug. 1. (PTI): About 550 Indians, including 150 indentured labourers arrived in Calcutta from Fiji today.

They represented a cross-section of the island population, namely, farmhand, tailors, policemen, teachers, clerks and drivers. They included a Fiji Indian student, who had been awarded a scholarship by the Government of India to study at the Stephens College at Delhi.

INSECURITY

Explaining the reasons which prompted them to return to India, Mr. G. Gurulingam, till recently a teacher in the island, told the PTI that Fijians were now coming to occupy most of the Governmental jobs in preference to the Indians, who were responsible for the development of the island by their labour. The incidents in South Africa also caused considerable apprehension in their minds, although the relations between them and the native Fijians were quite good. They felt that independent India could offer them opportunity for earning their livelihood. The average annual income of a farm labourer in Fiji was about £150.

PURCHASING RIGHTS OF URANIUM

Britain To Break U.S Monopololy

BRUSSELS, Aug. 1, (UPA): The British are seeking to break the American monopoly on atomic bomb manufacture by demanding a good share of the Belgian Congo uranium ore heretofore sent only to the United States, it was learned today.

The American five-year contract for exclusive purchasing rights to the entire uranium ore supply of the Belgian African colony expired Friday. And the British, informed sources said, are pushing their request for 25 per cent of the mineral in an attempt to produce "home made" atom bombs.

The British hold a key bargaining position. The Shinkolbwe mine in Congo, which produces bulk of Congo's uranium, it was learned, has 49 per cent British shareholders. Sources close to the Mining Union in Brussels said the British "obviously have something to say in the matter." They confirmed rumours that negotiations with London were continuing.

American supplies with be sharply curtailed until this bargaining is finished, they said, although the United States already had reportedly asked to renew the old agreement.

NEHRU'S VISIT TO U. S.

Indian Embassy Office Flooded With Invitations

NEW YORK, August 2, (PTI): A large number of invitations, suggestions and proposals from both official and non-official sources concerning Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru's visit to the United States in October have been received by the Indian Embassy in Washington, Mrs. Vijayalakshmi Pandit disclosed here today.

India's Ambassador added that she was now engaged in sorting out these requests and proposals and a tentative plan would be submitted shortly for Pandit Nehru's consideration.

HIGHER QUALITY AT LOWER COSTS

Neogy's Advice To Indian Businessmen

BOMBAY, Tuesday. — An impassioned appeal to both industrialists and labour of the country to see that all efforts are directed towards increasing the output per worker, was made by Mr. K. C. Neogy, Commerce Minister to the Government of India, in a message to the "Vyapar", a new commercial Gujarat monthly which has just been published in Bombay by the "Janmabhoomi" group of papers under the Editorship of Mr. H. Z. Gilani.

"Trade and commerce are the lifeblood of a nation", Mr. Neogy said. "The factors which have contributed to India's recent economic ill health are, mainly, her industrial backwardness and the various restrictive practices which have characterised world trade for so many years. The goal of our economic policy is to expand production and trade, and thus assist in the solution of our balance of payments problems. Unless exports are stepped up so as to pay for much-needed imports, thus eliminating the present adverse balance of trade, India will continue to be economically unstable.

THE REMEDY

"It is here that our captains of business and industry", the Commerce Minister continued, "have to make a positive contribution. I would appeal to them to spare no efforts to improve the quality of our export goods in order successfully to compete with the best in the world, and also to explore new markets which have hitherto remained untapped. The problem of high prices has also to be tackled in right earnest, for, in the last analysis, apart from quality, it is the price factor which determines the buyer's choice in a highly competitive world market. Lower costs and lower prices can only be achieved by increased productivity which is a condition precedent to the attainment of a higher standard of living. It is, therefore, the bounden duty of both industrialists and labour to see that all efforts are directed towards increasing the output per worker."

SOCIETY MATRON MURDERED

CHARLOTTE, North Carolina August 1. (U.P.A.): An elderly society matron was murdered in her swank suburban home today by a mysterious attacker who also bludgeoned and knifed her Negro butler.

Officers found Mrs. Elsey Anderson, 68, wife of a prominent Charlotte car dealer, shot to death in a blood-splashed upstairs bedroom of her fashionable red brick mansion. The blast from the shotgun ripped almost through her chest, police said.

Her 43-year-old Negro servant, Wilford Randleman, was slumped almost unconscious in his butlers' quarters behind the house, babbling for help through a slashed throat amid shambles of his room.

The officers could not tell immediately whether the unknown attacker's motive was robbery but said apparently he was familiar with the house.

The officers found the gun downstairs with an opened box of cartridges lying nearby. Police said the weapon belonged to Anderson and was usually kept in a closet of his bedroom.

The officers reported they found both back room of the house and the door to Randleman's quarters had been forced open. The front door of the home was left ajar, apparently in the attacker's flight. Police said the intruder must have entered the home shortly after Anderson left for his agency.

JAP P.O.W.S. STRIKE

TOKYO, August 2, (PTI-Reuter): Four hundred Japanese police were today standing by the 'Meiyu Maru, the repatration ship, on which 2,000 Japanese prisoners-of war from Siberia have been staging a sit down strike for the past four days in the disembarkation port of Maizuru.

The POWS refused to complete demobilisation formalities and the police are awaiting orders to force them ashore.

BUILD THE NATION BY UNITY

Shriprakash's Address A Dibrugarh

DIBRUGARH (Assam), Aug. 1. (PTI): The Governor of Assam Mr. Sri Prakasa, addressing the local pressmen today said that the need of the hour was unity and solidarity among all sections of the people.

His Excellency referred to the reactionary elements in the state and said that it was by a spirit of sympathy and good-will that they could be won over and be convinced of their suicidal policy. He said that it was futile to antagonise those who did not support the party in power and the Government of the day, because those who did not support were not necessarily enemies of the state. They also paid taxes and desired treatment in the same manner as the supporters of the party in power were treated.

SECUNDERABAD, Aug. 1 (UPI): "Urdu is replaced by Hindustani in the lower secondary stages of public instruction in the state. With a choice between both the scripts—Persian and Devnagri. It is, however, endeavoured to ensure after a period of three or four years the student would be familiar with both the scripts," said Mr. Fazlur Rahman, Director of Public Instruction, at an informal talk with newsmen.

C. P.'s Biggest Refugee Camp At Katni To Close

GOVERNMENT'S ADVICE TO DISPLACED PERSONS TO STAND ON OWN LEGS

(From Our Correspondent).

JUBBULPORE (By Mail).

In pursuance of the instruction of the Government of India, the Government of C.P. and Berar have decided and announced to close down the Displaced persons camps in the Province on October 15, 1949. The camp at Katni, which is the biggest of its kind in the Province, has been, at present, accommodating 18,000 Sindhi displaced persons. After closing down this camp at Katni, the Government have made arrangements to rehabilitate about 5,000 inmates of the camp in a township which is being built up at Tikri, a place about 3 miles away from Katni railway station.

The Government have intimated the "indigent" displaced persons that they should no longer depend upon the Government doles but should make earnest efforts to stand on their own legs and make themselves self-supporting. The Government have assured to give necessary help in this direction. Every family of the camp desiring to rehabilitate will be given loans to the extent of Rs. 4,000 for urban rehabilitation and Rs. 3,500 for rural rehabilittion. In certain cases, an additional loan of Rs. 300 will also be given to the displaced persons in the shape of "free grant" to help them constructing temporary accommodations in areas where the Government temporary hutments are not ready.

The Government have appointed a "Loans Advisory Committee" with Shri M. P. Pande, additional district magistrate, Katni, as its chairman and Shri H. N. Bajpai, camp superintendent and Shri Mewalal Agrawal, chairman, the Janapada Sabha, Katni, as members, to examine the displaced persons applications for loans and submit the same to the Government with their recommendations. The committee has been authorised to recommend for loans the applications of 1200 families which are anxious to settle down in the Tikri Township.

In the meantime, the camp superintendent, Shri H. N. Bajpai and the assistant rehabilitation officer, Shri M. D Bhatt have been making efforts for the early dispersal of the displaced persons from the Katni camp. A majority of the inmates of the camp has already left for Hoshangabad, Narsinghpur, Karell, Mandla, Wardha and Hinganghat, Amraoti, Harda, Yeotmal and other places for their permanent rehabilitation.

Her Highness the Maharani of Rewa has awarded a prize of Rs. 100 to Shri Ram Roop Tewari on his book "Bapu ka Nidhan". Shri Tewari has written the book in Hindi on the demise of Mahatma Gandhi and it has been much appreciated by the Maharani Saheba.

WATERY GRAVE FOR THREE

Three persons of village Manaavar (Dhar) were washed away by the strong current of a rivulet and met a watery grave on Saturday last. It is reported that when these persons had been returning to their village, they forded the rivulet. While they were in the mid-stream, it got swollen and the strong current of the water swept these unwary persons off their feet and washed them away. In the absence of bridges and culverts over these rivulets and mullahs in this particular tract, people residing in the interior are practically cut off from the outside world during the, rainy season.

Considerable resentment is reported to have been prevailing among the Hindus of Udayapura, in the Bhopal State over the activities of certain Muslims who have been indulging in cows-slaughter for the last three weeks. It is further reported that mischiefmongers throw the bones and the pieces of beef on the public roads to hurt the sentiments of the Hindus.

The Badwani police has succeeded in running to earth a gang of dacoits who had struck terror in the heart of the people of the Nimar district, C.P., by their notorious activities. The police have arrested Jam Singh and his eight other alleged accomplices at Badwani, and are reported to have recovered a large amount of looted property from their possession.

The BALAIS and Chamars (Harijans) of village Meru Pas lana, near Indure, have been groaning under the tyranny of the Thakurs and other members of the Caste Hindu community. It is reported that these Caste Hindus do not allow the Harijan women to wear silver trinklets in their feet and threaten that they would amputate the legs of the Harijan women if they dared defy their ukase. The Harijans are leaving the village to save their life and honour.

A sensational and daring burglary was committed last night in the house of Singhai Nirwal Chand Jain, one of the wealthiest residents of Jubbulpore. The house of the Singhai is situated in the heart of the city, about 150 yards off the Jawaharganj fountain where the police guard is posted day and night to regulate the traffic. It is stated that the burglars entered into the house from its rear side and scaled the wall with the help of a rope. On coming down into the rooms from the roof, the burglars broke open the locks of the strong room and removed gold ornaments and other valuable articles worth over Rs. 12,000/-. They also unsuccessfuly attempted to break the iron safe which had been containing the G. C. notes worth Rs. 25,00,000. The burglars made good their escape with the booty and remain still untraced.

A young wife of a goldsmith of Damoh has committed suicide by throwing herself and her infant daughter before an incoming goods train. Both the woman and her child were killed on the spot. The reasons which forced the deceased to end her life in this fashion are shrouded in mystery.

260 tolas of contraband opium was recovered seized from the possession of a passenger at Itarsi by the police and the excise authorities. The suspect had been proceeding from Dewas to Nagpur and concealing the opium within the folds of his clothes.

Following the noble example which had been set before his people by Maharaja Sir Gulab Singhji, the ex-ruler of Rewa, when he had, setting aside all the prejudices, taken the plough in his hands and then ploughed the land and exhorted the caste Hindus to do likewise, Parm Hans Swami Balrama Acharya of village Dihiya, in the Rewa district, Vindhya Pradesh, appealed to the Brahmins and the Kshatriya to take the plough into their hands and plough the land to increase the production of the food grains. The caste Hindus took the Swami's advice to their heart and discarding the age-worn prejudices, ploughed their lands in the absence of the farm labourers.

EX-RULER'S APPEAL

Maharaja Sir Gulab Singhji, the ex-ruler of Rewa State, who has been detained as a State Prisoner under Regulation III of 1818 at Dehra Dun, has, on the release of Shri M. S. Golwalkar, the Chief Organiser of the R.S.S. requested his son, the Raj Pramukh of the Vindhya Pradesh and the Dowager Maharani Saheba to make renewed efforts to secure his release from detention and for his return to his birth place so that he may spend the remaining days of his life there in peace and tranquillity.

The ex-ruler appears to have been very much distressed and he is anxious to return to his home town, Rewa. He is prepared to give any kind of assurance to the Government of India to satisfy the latter that he would not in make any sort of interference in the administration of the Union or show any disloyalty on his part either towards the Goverment of India or the Government of the Vindhya Union. It is alleged both his son and wife, the Dowager Maharani Saheba have adopted an attitude of alleged indifference towards him and they dare not write to him or respond to his request freely and frequently.

The request made by the 6,000 students who have failed in the matriculation examination held this year by the High Schools Examination Board, C. P. and Berar that for holding the supplementary examinations and the move made by the guardians of the unsuccessful students in this direction have failed to receive any response from the H.S.E. Board. The Nagpur and the Saugor Universities have decided and announced to hold supplementary examinations in August next and give the failures another chance to show their merit. The reticence shown by the H.S.E. Board has been causing considerable disappointment to the students and to their guardians.

SANGLI 'MERGED WITH BOMBAY

SANGLI, Aug. 2. (PTI): New Sangli (Satara south) became a unit of Bombay Province from yesterday, August 1.

Mr. P. J. Chinmulgund, Collector, inspected and checked the balance in the District Treasury. It is learnt the balance amounted to Rs. 68,90,000 of which Rs. 51,00,000 will be a permanent reserve fund at the District Treasury.

Fisherman Feared Drowned

One fisherman is missing, presumably dead, from a party of eight who braved the wind-swept seas and decided to go a fishing on Monday.

Three others who passed through a grim ordeal in keeping themselves afloat were rescued by another fishing craft and managed to reach land, completely exhausted.

It is stated that two boats put out to sea with batches of Koli fishermen aboard from the back bay basin at Colaba. Very soon, however, the rough and choppy seas proved too much for their frail craft and one of them capsized.

The men in the other boat, which had already drifted far away made heroic efforts to reach the men from the capsized boat, who were struggling with the waves. With the utmost difficulty they managed to reach three of the men struggling in the deep and pull them into their own overloaded boat.

But the fourth man was not to be found. As more than 24 hours have elapsed since he was cast in the sea, it is presumed that he must have been drowned, although nobody has been washed ashore anywhere yet.

REGISTRATION AT EXCHANGES

A Record In June

NEW DELHI, Aug. 2. (PTI): Registrations at the various Employment Exchanges in June rose to 1,02,498, the highest number recorded since the inception of the organization and representing an increase of 4,184 over the figure during May, according to a press note from the Directorate General of Resettlement and Employment.

Of these 15,548 were displaced persons.

The number of persons placed in employment during the month was 24,160, including 4,091 displaced persons and 690 women, bringing the total number of placements since the commencement of Employment Exchange service to 679,147.

Madras and the United Provinces contributed largely to the increase in registrations. A great number of those registered were unskilled workers, graduates fresh from college and applicants for railway vacancies.

Dharwar Food Stocks Satisfactory

HUBLI, Aug. 2. (PTI), The Collector of Dharwar, Mr. T. M. Chaudhuri told the press here yesterday that the stock of foodgrains in the district was "quite satisfactory."

With the present stock of nearly 30,000 tons and 1,000 tons coming in from Bombay, the district could carry on with its normal offtake of 3,000 at least for the next ten or eleven months, he said.

He stated the procurement of paddy has exceeded its target by five per cent.

The Collector said that all round efforts were being made to grow more food. This year, as many as 16,000 acres of waste land have been brought under cultivation, he added.

Delhi Regrets Death Of G. D. Gannon

NEW DELHI, August 1, (PTI): The Government of India regret to announce the death of Pilot Officer G. D. Gannon, in a flying accident, 18 miles from Dhond, on the morning of July 29, says a press communique issued by the Defence Ministry.

The next-of-kin have been informed, it added.

UNHAPPY HUSBAND BLOWS HIMSELF UP

CLARKSBURG, West Virginia, Aug. 1 (UPA): A 41-year-old miner, beset with marital troubles, ended his life today in a suicide scheme which wrecked nearly a block of the city's residential section.

J. D. Secrests tore himself and his automobile to bits by touching off a heavy dynamite charge which he rigged up in his automobile outside a three-story apartment where his family made its home. The blast seriously injured his wife and two other persons, damaged 25 homes in the area and temporarily threw the power and communication lines out of commission.

The State police estimated at least 50 sticks of dynamite were used in the charge. Mrs. Secrest, knocked down by the blast after locking herself in her apartment against her estranged husband, lost sight of one eye and may be totally blinded by her injuries. Doctors said she was still unconscious.

The couple's two-year-old son escaped unhurt sleeping through the explosion, while the entire front end of the building caved in by the force of the detonation. Porches ripped off other homes, doors yanked from their hinges and windows smashed. The wreckage of Secrest's car was scattered over a two-block area. Two other cars were damaged by the explosion.

Just before the explosion, the wife had phoned a relative in a downstairs apartment and had pleaded for her to call the police. A neighbour was dialing the police station when the explosion occurred.

Police said they were told that Secrest had been living in his car for the past three weeks because his wife would not permit him to enter their home.

DISAPPEARANCE OF MUSLIM LEAGUER

LAHORE, Aug. 1. (PTI-Reuter): Main Abdul Bari, President of the West Punjab Muslim League has, it is learnt, apprised the Inspector General of Police, West Punjab, of the findings of the Committee set up recently by the Provincial Muslim League to enquire into the sudden disappearance of Main Shamsut Haq, a prominent Muslim League leader of Lyallpur.

It is further learnt that the Committee in its report suspects foul play though it has not come to any conclusion as to what would have actually happened to the League leader.

GREATER JAIPUR SCHEME

Committee To Draw Up Plans

JAIPUR, August 2 (P.T.I.): The Rajasthan Government have appointed a committee to draw up a scheme for the development of "Greater Jaipur". The Government has a plan to provide official and residential accommodation with all modern amenities for the public and Government officers. A site for industrial establishments has also been decided.

Pending the submission of the scheme by the committee there will be no allotment, sale or lease of plots under the various improvement plans of the Jaipur City.

MEHERPUR (EAST PAKISTAN) Aug. 1 (UPI): Haxidar Gafur has been arrested in Rawalpindi, West Punjab, in connection with the Chuadanga treasury looting case. Gafur was one of the guards in Chuadanga treasury. Two other guards are still absconding.

AGRICULTURAL LABOUR ENQUIRY COMMITTEE

Centre Appoints An All-India Body

SECUNDERABAD, Aug. 1, (U.P.I.):— An All-India Agricultural Labour Enquiry Committee, first of its kind in the whole of Asia, has been appointed by the Government of India, in consultation with the States and Provincial Labour Ministers, to collect reliable data of agricultural workers in respect of their wages and earnings as well as their general conditions, with a view to implement the Minimum Wages Act, 1949, throughout the country, said Mr. Sadashiva Prasad, Deputy Secretary, Labour Ministry, Government of India, at a press conference this evening.

Mr. Prasad came to Hyderabad to discuss the scheme in detail with the State Government. The State has decided to take up the enquiry immediately in 100 villages in the state and necessary staff has been appointed.

Mr. Sadashiva Prasad said that the Committee would conduct the "sample" enquiry in 2,000 villages all over the country. The country will be divided into 20 units and enquiry in each unit would be conducted by a small staff of a supervisor, four investigators and eight deputy investigators. A questionnaire had also been issued throughout the country inviting suggestions and other information which would help them in their task, he added.

He expressed the concern of the Government of India in respect of agricultural labour and hoped that the Minimum Wages Act would be implemented by 15th March 1951, which had been set as the time limit.

LAHORE, Aug. 1 (UPI): Despite recent happenings in West Punjab, Sir Francis Mudie, retiring Governor of West Punjab, was accorded a rousing send-off at the Lahore railway station this morning.

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The Bombay Chronicle

Regd. No. B. 1065

REDS SWITCH ON NEW PHASE IN CHINA

Two Southern Provinces Seriously Threatened

CANTON, August 2, (PTI-Reuter): HIGHLIGHTING their thrust across China's 'Rice Bowl' province, Hunan, spearheads of Communist Army units were today fast approaching the borders of the two great Nationalist-held southern provinces Kwantung and Kwangsi.

Meanwhile, fighting was raging at Suichuan, little more than 300 miles from Canton.

A Nationalist Government spokesman said a second front might open at any time in a number of places. He declined to enlarge upon this remark.

OBJECTIVES

Press reports here said Communists were pushing east from Lienhwa not far from the strategic rail and road junction of Hengyang, towards the highway town of Yungsin, near the Kiangsi border and close to both Kwangtung and Kwangsi.

Military observers said it was now possible the Communists would soon enter all three provinces opening a new phase of the civil war drama.

Objectives would probably be the Nationalist capital, Canton and the Kwangsi Capital, Kweilin, home of the acting President Li Tsung Jen and his close supporter, General Pai Chung Hsi, who is leading the Nationlist Forces.

The Acting President was reported to have called last night a conference of top-ranking military commanders to discuss the military situation. Decisions reached were not disclosed.

By-passed Changsha was today in radio telephone contact with Canton but was expected to be cut off in the near future.

Nationalist forces have withdrawn from Taoyuan on the Tungting lake front, north-west of Changsha.

"Communist elements were said to be in control of Chuchow, an important rail junction south of Changsha.

CHARGE ON 'AMETHYST'

HONG KONG Peiping Communist Radio, in its first news tonight of the escape of the British sloop "Amethyst" alleged that the ship sanka Chinese passenger vessel and drowned hundreds of passengers in its dash down the Yangtse.

U. S. ENVOY RETURNING

OKINAWA J Leighton Stuart American Ambassador to China, who had been a virtual Communist prisoner in Nanking, arrived here by plane today with a small group of Embassy officials en route to the United States reports the U P A.

Stuart and his party are the first foreign diplomats to leave the former Chinese capital since capture by the Communists last April.

'RED' CHINA'S TRADE PACT WITH SOVIET

SAN FRANCISCO, August 1, (PTI-Reuter) Communist Peiping Radio said tonight that a one-year trade agreement has been reached between the Communist Government of China and the Soviet Union, following talks in Moscow. Communist China would receive industrial equipment, oil, motor vehicles, piece goods, paper, and medical supplies and instruments in exchange for soya beans, vegetable oil, maize and rice the broadcast said.

ATTLEE AND CRIPPS PROGRESSING

LONDON, August 2, (UPA). Prime Minister Clement Attlee, who was taken ill on Monday with a bad chill, is "progressing satisfactorily" an official at No 10 Downing Street said today.

Attlee is staying at Chequers, his country residence and is expected to return to London within a day or two. The official said the Prime Minister is continuing his work at home.

ZURICH The British Chancellor of the Exchequer, Sir Stafford Cripps's health "shows constant improvement" the Bircher Benner Clinic said today (reports Reuter). The Chancellor plans to stay in the nursing clinic until August 23.

KOLHAPUR, August 2 (PTI): Mr K P. Mathrani, Special Officer, States' Finance, Government of India, will arrive here on August 6 to enquire into the financial implications of the integration of Kolhapur with Bombay, it is learnt.

The main questions to be tackled by Mr Mathrani will include financial liabilities on account of merger and absorption of States' staff in the provincial service.

FULL HARMONY IN INDONESIA

Republican Flag For New State

BATAVIA, Aug. 2 (U.P.A.): A packed gallery of cheering Indonesians heard Federal and Republican leaders announce at the close of the second Inter-Regional Conference that complete harmony had been reached on the formation of the future independent state.

Anak Agung, Prime Minister of the State of East Indonesia, read a 13-page statement containing 18 key points on which the Republicans and Federalists had agreed the past 11 days. The Republican red and white flag, it was announced, will be adopted by the new "United States of Indonesia".

At a formal public session (adds PTI-Reuter), General Mohamad Hatta, Prime Minister of the Indonesian Republic, and Sultan Hamid, President of West Borneo, spoke of the spirit of unity which Republicans and Federalists had discovered during the conference.

General Hatta said he was confident this spirit would grow and that the conference would reach a successful conclusion.

Sultan Hamid said the Federalists feeling of reserve towards Republicans was dispelled at the first session of the conference in Jogjakarta.

INFORMATION CONFERENCE

The Pakistan delegation to Inter-Dominion Information Consultative Committee Session on arrival at Palam Aerodrome on July 31. Dr. I. H. Qureshi, Deputy Minister, I & B, Government of Pakistan (Leader) appears fourth from left.

NO FREE RATIONS TO REFUGEES

Rajasthan Decision

JAIPUR, August 2 (PTI): The Rajasthan Government stopped from yesterday free rations to refugees in the Union. Advance rations for August at the rate of Rs. 13 per capita or in kind wherever stocks are in hands has already been given.

The work of rehabilitating the refugees has been accelerated and the Government is providing facilities to advance loans for agricultural, industrial and commercial purposes.

The Government of India have sanctioned rupees one crore for distribution of such loans in the Rajasthan Union.

The Rajasthan has set up a committee to organise rehabilitation work and effect proper disbursement of the loans.

In Rajasthan there are three lakhs refugees spread over in eleven camps.

Kher's Advice And Lime Juice End Teacher's Fast

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

Mr. B. D. Padwal, a secondary school teacher who had been on fast for the last 19 days to secure the demands of the Bombay North and Secondary School Teachers' Association, broke the fast this evening at eight.

Mr. Padwal did this on an assurance from Premier Kher to look into the affairs of the Indian Education Society, from which institution Mr. Padwal had been dismissed. Mr. Kher, however, expressed his disapproval of the method employed by Mr. Padwal as a form of "coercion".

The teacher broke the fast with half a glass of lime juice.

ADVERTISEMENT TAX ISSUE

Subject Left To Provinces

MADRAS, Aug. 2, (P.T.I): The Drafting Committee of the Constituent Assembly and the Provincial Finance Ministers at their meeting last week in Delhi discussed among other matters the question whether the advertisement tax should be allowed to remain within the ambit of provincial taxation or taken over by the Centre.

Disclosing this today, Mr. B. Gopala Reddi, Finance Minister of Madras who attended the meeting said that Mr. K. M. Munshi, Member of the Drafting Committee pleaded for including the advertisement tax within the concurrent list. It was ultimately decided that the tax should be allowed to remain in the provincial list for the present.

In regard to the Madras Advertisement Tax Bill the Minister said that a meeting of the Select Committee on the Bill would be convened shortly. He expected the Bill as reported by the Select Committee to be introduced in the October session of the Provincial Assembly.

SCOPE FOR WOMEN AS "VETS"

Dr. Das Gupta's Address At City College

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

Presiding over the sixty-third anniversary meeting of the Bombay Veterinary College to-day, Dr. B. C. Das Gupta, Health Officer of the Bombay Municipality advised veterinary students to make a conscientious effort to further veterinary science in the country. He added that though this profession had been neglected in the past the advent of independence offered great scope for the advancement of veterinary science, especially as it was closely linked with the agricultural and farm life of the country.

Veterinarians could play a great part in the preservation of cattle life and the prevention of diseases, the speaker continued. He advised students to devote greater attention to the question of nutrition upon which the health of both human beings and cattle depended.

Concluding his address, Dr. Das Gupta made a plea for the enrolment of women in the profession, pointing out that there was vast scope for women on the research side of the profession.

ARMS, BUT NO AIMS OF AGGRESSION

WASHINGTON, Aug. 2, (U.P.A.): The United States today rejected "as utterly without foundation" the official Soviet claims that the North Atlantic Treaty has aggressive aims and that it violates Italy's peace treaty.

Secretary of State Dean Acheson rejected the twin Soviet charges in a note delivered to Soviet Ambassador Alexander Panyushkin at 11 a.m. This was in reply to a Soviet note received several weeks ago.

Self-Torture Prohibited In Salem

SALEM, August 1, (P.T.I.): The sub-divisional first class magistrate has issued an order under Section 144 Cr. P. P. C. directing the public of Salem, Pujaris and trustees of the Mariamman temple in Salem to abstain from allowing practices like hook-swinging, hook-dragging, piercing and other acts of self-torture during the ensuing Mariamman festival. The order applies to the limits of Salem municipality and a radius of five miles around it.

The order said that such acts are "likely to cause annoyance to the public and danger to human life, health and safety and are also likely to cause breach of the peace and disturbance of public tranquillity." The order remains in force for 15 days.

The Mariamman festival dedicated to the Hindu goddess Mariamman is an annual festival here for which Hindus from all over the district congregate.

I. L. O. Body To Meet In Mysore

AHMEDABAD, August 2 (PTI): The Governing Body of the International Labour Organisation will meet in Mysore by the end of this year, immediately followed by a session of the Asiatic Regional Conference in Ceylon, according to Mr. S. P. Dave, Adviser to the Indian Workers' Delegates to the I.L.O. Conference recently held in Geneva.

INDO-U. S. TREATY TALKS PROCEEDING

Mrs. Vijayalakshmi's Statement

NEW YORK, Aug. 2 (U.P.A.). MRS. VIJAYALAKSHMI PANDIT, India's Ambassador to the United States, said that a treaty of friendship and navigation is being negotiated in order to help Indian businessmen overcome difficulties attendant to trading with the United States.

Mrs. Pandit made the statement during a press conference saying, "There has been some talk about this problem recently and it is still under negotiation."

Madame Pandit received the press upon her return from a two weeks trip to California where some 2,000 Indians reside.

She took time out to say, "I would like to emphasise that I want to deny the report which said the ambassador's main job was to negotiate a 1,000,000,000 dollar loan."

Mrs. Pandit then distributed a clipping of a news agency report with a Los Angeles dateline.

Mrs. Pandit emphasized that she was touched by the warm reception she received everywhere she went during her talks to students and members of the Indian community at various cities she visited.

The highlight of her trip was in Hollywood where she presented an award to Dr. Ralph Bunche, former Palestine mediator on behalf of the National Association for the Advancement of Coloured People.

Mrs. Pandit said that her trip served indirectly to create an understanding which would "bring some response." She made this remark in connection with the discussion on future U. S. investments in India.

FRONTIER PREMIER'S SABRE RATTLING

"Fair Plebiscite In Kashmir Or Arms....."

PESHAWAR, August 1, (UPI):— The Frontier Premier, Khan Abdul Qayum Khan, while addressing a huge public meeting at Rustom in Mardan district yesterday said that the Frontier people were determined to settle the Kashmir issue with a just and fair plebiscite, or failing which, with force of arms, if necessary.

About Afghan Government's anti-Pakistan outlook, the Premier said it was due to fear complex of the ruling family which considered its position precarious in view of the popular wishes for democratic institutions which got impetus with the establishment of Pakistan democracy. He foresaw the time when democratic system of Government would be instituted there and the people of Pakistan and Afghanistan would become one.

The industrial trust fund which was established by the Hyderabad Government almost 20 years ago with a corpus of Rs 100 lakhs has now a corpus of Rs. 445.71 lakhs, it was officially stated today.

New Denomination In Savings Certificates

NEW DELHI, Aug. 2, (U.P.I.): A new denomination (Rs. 50) has been introduced in the five and seven years' series of National Savings Certificates. This will bring these series more into line with the 12-year certificates in which the denomination of Rs. 50 already exists. A Gazette Notification to this effect has already been issued.

As they now stand, National Savings Certificates comprise the following denominations: series 5 and 7 years:

Denominations: Rs. 5, 10, 50, 100, 1,000 and 5,000.

Twelve years series: Denominations: Rs. 5, 10, 50, 100, 500, 1,000 and 5,000.

CLASH IN SUKKUR

9 Killed, 28 Injured

KARACHI, Aug. 2 (PTI-Reuter).— Nine persons were killed and twenty-eight injured in the clash which occurred in Sukkur on Sunday evening, it was officially stated today.

A Sind Government communique issued this evening said: "The situation is now under control. No untoward incident has been reported since Monday afternoon."

MIXED GRILL

By Grumbler

Bombay's footpaths are the greatest political forum. Trying to pick my slippery way along a rain-drenched footpath, I listened to the disputation of a group of city folk jostling along to their office.

"Do not drink, do not smoke, do not play Rummy", their refrain went, with a lot of other somewhat unprintable "Do nots".

Ruminating on the criticism of Government, implied in this footpath wisdom, I reached my office. When I made my report, the editor asked me: "Are you for or against Rummy?"

Being a primitive reporter I asked back: "What is Rummy?"

The editor is expected to be omniscient. He explained how Rummy is played. I realised that this was the same game (with minor alterations) which I play with my children every Sunday. As I sit after a heavy breakfast, waiting for lunch and lazily scanning the day's paper, my eight-year old asks me if we can have "the programme." If I nod assent, a crumpled pack of cards is shuffled and the wife and daughter join. If the 'picks' sort themselves out quickly and in favour of the young chap, the game goes a whole round. Otherwise it is broken up half way through. He cannot stick for the right cards to take their own time to turn up.

Was I then doing something unlawful every Sunday morning?" The editor called my doubt "silly". "Who has banned the playing of rummy?" he asked. It is only the playing for stakes that is banned", he explained. Why then are all the footpath politicians, who can never visit a club, much less play Rummy for stakes, so excited about it?

It is the same with smoking. Nobody has banned smoking in homes, offices, clubs, streets, or even in trams and trains and other crowded public places—although smoking in trains, trams and buses ought to be banned. The freedom of any man to smoke at his will is not taken away. All that is done is that the freedom of the man who does not like to have smoke blown into his face and nostrils, and does not wish to be choked in stuffy cinema houses, is protected.

Here, it seems to me, is a clear case of the failure of the vast propaganda machine of the Government and the success of the ingenuity of anti-Government propagandists. Why does Government wait every time for the other side to start the offensive and then come out with something lame and apologetic?

If it is true, as has been hinted, that what goes on in the fashionable clubs is indistinguishable from common gaming for which many poor persons are prosecuted, why did not the Government book the guilty, instead of whispering soft warnings which enabled the interested parties to work up a storm.

This Rummy scandal is a rummy business, it seems to me. Instead of getting a straight verdict in an open court, why did the Government go out of its way to stir up this hornet's nest around its own ears?

WHAT IS IT AFRAID OF? AM ONLY ASKING.

MOCK PARLIAMENT IN KANPUR

KANPUR, August 2 (PTI): Young citizens of Kanpur have formed Mock Parliament to impart education in democratic methods of governme. The Parliament includes members of various political parties in India.

The Parliament is to hold its first sitting on August 8. The subject for discussion will be the lifting of ban on the R.S.S.

Pakistani Spy Arrested

BANARAS, August 2 (P.T.I.): One person suspected to be a Pakistani spy was arrested yesterday morning at Moghalsarai station.

A ticket inspector found him travelling without ticket and some letters addressed to persons in Lahore and Dacca, it is alleged, were recovered from his possession.

CALCUTTA, Aug. 1 (UPI): The West Bengal Government have declared forfeited under the security ordinance, all copies of the Bengali booklet "Jaij Bandhi Hatyaratisodh Chair?" (the murder of the prisoners of the jail must be avenged), printed and published at Barisal, East Pakistan.

New Chemical Warfare Horror: Hormones

SYDNEY, August 2 (PTI-Reuter).

PROFESSOR Marcus Oliphant, British Atom expert, today spoke of a new kind of chemical warfare, the spreading of hormones, or growth substances, which could give out death-dealing gases and cause "most horrible distortions in plants, animals and mankind."

He told a meeting of the World Movement for Federal Government that scientists could see mastery of nature was leading to this type of warfare.

It would be "criminal folly" which no thinking man could possibly view with equanimity, Prof. Oliphant said.

Man who knew the effects of modern warfare would enter into war with feeling of depression and a full understanding of what it meant —"the wiping out of practically everything mankind now cherishes."

He suggested the solution to world peace lay in replacement of the United Nations organisation by some form of supra-national Government elected by the ordinary men and women of the world.

Scientists could see where the mastery of nature was leading. But they did not make the weapons for destruction of man.

"It is the militarists and politicians in ruthlessly aggressive countries which look only to world domination," he declared.

Rajaji's Engagements In Bombay

NEW DELHI Aug. 2, (P.T.I.): During his forthcoming visit to Bombay from August 7 to 10, the Governor-General's engagements, it is understood, will include, besides the opening of the Bharatiya Vidya Bhavan at Chowpatty, laying the foundation stone of the Ulhasnagar, the new township at Kalyan, and visits to the Government milk colony at Aarey Road, the physiotherapic clinic, Siddharth College, Hansaraj Morarji Public School and Vidya Bhavan's colleges at Andheri.

Research In Ayurveda

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

The Committee appointed by the Government of Bombay to consider the question of research in Avurvedic medicine has sent a questionnaire to a number of Vaids, Hakims, physicians, research-scholars and heads of various institutes to ascertain their views on the problem. The Committee will consider all the replies to the questionnaire received by it by August 15, 1949.

INDIAN DELEGATION TO U. N.

Jam Saheb Included

NEW DELHI, August 2 (PTI): Sir B. N. Rau, India's permanent delegate to the United Nations General Assembly, will lead the Indian delegation to the forthcoming session at Lake Success meeting on September 19, it is understood. The Jam Saheb of Nawanagar, Mr. B. Shivarao, Mrs. Sucheta Kripalani and Father J. D'Souza are likely to be included in the delegation.

The subjects that are likely to come up before the Assembly in which India is interested, include, among others, the South African racial dispute, report of the Trusteeship Council on self-governing countries, technical assistance for undeveloped areas, the future of former Italian colonies, the Indonesian question and election to the Trusteeship and Security Councils.

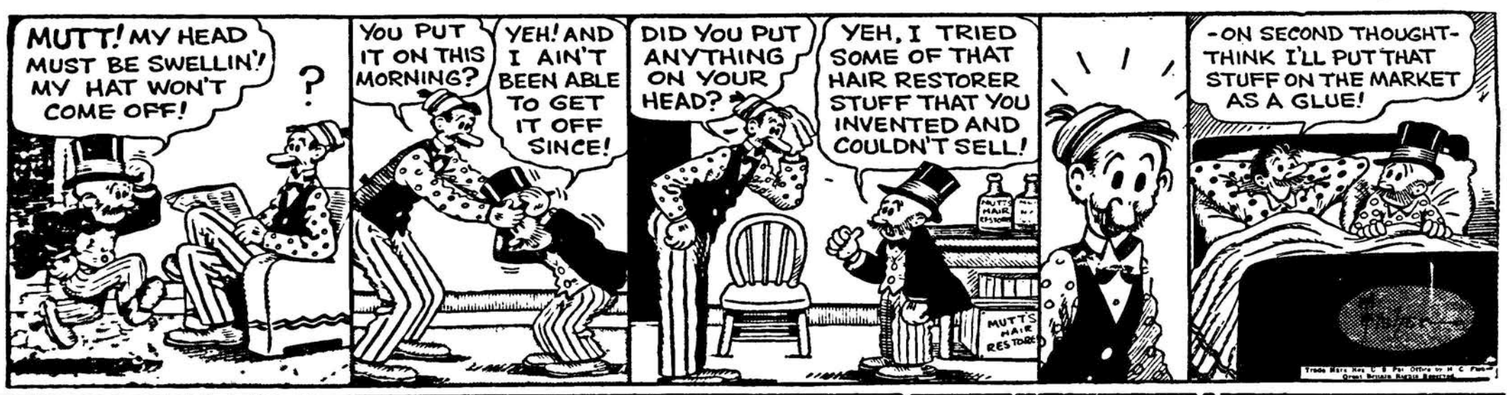
18 Months' R. I. For Forgery

MADRAS, August 2, (PTI): Two persons who attempted to cheat the authorities by forging Burma re-entry forms, were each sentenced to 18 months' rigorous imprisonment by the Madras High Court yesterday.

Velayudhan and Ramaswami Thevar were charged with being in possession of a counterfeit rubber seal bearing the impression of the Office of the Controller of Emigration, Burma, a block for printing the front portion of re-entry forms and some forged re-entry forms. According to the prosecution story the accused placed an order for bringing 500 copies of such re-entry forms. The accused pleaded "not guilty".

The Judge observed the offence was of a grave nature and that the accused deserved a deterrent sentence.

MUTT AND JEFF—Listen Boys And Gals Don't Sell Glue Short — By BUD FISHER


MUTT! MY HEAD MUST BE SWELLIN'! MY HAT WON'T COME OFF!
?
YOU PUT IT ON THIS MORNING?
YEH! AND I AIN'T BEEN ABLE TO GET IT OFF SINCE!
DID YOU PUT ANYTHING ON YOUR HEAD?
YEH, I TRIED SOME OF THAT HAIR RESTORER STUFF THAT YOU INVENTED AND COULDN'T SELL!
MUTT'S HAIR RESTORER
-ON SECOND THOUGHT- THINK I'LL PUT THAT STUFF ON THE MARKET AS A GLUE!

Dismissal Of Bank Employees Without Tribunal's Approval

GOVERNMENT'S STERN WARNING

NEW DELHI, August 2, (P.T.I.): The Government of India have warned all banks who have disputes with their employees pending before the Industrial Tribunals that no Employee should be rischarged or dismissed without the Tribunal's approval, it is officially stated today.

Certain instances of discharge and dismissal of staff contrary to the provisions of Section 33 of the Industrial Disputes Art, 1947, have been brought to the notice of Government. A press note issued by the Minister of Labour today hoped that such breaches would not recur. Otherwise, the Government would be compelled to take penal action under the provisions of the Industrial Disputes Act, the press note said.

The tribunal which was constituted by the Central Government for the adjudication of disputes between certain banks and their employees will hold a session at Lucknow within a week to consider the disputes between the banks and their employees in their branches in the United Provinces.

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